

ಜಿಲ್ಲಾಧಿಕಾರಿಗಳ ಕಾರ್ಯಾಲಯ, ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರ ಜಿಲ್ಲೆ, ಚಾಮರಾಜನಗರ

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No. Dist. admn/DEP/Ch-Nagar/2020-21

Date: 23/06/2021

To,

The Member Secretary Central Pollution Control Board Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi – 110 032

Sir,

Sub: Preparation/implementation of District Environment Plan as per order dated 29/01/2021 passed by Hon'ble Green Tribunal in the matter of O.A. 360/2018-reg.

Ref: CPCB letter No. B-31011/BMW (42.55)/2021/WMD-1 dated: 17/05/2021.

With reference to above the revised District Environmental Plan pertaining to Chamarajanagar District as per the new template is prepared based on the information/Data submitted by concerned departments is enclosed for further needful.

Chamarajanagar Dist., Chamarajanagar Mg Deputy Commissioner Chamarajanagar Dist Chamarajanagar

DISTRICT ENVIRONMENTAL PLAN FOR CHAMARAJANAGAR DISTRICT

KARNATAKA STATE





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District Profile

Chamarajanagar is the southernmost District in the state of Karnataka. Chamarajanagar was named after Chamaraja Wodeyar, the Wodeyar king of Mysore who was born here. The Vijaya Parsvanath Basadi, a holy Jain shrine was constructed by Punisadanda nayaka, the commander of the Hoysala king Gangaraja in the year 1117 AD. Chamarajanagar has been carved out from the Mysore District in the year 1997. Hanur taluk was formed during the year 2018. At present District comprises of 5 taluks namely Chamarajanagar, Kollegal, Yelandur, Gundlupet & Hanur taluk. It is the third least populous District in Karnataka, after Kodagu and Bengaluru Rural. Chamarajanagar District borders the state of Tamil Nadu and Kerala. Most part of the District lies in the leeward region of the Nilgiris and consists of mainly semi- arid rain-dependent flatlands along with forested hills.

The Chamarajangar District is situated in the southern part of the Deccan Peninsula and Southern most of Karnataka State. Physiographically, the region is classified as partly maidan and partly semimalnad. The District has an area of 5648.00 sq.kms. It is bounded by Mysore, Mandya and Ramanagar on north on south by Kannanore District of Kerala State, Udhaka Mandalam (Nilgiri) District on the east by Salem and Coimbatore Districts of Tamilnadu State. The latitude lies between $11^{\circ}40'$ to $12^{\circ}48'$ and longitude between $74^{\circ}52'$ to $76^{\circ}07'$. The elevation/Latitude is 736 mts above sea level.

The District has a geographical area of 569901 hectares with a forest cover of 275610 hectares with rich forest products like sandal wood and wild animals. The District has a forest cover of half of total area. Temperature being 32 ° C (Max.) and 10 ° C (Min.), Average Rainfall is 951 mm and Major River being Cauvery and Suvarnavati.

The District may be classified as partly Maidan and general tableland with plain, undulating and mountainous. The southern and eastern Ghats in the District converge into group of hills. The landmass of the area forms an undulating tableland and lofty mountain ranges covered with vast forests. Master slope runs from south to north towards Cauvery River. The eastern and southern portions of Kollegal and Hanuru taluk forms continuous lofty hills such as M.M. hills with an elevation of 976m amsl having 77 hill ranges such as Anemale, Kadumale, Jenumale, etc., Doddasampigae is another hill range runs north to south for 6 kms in Kollegal 9 taluk. Biligiriranganabetta in Yalandur taluk, Gopalaswamy hills in Gundlupet also forms the hill ranges in the District. Dense forest covered in the southern and south-western taluks, viz, Kollegal, Yalandur, C.R.Nagar and Gundlupet.

There are four notified eco sensitive zones in the District viz., Cauvery wildlife sanctuary, Bandipur national park, Biligiri Ranganathaswamy Tiger (BRT) Reserve and Male Mahadeshwara sanctuary.

a. District Administrative Set-up



The District comprises of five taluks namely Chamarajanagar, Gundlupet, Kollegal and Yelandur taluk is the smallest with total geographical area of 266.34 sq.kms. The District is having one revenue subdivision and the District headquarters at Chamarajanagar.

The Deputy Commissioner is head of the District administration. The Collectorate consists of various branches headed by Tahasildars, Shirshtedars or Managers who are responsible for supervision, guidance and overall management of work in their branch. Every branch consists of First Division Assistants and Second Division Assistants among whom all work of the branch is divided. There are various officials both at the District level and at the taluk levels to assist the Deputy Commissioner. They include the Assistant Commissioner's (Sub-Divisional Magistrate), Tahsildars, Shirstedars, Revenue Inspectors and Village Accountants.

b. Local institutions

The Zilla Panchayat, Chamarajanagar, came into existence on March 1997, for decentralized planning and programme implementation at the grass root level. It was then called as Zilla Parishad, subsequently changed to Zilla Panchayat during 1995. As per the Karnataka Panchayat Raj Act, District has Zilla Panchayats, 5 Taluk Panchayats, 130 Grama Panchayats at District, with 509 villages with total population of 1020791 as per census 2011 in the District.

c. Natural Resources

Water bodies

River Cauvery flows through Kollegal taluk in the north-west. Gaganachukki and Bharachukkhi waterfalls lie to the north-west of the District. River palar flows to the south-east of the District. River Suvarnavathi which flows in Chamarajanagar and Yelandur taluks in the west joins River Cauvery. The Gundlu hole river flows from the eastern side of BR hills through the gorges and valleys formed by BR Hills and MM Hills. Guliyuvanooru halla and Mayalakkiyuru halla are two small halla that joins River Cauvery. Maydhagunooru halla joins River Palar

Availability of water resources

The District falls in Cauvery river basin. There are no major rivers flowing in the District, however Cauvery the perennial river flows along the border of Kollegal taluk of Chamarajanagar District with its tributaries like Suvarnavathy and Chikkahole. Suvarnavathy rises near Gajjalahalli south eastern portion of Chamarajanagar and flows in the depression along the center of Chamarajanagar taluk with a north-south disposition in a northerly direction through Chamarajanagar and Yalandur taluks and joins the river Cauvery at Hampapura in Kollegal taluk. It has a catchment area of 1787 sq.km. with total course of about 88kms. in the District. The stream flows in rainy season only, runoff up to Umbale and influent to the rest of its course. Chikkahole is the tributary of Suvarnavathy, rises at Hasanurghat range to the south of Chamarajanagar flows in northerly direction. A dam is constructed across this tributary about 12kms. away from Chamarajanagar. Suvarnavathy also dammed at Atgulipura in Chamarajanagar taluk. Besides this Gundal, Thattaihalla, Uduthore halla and Palar are the tributaries of Cauvery river drains parts of Kollegal taluk. The area is characterized by sub-dendritic to sub-parallel drainage pattern. The drainage density of the area varies from 0.25 to 3.58 km/km2. The density decreases towards Suvarnavathy river.

Forest coverage

Chamarajanagar circle comprises one Tiger Reserve, namely, Biligiri Rangaswamy Temple Tiger Reserve, and two Wildlife divisions, namely, Cauvery Wildlife division and Male Mahadeshwara Hills (MM Hills) Wildlife division. There is one social forestry division, namely, Chamarajanagar SF division. BRT Tiger Reserve and MM Hills WLS are wholly situated in Chamarajanagar District. Cauvery WLS is situated partly in Chamarajanagar District, and partly in Mandya and Ramanagara Districts. Most of the forest areas of the circle are wildlife areas, harbouring predominantly dry deciduous forest with scrub forest in the fringes. There are patches of moist deciduous, semi-evergreen, evergreen and shola forests in the higher reaches of BRT and MM Hills.

The District has a forest cover of 275610 hectares with rich forest products like sandal wood and wild animals. The District has a forest cover of half of total area.

There are four notified eco sensitive zones in the District viz., Cauvery wildlife sanctuary, Bandipur national park, Biligiri Ranganathaswamy Tiger (BRT) Reserve and Male Mahadeshwara sanctuary.

SI. No.	Particula	rs	State	District
1	Geographical Area (Sq.Km)		191791	5648
2	Population (2011 census)	Total population	61095297	1020791
		Rural population	37469335	845817
		Urban population	23625962	174974
3	Decadal population growth (2001-2011)	Persons (%)	15.6	5.73
4	Density of population	Persons per sq.Km	319	181
5	Literacy rate	Total Persons (%)	75.36	61.43
		Males (%)	82.47	67.93
		Females (%)	68.08	54.92
6	Sex ratio (No. of females per	Total	973	993
	1000 males)	Rural	979	991
		Urban	963	1003

d. Geography & Demography

e. Land-use patter

SI. No.	Particulars	Statistics
1	Geographical Area (Sq.Km)	5648
2	Area Under Forest (ha)	275610
3	Net Area Sown (ha)	153988
4	Grossed Cropped Area (ha)	193657
5	Area sown more than once	39669
6	Gross irrigated area (ha)	59785
7	Net irrigated area (ha)	44757
8	Percent of total cropped area to net area sown (%)	125.76
9	Percentage of Net area Irrigated to net area sown (%)	29.07

f. Climate

The climate of Chamarajanagar District is quite moderate throughout the year with a fairly hot summer and cold winter. March to May are the summer months. The mean maximum temperature is 34°C and the mean minimum temperature is 16.4°C. Relative humidity ranges from 69 to 85% in the morning and from 21% to 70% in the evening. The wind speed ranges from 8.4 to 14.1 kmph. The potential evapo-transpiration in the District ranges from 106 mm to 165 mm/year. The average annual rainfall of the District (2001-

2010, DES, Govt of Karnataka) is 737mm (Table. 1). The highest rainfall is received in Gundlupet taluk (802 mm) followed by Yalandur (737 mm), Kollegal (712mm) and Chamarajanagar (696mm) taluks. Except Gundlupet taluk, in others the amount of rainfall is more or less similar. About 37% of the annual rainfall is received during the SW monsoon (June – September), 36% during post-monsoon or NE monsoon (October – December) and the remaining 27% during the pre-monsoon (January- May) period. The analysis of rainfall for the above period indicates that though the SW monsoon is more predominant, substantial rainfall is received during the post-monsoon or NE monsoon period. The average annual rainy days are 54 (District at a Glance 2008- 09).Thus, it can be seen that a fairly uniform distribution rainfall during different seasons and good number of rainy days will help the rain fed agriculture in the District.

g. Tourist Places

The main tourist attractions in the District are Biligiriranga Hills, Male Mahadeshwara Hills, Hoganekkal falls and Shivasamudram falls. Bandipur national park and Gopalaswamy Hills in Gundlupet attracts many visitors.

2. Indicate Gaps of Analysis and Action Plans for complying with Waste Management

Rules

(i). Solid Waste Management

(a). Current status related to Solid Waste Management

	Urban Local bodies	No. of Wards	No. of House holds	Population	Solid Waste Generated per day
1	Municipal corporations (Nagar Nigam or Mahanagar Palika)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
2	Municipalities(Nag	City Municipal Council Chamarajanagar– 31	17652	69875	34.05 TPD
	ar Palikasj	Kollegal-31	16383	57149	21 TPD
	Nagar panchayats	Town Municipal Council, Gundlupet-23	6525	28105	10.83 TPD
3	(Town area	Town PanchayathHanur-13	2716	11066	6.0 TPD
	Councils)	Town Panchayath Yelandur–11	2055	8779	3.50 TPD

	Local Bodies	No of Village panchayats / Blocks	No of House holds	Population	Solid Waste Generated per day
1.	Block/Taluk/ Mandal Tehsils				
2.	Village/Gram Panchayats	130	-	845817	169.16 MT

Note:

- The actual quantity of Solid waste generated inVillage/ Grama Panchayats is not available, as such theoretical calculation assuming 200 gms/ head/day.
- Directions will be given to Grama panchayat to quantify the actual solid waste generated in their jurisdiction.

SL.No.	Action points For villages/blocks/to wn municipalities /City corporations		lc	lentification	of gap		Action Plan	Resp onsib le agen cies	Timeline for completi on of action plan
1.	Segregation								
(i)	Segregation of waste at source	Whethe generat	er segregation at sour ors:	ce practiced	by households and	other waste	Action plan to achieve segregation at source. Awareness programs,	ULB's	31-12- 2021
		SL. No	ULB's	No. of wards	No. of wards with 100% Source segregation	Gap Analysis	incentives, etc. may be considered 1. ULB's shall ensure series		
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	31	19	12	programme to promote		
		2	CM Council Kollegal	31	15	16	segregation (ii) insitu		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	23	11	11	composting programme		
		4	TP Hanur	13	03	10	will be conducted in		
		5	TP Yelandur	11	06	05	local languages every		
				109	55	54	day through		
							 announcement regarding segregation of wastes at source. 2. Penalty / Fines shall be imposed to public if the source segregation is not practiced. 		
							3. Monthly once Awards to be given to good house		

	for boot practice in called
	waste management in
	order to promote and
	encourage the public.
	4. Non-collection of un- segregated wastes from households.
	 Promoting in-situ wet waste composting in the rural areas within their premises.
	 Promoting decentralized system of municipal solid waste management in each wards.
	 Segregation at generation source of solid waste in proper color coded bins.
	 Preventing solid waste entering into water bodies – installation of bar mesh in Nallahs & Drains.

2	Sweeping							
(i)	Manual	(i). % or l	ength of road not co	vered for regular	s weeping		Action plan for reducing gapULB's	31-12-2021
	Sweeping	SL. No	ULB's	Total length of the road	length of road covered for regular sweeping	Gap Analysis	 including method cleaning, frequency of sweeping etc., 1. Complete utilization of manpower Shall be made to achieve 100% sweeping. 	
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	207 Km	70.38 Km	136.62 Km	The gap in man power will be covered within timeline of	
		2	CM Council Kollegal	108 Km	74 Km	34 Km	6 months as per existing norms.	
		3	TMC Gundlupet	51 Km	51 Km	0	3. Identification of sweeping	
		4	TP Hanur	32.1 Km	32.1 Km	0	workers and allocation of shifts for road stretches to be	
		5	TP Yelandur	15.28 km	12 Km	3.28 Km	cleaned and to make 100%	
			Total	413.38 KM	239.48 KM	173.9 KM	utilization of both tools and man power to achieve gap in	
		(ii). Gaps	in man power				cleaning. If required ULB's shall outsource the	
		SL.N o	ULB's	Man power Required as per DPR	Available Man power	Gap Analysis	manpower. 4. ULB's shall ensure that all workers Shall be provided	
		1	CM Council Chamarajana gar	154	131	23	with sufficient PPE kits. 5. TP Yelandur is required to prepare DPR within 6 months	
		2	CM Council Kollegal	126	99	27	and approval from competent authority within	
		3	TMC Gundlupet	54	54	Nil	timeline. 6. Regular cleaning of drains	
		4	TP Hanur	23	12	11	and disposal of sludge	
		5	TP Yelandur	DPR is not yet prepared	16	DPR is not yet		

								prepare
		Tatal		257		242		d
		lotal		35/		312		61
(iii).	Gap i	in availability of sw	eeping	tools/eq	Juipme	nt		
(SL. No	ULB's	1	Require availabi of sweer tools/eq ment	ed lity ping juip	Preser of s tools/	nt Ava sweep 'equip	ailable bing oment
	1	CM Council Chamarajanaga	ir c	Brooms, cart, was storage	hand ite bins	Sufficie availab	ent no le	o's are
	2	CM Council Kollegal	1	100%		100%		
	3	TMC Gundlupet	t L k	ong han prooms, push car	idle	Sufficie availab	ent no le	o's are
	4	TP Hanur		ong han prooms,	idle	Sufficie availab	ent no le	's are
	5	TP Yelandur	1			16		
<u>(iv)</u>	. Ava	ilability of suitable	PPEs.					
S	iL. Io	ULB's	Requ Availa of su PP	uired ability itable PEs.	Prese Availa y c suita PP	ntly abilit of ble Es	Gar	o Analysis
1		CM Council Chamarajanagar	Gloves Gumbo mask, a uniforr	, pot, apron, n,	Suffici no's availal	ent ole	As a as requ of th	and when, per the uirement nese items
			Helmet	, t etc.,			imm proc	nediate curement

	1					is being done.			
		2	CM Council Kollegal	100%	100%	-			
		3	TMC Gundlupet	Gumboot, Gloves, Mask & Aprop	Procured as per requirement	-			
		4	TP Hanur	Sufficient no's are available	Sufficient no's are available	-			
		5	TP Yelandur	16	16	-			
(ii)	Mechanical Road	Gaps i Mecha	if any in achieving anical Road Swee	targeted area or l	ength of road id	lentified for	Projected growth/ intended	ULB's	31-3-202
(ii)	Mechanical Road Sweeping& Collection	Gaps i Mecha	if any in achieving anical Road Swee _l urrent Status	targeted area or l ping. Gap Analysis	ength of road id	lentified for	Projected growth/ intended action plan with timelines. DPR shall be prepared to identify	ULB's	31-3-202
(ii)	Mechanical Road Sweeping& Collection	Gaps Mech Mec swee carrie distri swee pract	if any in achieving anical Road Swee urrent Status hanical road eping is not ed out in the ict only manual eping is ticed.	targeted area or l ping. Gap Analysis No Mechanical sweeping facility the district	ength of road id s	lentified for	Projected growth/ intended action plan with timelines. DPR shall be prepared to identify outsource agency to carry out the mechanical road sweeping and waste collection. The same will be implemented as per the DPR and time bound.	ULB's	31-3-202
(ii)	Mechanical Road Sweeping& Collection Waste Collection	Gaps Mech Mec swee carrie distri swee pract	if any in achieving anical Road Swee urrent Status hanical road eping is not ed out in the ict only manual eping is ticed.	targeted area or l ping. Gap Analysis No Mechanical sweeping facility the district	ength of road id	lentified for	Projected growth/ intended action plan with timelines. DPR shall be prepared to identify outsource agency to carry out the mechanical road sweeping and waste collection. The same will be implemented as per the DPR and time bound.	ULB's	31-3-202
(ii) 3 (i)	Mechanical Road Sweeping& Collection Waste Collection 100% collection of solidwaste	Gaps i Mech Mec swee carridistri swee pract	if any in achieving anical Road Swee urrent Status hanical road eping is not ed out in the ict only manual eping is ticed.	targeted area or l ping. Gap Analysis No Mechanical sweeping facility the district	ength of road id	lentified for	Projected growth/ intended action plan with timelines. DPR shall be prepared to identify outsource agency to carry out the mechanical road sweeping and waste collection. The same will be implemented as per the DPR and time bound. Action plan to improve existing collection	ULB's	31-3-202

		SL. No	ULB's	No. of ward s	No. of ward with 1009 collection of solid waste	s Gap % Anal f sis	ly			
		1	CM Council Chamarajanaga r	31	31	Nil	I			
		2	CM Council Kollegal	31	31	Ni	lil			
		3	TMC Gundlupet	23	23	Ni	lil			
		4	TP Hanur	13	13	Ni	lil			
		5	TP Yelandur	11	11	Ni	lil			
			Total	109	109	Ni	lil			
(;;;)	Arrangement for	Arrangeme	ent for door to door u	vovided·	6 of blocks/ward	s covered		If there is gap, action plan for	LILB's	Not
(ii)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangeme SL.N o	ent for door to door p ULB's	No. of war ds	6 of blocks/ward No. of 2 wards ac having v arrange ment for door to door to door collecti on	s covered % (hie Ar ed	Gap nalys is	If there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across The District. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable
(ii)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangeme SL.N o	ent for door to door p ULB's CM Council Chamarajanagar	No. of war ds 31	6 of blocks/ward No. of 9 wards ac having v arrange ment for door to door collecti on 31 10	s covered % C hie Ar ed 0%	Gap nalys is Nil	If there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across The District. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable
(ii)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangeme SL.N o 1 2	ULB's ULB's CM Council Chamarajanagar CM Council Kollegal	No. of war ds 31 31	6 of blocks/ward No. of 9 wards ac having v arrange ment for door to door collecti on 31 10	s covered % C hie Ar ed 0% 00%	Gap nalys is Nil	If there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across The District. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable
(;;;)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangeme SL.N o 1 2 3	CM Council Chamarajanagar CM Council Chamarajanagar CM Council Kollegal TMC Gundlupet	No. of war ds 31 31 23	6 of blocks/ward No. of 9 wards ac having v arrange ment for door to door collecti on 31 10 31 1	s covered % C hie Ar ed 0% 00% 00%	Gap nalys is Nil Nil	If there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across The District. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable
(;;)	Arrangement for door to door collection	Arrangeme SL.N o 1 2 3 4	ULB's ULB's CM Council Chamarajanagar CM Council Kollegal TMC Gundlupet TP Hanur	No. of war ds 31 31 23 13	6 of blocks/wardNo. of wards3having arrange ment for door to door collecti on103110311231131	s covered % C hie Ar ed 0% 00% 00% 00% 00%	Gap nalys is Nil Nil Nil	If there is gap, action plan for door to door collection across The District. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable

		· · ·			1			1	1	
			Total	109	109	100%	Nil			
(iii)	Waste Collection trolleys with	Check	k availability and adequa	cy and if it	needs Up	gradation.		Action plan for procurement if required.	ULB's	31-3-2022
	separate compartments	SL. No	ULB's	R	Nos. equired	Nos. available	Gap Analysi s	DPR shall be prepared for centralized tendering to		
		1	CM Council, Chamarajanagar		29	15	14	purchase equipments necessary for solid waste		
		2	CM Council Kollegal		5	3	2	management in the District.		
		3	TMC Gundlupet		16	5	11	The same will be		
		4	TP Hanur		16	5	11	implemented as per the DPR		
		5	TP Yelandur		18	10	8	and time bound.		
			Total		84	38	46			
(10)	Mini Collection Trucks with	cilcer					Car	if required]		51 5 2022
	separate	SL.	ULB's		required	available	Gap	DDD shall be propared for		
	compartments	1	CM Council Chamarajanagar		21	21	0	centralized tendering to purchase equipments		
		2	CM Council Kollegal		12	06	06	necessary for solid waste		
		3	TMC Gundlupet		10	10	0	management in the District.		
		4	TP Hanur		3	3	0	The same will be		
		5	TP Yelandur		4	2	2	implemented as per the DPR		
			Total		50	42	8	and time bound		
(v)	Waste Deposition centres	Num! arran	ber of deposition centres gement.	required a	and no's av	vailable Or An	y alternate	1. ULB's will identify and establish the waste	ULB's	31-3-2022
	(for domestic hazardous							deposition centers in its jurisdiction in each taluk for collection of		

	1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	1	1		
		1 CM Council Chamarajanagar			Collected in Dry waste collection centres	scientific disposal of domestic hazardous Wastes.
	2	CM Council Kollegal	1	1	1	3. Records on collection and disposal of domestic bazardous
	3	TMC Gundlupet	1	1	1	Wastes shall be
	4	TP Hanur	1	0	1	maintained and shall be
	5	TP Yelandur	1	1	1	submit to KSPCB
		Total	5	4	5	regularly.
	Current St 1. All ULB (for domes waste in D 2. ULB's h domestic	t atus: s at present is not h stic hazardous waste Decentralized Dry was have not made any hazardous waste	aving any spe s) but they ar te collection c agreement v	Deposition centres segregation of dry ir jurisdiction. r final disposal of		
Wasta Transna	*					

(i)	Review existing infrastructure for waste	[Check waste t	(i) whether existing f ransport possible et	fleet is ade c.]	quate (ii)che	ck whethe	r segregated	Action plan for short- comings identified.	ULB's	31-3-2022
	Transport.	SL.N o	ULB's	Require d	availab	le	Gap Analysis	DPR shall be prepared for centralized tendering to purchase equipments		
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	21	21	1	0	necessary for solid waste management in the District.		
		2	CM Council Kollegal	3	2		1	The same will be implemented as per the DPR		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	10	10)	0	and time bound.		
		4	TP Hanur	3	3		0			
		5	TP Yelandur	2	2		0			
			Total	39	38	3	1			
2(ii)	Bulk Waste Trucks	[check	adequacy]					[action plan for procurement in required]	ULB's	31-3-2022
	TTUCKS	SL.N o	ULB's	Requ ired	available	Gap Analysis	Remarks	DPR shall be prepared for	-	
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	1	1	0		centralized tendering to purchase equipments necessary	n r	
		2	CM Council Kollegal	1	0	1	Tender under process	for solid waste management ir the District. The same will be		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	1	1	0		implemented as per the DPR and		
		4	TP Hanur	1	0	1		time bound.		
		5	TP Yelandur	1	0	1				
			Total	5	2	3				
(iii)	Waste Transfer points [check whether av There are no Wast are directly transpondent waste management		whether available/a are no Waste Transfe ectly transporting the nanagement facility.	/adequacy] sfer points established by ULB's in the District as they the collected solid waste from the towns to the Solid				Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicabl

5	Waste Treatment and Disposal								
(i)	Wet-waste	Whe	ther number of bulk	waste generato	rs identified for insta	allation	Action for getting on site	ULB's	31-3-2022
	Management: On-site composting by	SL. No	ULB's	No.of Bulk waste generators	Status of onsite composting done	Gap Analysis	composting plants commissioned.		
	bulk waste generators(Auth	1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	16	0	16	 Bulk waste generators in the district shall be identified. 		
	decide on	2	CM Council Kollegal	14	0	14	2. ULB's shall ensure that all		
	requirement as	3	TMC Gundlupet	4	0	4	the bulk waste generators		
	per Rules)	4	TP Hanur	4	0	4	In their jurisdiction shall		
		5	TP Yelandur	1	0	1	install onsite organic waste		
			Total	39	0	39	composter within their		
		At p gene	resent the ULBs ar	e collecting the	e wet waste genera	ited from bulk	 a. The Ulbs shall ensured that the compost generated shall be utilized within their premises for gardening purpose. 		
							4. Notices shall be issued by ULBs to Bulk waste generators informing to adopt the onsite composting system and utilize the same for gardening purpose. Ensure that no wet waste is dumped outside the premises.		

Initial frequencies Management: Facility(ies) for central Biomethanation / Composting of wets waste. Su. ULB's Facility Function Existen along Needs ation Gap upgradation of composting facilities shall be upgradation of composting facility 1 CM 2 2 2 Upgradation of composting facility 1. The existing facilities shall be upgradation of composting facility 2 CM 0 Needs upgradation of composting facility 2. The successful models shall be explored and the suitable model shall be implemented in the District. 3 TMC 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 TP Hanur 2 0 2 0 2 0 0 5 TP Yelandur 0 <th>(ii)</th> <th>Wet-waste</th> <th>Whet</th> <th>her facility exist</th> <th>s/function</th> <th>al/ needs i</th> <th>Ingradation</th> <th>12</th> <th>5. The ULB's shall not collect the wet waste from bulk waste generators after the notice period.</th> <th>I II B's</th> <th>31-3-2022</th>	(ii)	Wet-waste	Whet	her facility exist	s/function	al/ needs i	Ingradation	12	5. The ULB's shall not collect the wet waste from bulk waste generators after the notice period.	I II B's	31-3-2022
/ Composting of wets waste. 1 CM Needs 1 Interesting facilities shall be upgradation of composting facility 2 CM Needs Presson Needs Presson 2 CM Needs Presson Needs Presson 3 TMC Needs Presson Needs Presson 3 TMC Needs Presson Needs Presson 4 TP Hanur Presson Composting facility Needs Needs Needs 5 TP Yelandur 0 0 0 Needs Needs Needs 5 TP Yelandur 0 0 Needs Needs<	(")	Management: Facility(ies) for central Biomethanation	SL. No	ULB's	Facility Existen ce	Functio nal	Needs upgrad ation	Gap	developing / upgradation of bio-methanation or composting facility.		51 5 2022
2 CM Needs Prescription 3 TMC Needs Stable 3 TMC Needs Stable 3 TMC Needs Stable 3 TMC Needs Stable 4 TP Hanur Prescription Needs Stable 2 2 Prescription Stable Stable 4 TP Hanur Prescription Stable Stable 2 0 2 Composing facility Stable 4 TP Hanur Composing facility Stable Stable 5 TP Prescription Stable Stable 5 TP Prescription Stable Processing facility. 7 The successing facility. There is no MSW Site and processing facility. 7 The value O O O Processing facility. 7 The value O O O Processing facility. 7 The value New term Site and processing facility. 8 The val		/ Composting of wets waste.	1	CM Council Chamaraja nagar	2	2	2	Needs upgradation of composting facility	be upgradation for the effective management of wet waste.		
3 TMC Sundlupet 2 2 2 2 Needs upgradation of composting facility 3 The necessary machines/equipments (screening machines, etc.,) shall be purchased and utilized for effective management of solid waste. 4 TP Hanur 2 0 2 Composting is not yet carried out and needs upgradation of the facility. 3 The necessary machines/equipments (screening machines, etc.,) shall be purchased and utilized for effective management of solid waste. 5 TP Yelandur 0 0 0 0 0 A There is no MSW site and processing facility. The waste is processing facility. The waste is processed in CMC Kollegal 4 The utper the treatment plants in solid waste management of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment plants in solid waste			2	CM Council Kollegal	1	1	1	Needs upgradation of composting facility	2. The successful models shall be explored and the suitable model shall be implemented in the		
4TP Hanur20220220232325TPYelandur000000000000112011202220223233415TPYelandur000 <tr< th=""><td></td><td></td><td>3</td><td>TMC Gundlupet</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>2</td><td>Needs upgradation of composting facility</td><td>3. The necessary machines/equipments (screening machines, etc.,)</td><td></td><td></td></tr<>			3	TMC Gundlupet	2	2	2	Needs upgradation of composting facility	3. The necessary machines/equipments (screening machines, etc.,)		
5TP Yelandur0000There is no MSW site and processing facility. The waste is processed in CMC Kollegal4. The Ulbs shall establish leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment			4	TP Hanur	2	0	2	Composting is not yet carried out and needs upgradation of the facility.	shall be purchased and utilized for effective management of solid waste.		
nint			5	TP Yelandur	0	0	0	There is no MSW site and processing facility. The waste is processed in CMC Kollegal	4. The UIDS shall establish leachate treatment plants in solid waste management facilities and ensure the operation and maintenance of leachate treatment		

(iii)	Dry-Waste Management: Material	Whe wast	ther MRF facility exis e to any common MR	ts? / is there RF or	any arrang	ement to s	sending the dry-	Action plan for use of dry segregated waste in MRF operation sent to Waste to	ULB's	31-3-2022
	Recovery for dry-waste fraction	SL.N o	ULB's	Facility Existenc e	Functio nal	Needs upgrad ation	Gap	energy plant or % dry-waste converted as RDF or Need to set-up own Waste to Energy		
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	2	1	2	At present ULB's is having 2 Nos. of Dry Waste collection centre and materials are segregated partially and remaining is dumped in landfill site.	 plant? 1. Authorized recyclers shall be identified for recycling/re-processing of segregated dry waste generated in the District. 2. MOU shall be executed with KSPCB authorized recyclers/ cement industries for co processing. 		
		2	CM Council Kollegal	2	2	2	At present ULB's is having 2 Nos. of Dry Waste collection centre and materials are segregated partially and remaining is dumped in landfill site.	 It shall be ensured that the segregated dry waste shall be channelized to respective recyclers/ utilisers or for cement plants for co processing. 4. 		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	1	1	1	At present ULB's is having 1 Nos. of Dry Waste collection centre and			

							 ·	
						materials are		
						segregated		
						partially and		
						remaining is		
						dumped in		
						landfill site		
	4	TP Hanur				At present		
						ULB's is		
						having 1 Nos.		
						of Dry Waste		
						collection		
			r	2	2	centre and		
			Z	2	Z	materials are		
						segregated		
						partially and		
						remaining is		
						dumped in		
						landfill site		
	5	TP Yelandur				t present		
						ULB's is		
						having 1 Nos.		
						of Dry Waste		
						collection		
						centre and		
						materials are		
			2	2	2	segregated		
						partially and		
						remaining is		
						sent to CMC		
						Kollegala		
						Landfill site		
						for further		
						processing		
l l		Total	9	8	9			

(iv)	Disposal of inert and non- recyclable wastes: Sanitary	Does the a landfill avai with ULBs.	gency still dis lable? / Plan f	posing wast or construct	te in dum ing sanitai	psites? Wh ry landfill o	ether sanitary r arrangement	Action plan (i) to constructULB's31-3-20sanitary land fill If required(ii)Action plan to minimizelandfilling
	Landfill	SL. No	ULB's	No. of existing Dumpsite	Require d Nos. of SLF	Available No. of SLF	Gap Analysis	1. ULB's shall ensure maximum recovery of
		1	CM Council Chamaraja nagar	1 within the sanitary landfill site	1	1	Non- functional	the solid waste in the Material Recovery facilities and channelize the same to respective recyclers or
		2	CM Council Kollegal	1 within the sanitary landfill site	1	1	Non- functional	 the land fillable material quantity. 2. The existing Sanitary landfill shall be made functional
		3	TMC Gundlupet	1	1	0	Need to establish SLF	immediately for disposing the inert and non- recyclable wastes.
		4	TP Hanur	1 within the sanitary landfill site	1	1	Non- functional	 Since TP Yelandur is not having SLF site at present SW generated is managed in the existing SWM site of CMC Kollegal.
		5	TP Yelandur	1	1	0	No. SLF available in Yelandur	
			Total	5	5	3		

(v)	Remediation of historic/ legacy	Whethe	r existing old dumpsi	te if any re	quired remediation a	as per rules?	Action plan for remediation of legacy / historic dumpsite.	ULB's	31-3-2023
	dumpsite	SL. No	ULB's	No. of existi ng old dump site	Total Quantity of legacy waste dumped at dump site in Tonnes	Gap Analysis	1. ULB' shall ensure that the DPR prepared for Legacy waste remediation is in line with the CPCB		
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	1	20332	DPR for legacy waste management prepared but no yet started	 be implemented as per the DPR and time bound. 2. ULB's shall ensure the remediation of legacy 		
		2	CM Council Kollegal	1	20000	DPR for legacy waste management not prepared and not yet started	dumpsite in their jurisdiction within the time limit.		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	1	14725	DPR for legacy waste management no prepared and not yet started			
		4	TP Hanur	1	2000				
		5	TP Yelandur	0	0				
ĺ			Total	3	57 <i>,</i> 057				

(vi)	Involvement of	Whethe	r involvement of NGOs er	nvisaged.			NGOs can be involved for	ULB's	31-3-2022
	NGOs	SL.N	ULB's	Requ	Available	Gap	management of solid waste		
		0		ired		Analysis	Campaign		
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	1	1		1. Identification of NGO's shall be made in the District. The		
		2	CM Council Kollegal	1	0	Need NGO	tie-up shall be made with NGO's to create more and		
		3	TMC Gundlupet	1	0	Need NGO	more mass awareness among the publics in order		
		4	TP Hanur	1	0	Need NGO	to implement the SWM Rules, 2016 in the District.		
		5	TP Yelandur	1	0	Need NGO			
			Total	5	1				
(vii)	EPR of Producers: Linkage with Producers /Brand Owners	As per ru packagir There al jurisdicti	ules, producers and brand ng waste re no producers and brand ion	d-owners sl d owners in	nould facilitate i RO, Chamaraja	n collection of	Action plan for linkage of all producers/brand owners or their PROs for collection of plastic waste. Not Applicable.	Not Applica ble.	Not Applicabl e.
(viii)	Authorization of Waste Pickers	Yes/No No at pres ULB's.	sent the District as not iss	ued author	ization for Wast	e pickers from	 List of authorized waste pickers should be available. 1. Identification of waste pickers in the district shall be made and register with the respective Ulbs. 2. Issuance of ID cards for registered waste pickers 	ULB's	31-3-2022

(ix)Preparation of own by-laws to comply with SWM Rules2016Yes/NoIf not prepared action plan for preparation of by-laws which may be applicable in cantonment Board jurisdiction.ULB'sNo Ap(ix)Yes. DMA has prepared State Level Bye law and the same is revised in 09-10- 2019 and same is implemented in the district.If not prepared action plan for preparation of by-laws which may be applicable in cantonment Board jurisdiction.ULB'sNo Ap	(ix) Preparation of own by-laws to comply with SWM Rules2016	(ix) Pr ov co SV	Yes. DMA has prepared State Level Bye law and the same is revised in 09-10-2019 and same is implemented in the district.	If not prepared action plan for preparation of by-laws which may be applicable in cantonment Board jurisdiction. Not Applicable	ULB's	Not Applicable
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(ii). Plastic Waste Management

(a) Current status related to Plastic Waste Management

	Urban Local bodies	Estimated quantity of Plastic W	aste Generated per day			
1	Municipal corporations(Nagar Nigam or Mahanagar Palika)	Nil				
2	Municipalities(Nagar Palikas)	CMC Chamarajanagar	2.3 TPD			
		CMC Kollegal	1.5 TPD			
3	Nagar panchayats(Town area Councils)	TMC Gundlupet	1.4 TPD			
		TP Hanur	0.67 TPD			
		TP Yelandur	0.35 TPD			
		Total	6.22 TPD			

	Local Bodies	Plastic Waste Generated per day		
1	Block/Taluk/ MandalTehsils	Not Applicable.		
2	Village/GramPanchayats	Details not available		

Note: Inventorisation in Block/Taluk/ Mandal Tehsils/ Village/Grama Panchayats estimation of plastic waste generated per day needs to be carried out by the concerned Local panchayats.

b. Identification of gaps and action plan

S.No.	Action points For village panchayats/block s/municipalities /corporations			Identif	ication			Action plan	Agenci es Respon sible	Target time for Compliance
1.	Door to Door collection of dry waste including	SL. No	ULB's	No. o ward	f 100 s % door to door colle ction	Achi eved	Gap Analysis	Not Applicable	LB's	Not Applicable as already achieved.
		1	CM Council Chamarajanagar	31	31	100%	Nil			
		2	CM Council Kollegal	31	31	100%	Nil			
		3	TMC Gundlupet	23	23	100%	Nil			
		4	TP Hanur	13	13	100%	Nil			
		5	TP Yelandur	11	11	100%	Nil			
			Total	109	109					
2.	Facilitateorganize dcollection of PW at Wastetransferpoi ntorMaterial RecoveryFacility		Present Status At present all ULB' segregating the plastic at Decentralised Dry Collection centres in pourakarmikas and in sectors and NGO's.	s are waste Waste volving formal	Gap Analysis Identification and establishment of plastic waste collection centers at each village panchayat/block/municipality/ Nagarpanchayat.			1.Identificationprominentplacewheremorepublgatheringsarobserved.2.Sufficientnumber ofdustbinsshallbprovidedatthidentifiedprominerplaces.	ofULB's es e of e e nt	31-12-2021

				 Establishment of collection centres for collection of waste from identified prominent places.
				3. The waste from collected centre shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for further processing and recycling.
				 Records shall be maintained in digital as well as in logbook on daily basis. The same needs to be submit to KSPCB regularly.
J.	PW collectionCentres	Present Status At present all ULB's are segregating the plastic waste at Decentralised Dry Waste Collection centres involving pourakarmikas and informal sectors and NGO's.	Gap Analysis Identification and establishment of plastic waste collection centers at each villagepanchayat/block/municipal ity/ Nagar panchayat	1. Establishment of adequate number of Plastic wastened collection centre ivillage the identified pancha places in the yath. District.
		Linkage with KSPCB authorised Plastic waste recyclers is not yet executed by ULB's. There are no producers and brand	Linkage with PW recyclers must be executed by respective ULB's. Inventorisation of plastic waste	2. ULB's shall execute MOU with Plastic recyclers in the adjacent

		owners in the jurisdiction of RO estimation at Each village Chamarajanagar panchayat/block/municipality/ Nagar panchayat	e	district to hand over the plastic waste collected in collection centres		
			3	 ULB's shall explore to utilise plastic waste in road construction consulting the PWD department or in Coordination with State Urban Department. 		
			4	 ULB's and village panchayaths must quantity and collect the plastic waste generated in their jurisdiction. 		
I .	Awareness and	Review existing gaps in creating awareness among public for minimizing a	and E	ducation through	ULB's +	31-3-2021
	education	recycling PW.	n	nass media, schools,	concer	
	programs		Р	Producer / brand	ned	
	implementation	ULB's are carrying out the awareness programmes in their jurisdiction a	bouto	wner campaigns and	Gram	
		plastic waste management and to not to use the plastic banned items in	n the c	other channels.	Pancha	
		District by street plays, announcements, in schools and among c	other		vath +	
		departments.		1. ULB's shall	KSPCB	
				organize series		
		KSPCB is carrying our regular awareness programmes in schools and colle	eges,	of mass		
		to ULBS and in Temples of the District to not to use Banned Plastic if	tems	awareness and		
		specified in GOK dated 11-3-2016 in the state.		education		
				programmes in		
				their jurisdiction		
				through mass		

media like TV
programmes,
through radio,
by local
announcement
means once in 6
months.
2. ULB's shall
maintain records
of the awareness
programmes and
submit the same
to KSPCB once in
6 months.
3 LILB's shall
evolore to
establish
units in their
respective
iurisdiction for
recycling
plastic waste
plastic waste.
4. KSPCB shall
monitor the
effective
implementation
of Plastic Waste
Management
Rules in the
District and also
to carry out
awareness
programmes in

			the District. 5. Ban on Carry bags and other single use plastics as notified by State Government.	
			 Ensuring no open burning and littering. 	
			 Preventing plastic waste entering into water bodies – installation of bar mesh in Nallahs& 	
			Drains. 8. Recycling facilities must be developed at district levels by ULB's.	
5.	Access to Plastic Waste Disposal Facilities	Check if District has access to PW recycling /utilization or disposal facilities.	Check if PW UL recycling facilities available at	.B's 31-3-2021
		 At present there are no Plastic waste recyclers/ utilisation or disposal facilities in the District. 	reasonable distance; Channel	
		• The plastic waste collected is stored in the decentralized dry waste collection centres in each ULB's.	for sending PW collected to cement	
		 The ULB's as not made MOU with authorised Plastic waste recyclers to hand over the collected Plastic waste. 	plants for processing;	

Availability of	
waste plastic oil	
producing facilities;	
Linkage with PWD	
for usage of PW in	
road making.	
Action plan at	
District should	
involve Urban and	
Rural Local bodies.	
1. ULB's shall identify the availability of Plastic waste recyclers in the adjacent Districts.	
2. The MOU shall	
be executed	
with plastic	
waste recyclers	
to handover	
the plastic	
wastes that	
gets generated	
3. ULB's shall	
explore to	
utilize the	
plastic wastes	
in road making	
in the District	

PWD. 4. ULB's shall identify nearby cement industries for disposal of segregated plastic waste for coprocessing. 5. ULB's shall submit the records of Plastic waste management carried out in the District to KSPCB for every 6 months.	
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(iii). C & D Waste Management Rules

(a) Current status related to C & D Waste

Details of Data	Present Status
Requirement	

Total C &D waste	As per the information furn	ished by the ULB's	
day (As per data from		ULB's	Quantity of C&D waste generated in TPD
Municipal	City Municipal Counci	l Chamarajanagar	5.59
Corporations/Municipali	City Municipal Counci	l Kollegal	1.50
ties):	Town Municipal Coun	cil Gundlupet	0.84
	Town Panchayath Ha	nur	0.5
	Town Panchayath Yela	andur	0.3
	Total		8.73
Does the District has access to C&D waste	No.		
recycling facility?			

b. Identification of gaps and action plan:

SL. No.	Action points for blocks / town municipalities/ City corporations	Identifica	ation of Gaps	3		Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Arrangementforse paratecollectionof C&DwastetoC&Dw astedepositionpoin t.	Existing Practice ULB's are currently collecting the C& D waste and dumping into Low lying areas in the District	Required Separate collection points of C &D	Gap Analysis Separate collection points of C &D must be established in each ULB's	1. 2. 3.	Identification of bulk generators shall be carried out in the district. Designated C & D waste collection points shall be established in each Taluk. Designated deposition points for C & D waste shall be established in the District head quarters. Approval of Waste Management	ULB's + District administration	31-3-2022

	ULB's earmarked the area within the existing Solid Waste Management site for storage and deposition of C &D waste.	AAcommonCcommon&DwasteC&Ddepositionwastepointsneedsdepositioto be identifiedn pointsin each ULB's.	PlansubmittedbyWasteGeneratorsbeforeConstructionstartsrecordsshallbemaintainedbyULBs.5.Propercollection,transportation,processinganddisposalofC&DWasteshallbeensured in the district.6.AdequateAirpollutioncontrolmeasuresshallbetheCPCBguidelines.			
2. Whether Io authority ha fixed user fee C&D waste a introduced permission syst for bulk wa generators w generate mo than 20 tons more in one day 300 tons project in a month?	e Existing Practice n ULB's have no Local d by-laws to pay user fee m ULB's have no pay user fee m ULB's have no permission system for bulk waste generators or permission system for bulk waste generators	Gap Analysis Local by-laws to pay user fee needs to be framed and implemented in the District Permission system for bulk waste generators need to be framed and implemented in the District	 1. Fix rates to be paid by Waste Generators for Collection, Storage & Transportation of Waste shall be incorporated in the building approval plan. 2. Public notices shall be issued that construction and demolition waste should onlybe disposed at pre- identified/notified sites and must be displayed in newspaper notification and same must be informed in the approval of plan to hand over the C &D waste. 			
3.	C & D recyclingFacility	There is no C & D Recycling facility in the District	 1. 2. 3. 4. 	Land identification for setting up of common C &D waste recycling facility. Installation of required infrastructure facility. Adequate green belt development in the common C &D waste recycling plant As per the guidelines of CPCB compliance needs to be done.	ULB's +District administration + Town Planning Department	31-3-2022
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4.	Usage of recycled C&D waste in non- structural concrete, paving blocks, lower layers of road pavements,colony andrural roads	There is no policy for usage or promotion on usage of C&D waste in non-structural concrete, paving blocks, lower layers of road pavements, colony and rural roads.	1.	District administration shall frame a Policy for management of C&D waste. Provisions for using materials made by C&D Waste in Construction Activity like paving blocks, lower layers of road pavements, colony and rural roads etc by executing an agreement with PWD and industries engaged in manufacturing of cement blocks	ULB's + District administration + PWD	31-3-2022
5.	ICE on C&D waste management	There is no sustained system of creating awareness created among local communities	1.	Training program's shall be organized through KSPCB to Ulbs once in 6 months. Intensive mass awareness to publics by local means viz., making hand outs/ Newspaper notifications/ through media advertisement and announcements through loudspeakers.	ULB's + KSPCB	31-3-2022

(iv). Bio – Medical Waste Management

(a). Current status related to Bio- Medical Waste

Inventory of BMW in the District	Quantity
Total no. of Bedded Healthcare Facilities	[Nos]: 93
Total no. of non-bedded HCF	[Nos]: 257
No. of HCFs authorized by SPCBs/PCCs	[Nos]: 223
No. of Common Bio medical Waste Treatment and Disposal Facilities(CBWTFs)	[Nos]: None
Capacity of CBWTFs	[inKg/day]: Not Applicable
No. of Deep burials for BMW if any	[Nos]: 162
Quantity of biomedical waste generated per day	[inKg/day]: 146.34
Quantity of biomedical waste treated per day	[inKg/day]: 146.34

b. Identification of gaps and action plans

SL. No.	Action points	Gaps	Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion ofactionpla n
1	Inventory and Identification of Health care Facilities	Check whether all HCFs including, clinics, hospitals, Veterinary hospitals, Ayush hospitals, animal houses, etc generating biomedical waste area identified an authorized by SPCBs/PCCs: As per the Bio medical Waste Management Annual Report 2019-2020, the district is having following HCE's: i. Bedded hospitals and nursing homes (bedded) : 93 ii. Clinics, dispensaries : 158 iii. Veterinary institutions : 80 iv. Animal houses : Nil	1. Maintenance of List of Registered HCFs in the district	Health Department + KSPCB	31-3-2022

		 v. Pathologie vi. Blood ban vii. Clinical es viii. Research ix. AYUSH Nearly 350 Nos. District. Out off w not applied for res There is no gap as that gets establish 	cal laboratories ks tablishment institutions of Health care esta which 223 Nos. of HCE newal of the same for s all HCE is identified i ned in the District also	: 25 : Ni : Ni : Ni : 15 ablishments are as authorized H which notices is n the District and gets authorized	identified in the CE and 127 HCE as sissued. d in future the HCE from KSPCB.			
2.	Adequacy of facilities to treat biomedical waste	Check if there is an per day and quant District? In case of BMW. Existing No of HCE in the District as per Annual report 2019 350	y gap between Quantity of Biomedical wino access to CBWTF Total BMW waste generated in kg/day in the District as per Annual report 2019	tity of Biomedic vaste treated an rs, adequacy of Total BMW waste disposed in the District as per Annual report 2019 146 kg/day	The Total waste disposed in the existing disposal of Remarks	d Action plan for setting-up CBWTF f or providing access to CBWTF with 75 Km from places waste generation. Including identification of site for setting up such facility. Action plan for management of BMW through captive facilities in case of no	District Health Officer	Not Applicable
					67.657Kg/d and deep buried in rural remote areas is 78.68kg/day.	1. HCE's shal be mandated to execute MOU with		

		Thus the generated waste is disposed in the present existing system and is adequate. *Covid 19 waste generated in the District is handed over to CBMWTF and same is uploaded in app and treated as per CPCB guidelines.	CBMWTF 2. In Remote areas of the district deep burial is practiced. 3. Districts having adequate facility to handle waste.
3.	Tracking of BMW	 Check whether bar code system is implemented by all HCFs and CBWTFs. BMW generated in the District is disposed to the two CBMWTF which is located in the Mysuru District within 75 kms distance and BMW generated in remote area is deep buried. At present 14 Nos. of HCE's as bar coding done by M/s. GIP's Biotech and remaining HCE's covered by M/s. Shree Consultant is under the Process of implementation of bar coding system in the District. 	Planfor implementation of bar code system by all HCFs and CBWTFs in the District.31-12-20211. Implementation of 100% bar coding system shall ensured.District Health Officer + CBMWTF + HCE's + KSPCB2. KSPCBshall effectively monitor of bar coding within timeline.

4.	Awareness and education of health care staff	More awareness programmes and training to HCE staff and ULB's staff taken by KSPCB once in 3 months. Awareness programmes is being conducted regularly to HCE's & already in 2020-21 total 6 programmes has been conducted.	Action plan for awareness program sand training to healthcare staff and ULB officials. Action plan for ensuring adequate.	District Health Officer + CBMWTF + KSPCB + HCF +ULB	31-12-2021
			1. More awareness programmes and training to HCE staff and ulbs staff shall be taken by Health department and CBMWTF and KSPCB once in 6 months.		
5.	Adequacy of funds	Funds is allocated to Government healthcare facilities for bio-medical waste management by State Govt.?	Yes Funds to Government health care facilities for bio-medical waste management by State Govt is sufficient.	District Health Officer	Not Applicable.
6.	Compliance to Rules by HCFs and CBWTFs	Most of the HCF are complying as per the BMW rules 2016. District level Monitoring Committee as been constitute to monitor the compliance by Hospitals/HCFs.	Draw action plan to monitor compliance Of HCFs and CBWTFs through SPCBs/PCCs. Although the HCF is complying with	District Health Officer + District level monitoring committee	31-12-2021

7.	District Level Monitoring Committee	Yes, District Level Monitoring Committee has been constitute under the chairmanship of District Commissioner and regular meetings are being organized.	BMW Rules 2016, DHO and KSPCB shall ensure 100% compliance as per rules by regular inspections. Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
8.	Waste water Treatment	 Check if HCFS are required to install ETPs for waste water generated. LETP's are installed in all HCF's which are having more than 30 beds. The HCE having 30 beds and above are covered under Water(Prevention and Control of Pollution)Act 1974 and condition is stipulated in consent order to treat the Liquid infectious effluent in ETP as a terminal treatment unit. In HCE with less than 30 beds, source disinfectant Sodium Hypochlorite is used before discharge into UGD and ST &SP. 	 It shall be ensured that no untreated wastewater is discharged into the drains/water bodies by round the clock vigilance of District Health Officer. DHO shall ensure that all HCE shall treat the Liquid infectious wastewater as per BMW Management Rules 2016. 	District Health Officer + HCEs+ KSPCB	Not Applicable

V. Hazardous Waste Management

(a). Current status related to Hazardous Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
No of Industries generating HW	[Nos.]: 07 Nos. as on 31-3-2021
Quantity of HW in the District	[MT/Annum]: 37.18 MT/Annum

(i) .Quantity of Incinerable HW	[MT/Annum]: 3.4 MT/Annum	
(ii).Quantity of land-fillable HW	[MT/Annum]: 0 MT/Annum	
(iii.)Quantity of Recyclable/ utilizable HW	[MT/Annum]: 33.78 MT/Annum	
No of captive/common TSDF	[Nos of integrated TSDF]: Nil. [Nos of SLF]: Nil. [No of Standalone incinerators]: Nil.	
Contaminated Sites or probable Contaminated sites	[Nos]: Nil.	

b. Identification of gaps and action plans:

S. No.	Action points	Identification of Gaps	Action Plan	Responsible agency	Time line for completion of action plan
1.	Regulation of industries and facilities generating Hazardous Waste	Current Status: In the District there are 7 HW generating industries and all are authorized by KSPCB.	RO KSPCB is monitoring the HW industries and ensuring safe disposal of HW as per Rules in the District.	SPCB	Not Applicable
2.	Establishment of collection centres	 As on date there are no specific Hazardous waste collection centers in the District. Presently, the Hazardous waste collected from households is segregated in Dry waste collection centers established by Ulb's 	As per the Rules and Annual inventory of HW guidelines of CPCB, the shall establish the collection centres in their respective jurisdiction	ULB's	31-12-2022

3.	Training of workers involved in handling/recycling/ disposalof HW	There are no such industries engaged in the recycling/pre-processing/disposal of Hazardous waste in the District.	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
4.	Availability/Linkage with common TSDF or disposal facility	 There is no landfillable HW generators in the District. Whereas the recyclable and incinerable hazardous wastes generated by the generators is currently disposing the same by executing an MOU with authorized incinerators and recyclers in the state. 	Already all HW are tied up with authorized incinerators and recyclers and KSPCB is monitoring regularly.	KSPCB	Not Applicable
5.	Contaminated Sites	There are no any such sites where soils/ sediments/ground water contaminated due to dumping of industrial wastes in the district	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

(vi). E- Waste Management

(a) Current status related to E-Waste Management

Details of Data Requirement	PresentStatus
Inventory of E-Waste in MT/year	MT/Year : Nil
Collection centers established by ULBs in the District	[Nos]: Nil.
Collection centers established by Producers or their	[Nos]: Nil.
PROs	

No authorized E-Waste recyclers / Dismantler	[Nos]: Nil. There are no authorized E-waste recyclers or Dismantlers in the
	jurisdiction of RO- Chamarajanagar.

b. Identification of gaps and action plans

SL. No.	Action points	Gaps in implementation	Action Plan	Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan	
1	Inventory / Generation of E- Waste / Bulk-	Check whether SPCB/PCC has completed in District. Inventory of bulk waste generators	ventory of E-Waste in the	Completion of inventory	ULB + KSPCB	31-3-2022
	waste generators	 Current Status As per Ulbs the E waste generate in the District as per ULB's is Nil. 	Gap Analysiskeeping in future expansion of the DistrictDistrictthe inventorisation of e-waste generatorsgeneratorsbe carried out as an continuous	Inventorisation of E- waste/bulk waste generators shall be carried out by ULB's and KSPCB		

2	E-Waste collection points	Availability of E-Waste collection points / call centres / kiosks in villages -Blocks//towns/ cities		es Identification /registering ULB's 31-12-2021 E-Waste collection centres in association with
		Current Status	Gap Analysis	Producers - their PROs or Recyclers
		There are no E-waste collection centres in the dis either established by ULBs or Producers, as there no producers in the district. Presently, the E- waste collected from household segregated in Dry waste collection centers. S there is no Producer in the Jurisdiction of	trict ULBs are needs to establish the E-waste ds is collection ince centres in RO- their	 Establishment of e-waste collection centres in the District shall be ensured. ULB's shall give paper notification or
		the Extended Producers Responsibility.	per jurisdiction.	announcements regarding the establishment of collection centres in the district to create awareness among public.
3	Linkage among Stakeholders to channelize E-Waste	Check whether District administration has inform centres established by Producers/ PROs? Admin identify authorised E-Waste recyclers in the dis channelize E-waste collected in District.	mation on collecti istration should a strict or in State	ion Action plan to establish ULB's 31-12-2021 Iso linkages between ULBs to /Collection Centres of Producers and PROs /SPCBs /Bulk waste
		Current Status	Gap Analysis	generators /Recyclers / SPCBs / District
		ULB's have not made any Linkage with e-waste dismantlers or Recyclers for channelization of e-waste collected in the district.	No linkage with e-waste dismantlers or Recyclers	Administration/Public1.IdentificationauthorizedE-wasterecyclers/Dismantler
		At present the District administration has no information on collection centres established by Producers/PRO's as there is no producers in the District.	is carried out by ULB's	s in the state to channelize the E-waste collected in the District by executing MOU with recyclers/dismantlers.

4	Regulation of Illegal E-Waste recycling /dismantling	Prevalence of informal trading, dismantling, and recycling of E-waste isin DistrictThere are no records w.r.t Illegal E-Waste recycling /dismantling activitycarried out in the District.	ActionplanincoordinationwithSPCBs/PCCsandAdministrationtocheckthis activity.	ULB's	31-12-2021
			1. ULB's is required to hand over the e-waste collected in their jurisdiction to the KSPCB authorized e-waste recycler or dismantlers by executing an MOU with the recycler/ dismantlers in the nearby District.		
			2.Inventorisation of trading activity/ recycling/dismantling in the district shall be carried out by ULB's		
5	Integration of informal sector	Whether mechanism exists for bringing informal sector into main stream in collection and recycling of E-Waste	Evolve mechanism by involving producers /PROs.	ULB's + KSPCB	31-12-2021
		• There are no any such mechanism existing for bringing informal sector into main stream in collection and recycling of E-Waste.	1. Inventorisation of informal sectors engaged in collection and		
		 There are no Producers/PRO's in the RO-Chamarajanagar jurisdiction. 	recycling activity of e- waste in the district.		

6	Awareness and Education	Are there any programs at district level for awareness about E-waste management?	Plan special workshops and awareness campaigns through Producers/PROs	КЅРСВ	31-12-2021
		Awareness cum meeting activities is carried out by KSPCB to ULB's w.r.t effective implementation of E-waste management Rules in the District.	Serious of workshops ad awareness programmes shall be organize through		
		As on date there are no Producers/PRO's in the RO- Chamarajanagar jurisdiction to organize the awareness campaigns in the district.	KSPCB /ULBs		

Air Quality Management

(a). Current status relate to Air Quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Number of Automatic Air Quality monitoring stations in the District. - Operated by SPCB / State Govt / Central govt./PSU agency: - Operated by Industry:	 At present Chamarajanagar District is having 01 No. of Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station (CAAQM) installed at CA site no. 1, KHB Colony, near Ambedkar Stadium, Chamarajanagar and same is in operated by the KSPCB at District headquarters. There are no other CAAQMS installed in Chamarajanagar District by either other agencies or by any industries.
Number of manual monitoring States operated by SPCBs	There is an existing 01 No. Manual Air Quality monitoring station located at the terrace of existing Office Building, RO, Chamarajanagar. Weekly twice 24 hours. Parameters analysed are NO _x , SO ₂ , PM 2.5, PM 10 & NH ₃ .
Name of towns/cities which are failing to comply with national ambient air quality stations	[Names]: Nil. All towns and cities are complying with the AAQ standards.
No of air pollution industries	[Nos]: 58 Nos.

Prominent air polluting sources [Large Industry] / [Small Industry] / [Unpaved Roads] / [Burning of Waste Stubble] / [Brick Kiln]/ [Industrial Estate]/[Others]/Multiple	[Hotspots of air pollution]: The prominent air polluting sources in the Chamarajanagar District is mainly due to the contribution of quarrying with blasting operations, stone crusher and m-sand manufacturing units, granite cutting and polishing activity, unpaved roads.
selection)	

b. Identification of gaps and action plan:

S. No.	Action points	Indicative Action Plan	Responsible agency	Time line for completion of action plan
1.	Identification of prominent air polluting sources?	 Carry out inventory of airpollutionsourcesinDistrictincludinghotspotsorareasofconcernpertainingtoai rpollutioninassociation with SPCBs/PCCsmay Current Status: The prominent air polluting sources in the Chamarajanagar District is mainly due to the contribution of quarrying with blasting operations, stone crusher and m-sand manufacturing units, granite cutting and polishing activity, unpaved roads. District task force is already constituted to monitor and review the compliance made. Once in6 months District task force committee will monitor the AAQ in and around the mining areas to access the compliance to AAQ standards. Unpaved roads must be converted to paved roads in the District by PWD. 	District task force, Department of Mines and Geology, KSPCE and PWD department	31-3-2022
2.	Ambient Air quality data?	 Plan to get access to available air quality monitoring stations in the District operated by both Public and private agencies. KSPCB is having both manual and CAAQM stations in the District which 	КЅРСВ	Not Applicable

		is installed and operated by Board.		
		• This is the only AAQM Stations data generated in the District which is well within satisfactory limit.		
		• The online AAQM station data is easily accessible in the KSPCB website and also in Sameer app developed by CPCB.		
3.	Setting up of Continuous Ambient Air Quality Monitoring Station	District authority in association with local office of SPCB/PCC should also ensure that at least one manual Air Quality monitoring station is available in each city. [District admin mayset-up its own network of CAAQMS or manual stations].	KSPCB	Already installe and is i operation. Henc Not applicable.
		 KSPCB has installed one CAAQM Station in the district Head quarters at Chamarajanagar. 		
		 The Data is is easily accessible in the KSPCB website and also in Sameer app developed by CPCB. 		
4.	District Level Action Plan for Air Pollution	 [Measures may include multi sectoral approach for air pollution control such as promotion of public transport, use of green fuels, E- mobility, LPG based cooking, carpeting open areas/kerbs, etc., Action plans envisaged in NCAP project initiated by MoEF& CC may be referred]: KSPCB is having both manual and CAAQM stations in the District. This is the only AAQM data generated in the District which is well with 	District administration, Department of Urban Development + Social forestry+	31-3-2022 f
		 satisfactory limit. However action plan will be prepared for controlling air pollution from prominent air pollution sources in the District. 	Transport Officer+ PWD.	
		 Adequate plantation along the road sides, industrial area, green belt development in mining areas surrounding. 		
		 Unpaved roads must be converted to paved roads in the District by PWD. 		
		 Phasing out of 15 years old vehicles in the District by RTO. 		

5.	Hot spots of air pollution	Hotspot with respect to air pollution (such as stubble burning, illegal waste	Forest	Not Applicable
	in District	burning, authorize operations, cluster activities, forest fires etc.) should be	Department +	
		identified and localized action plan for mitigation of the same should be	ULB's +	
		prepared.	Agriculture	
			department +	
		1. Forest fire mitigation action plan prepared by Forest department.	Mines and	
		2. The Dust emissions from blasting operating in quarrying activity and stone	Geology	
		crushing and m-sand unit dust suppression measures shall be implemented.	Department +	
		3. Adequate green belt development area shall be developed by the (i) stone crushing and m-sand unit (ii) in SWM facilities.	KSPCB.	
		4. Prohibition of open burning of waste burning and stubble burning in the		
		district.		
6.	Awareness on Air Quality	Plan for dissemination of information on local air quality in towns and cities	КЅРСВ	31-3-2022
		located in District. May consider developing Mobile App / Online portal for		
		dissemination of air quality as well as to take complaints on local air pollution.		
		 AAQ measured through CAAQM stations and same is displayed to the public. 		
		• AAQM Station data is available to public in KSPCB website and same is		
		displayed in SAMEER App of CPCB as same is accessible through mobile.		

Water Quality Management

Water Quality Monitoring

(a). Current status related to Water Quality Management

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
Rivers	River Cauvery flows in Kollegal Taluk of Chamarajanagar District with its tributaries Palar and Suvarnavathi river with approximately 88 km stretch.
Length of Coastline(if any)	Not Applicable as the District as no coastal areas

Nalas/Drains/Creeks meeting Rivers	9 Nos of drains joining Cauvery river between from Mullur to Sattegala bridge.				
Lakes/Ponds	[Nos]and[AreainHectares]:1074 nos . (survey is under progress)				
Total Quantity of sewage	[MLD]:18.87 MLD				
from towns and cities in	ULB's	Total Quantity of Sewage generated in MLD			
District	CMC Chamarajanagar	7.54			
	CMC Kollegal	6.17			
	TMC Gundlupet	3.03			
	TP Hanur	1.19			
	TP Yelanduru	0.94			
	Total	18.87			
Percentage of untreated sewage	 and the same is treated in the existing ETP's operated within the premises of the unit and the treated effluent is disposal as per the terms and conditions of the Consent order either completely recycled or utilized for on land for irrigation within the premises. [%]:not quantified There are 05 Local bodies in the District. Out off which CMC Chamarajanagar, CMC Kollegal as provide STP of 9 MLD and TMC Gundlupet as provide 2 Nos of STP of capacity 2.1 MLD and 1.5 MLD and in these taluks 				
	individual houses are provi completed and same in pro individual households are c	ded with septic tank and soak pit as the 100% und ogress. Whereas in other two local bodies i.e TP Ha connected to septic tank and soak pit. Hence untre	erground Drainage system is not anur and Yelandur as no STP and ated sewage is not quantified		
Details of bore wells and number of permissions given for extraction of groundwater	As per the information furnished by groundwater authority, for the year 2017-2021 – the permission given for drilling new bore wells in the District – 239 Nos. and NOC issued for extracting groundwater is 5 Nos.				
Ground water polluted areas if any	Nil				
Polluted river stretches if any Yes, As per the NGT Order O.A. No. 673/2018, Ranganattitu to Sattegala bridge is classified as Priority – river Cauvery flows through Mullur to Sattegala bridge measuring about 18 km aerial distance from M Sattegala bridge in Kollegal.			e is classified as Priority –IV. The m aerial distance from Mullur to		
	1				

b. Id e	entification of g	gaps and action plan for	r water quality monitori	ng:			
SL.N o	Action Points	Gaps and Action Plan				Responsible agency	Timeline for completio n of action plan
1	Inventory of water bodies	An environmental mor canals /natural drains district including its wa Present Status At present there is no Environmental Monitoring cell existing in the District to maintain data of all water bodies (rivers / canals /natural drains / creeks /estuaries /	nitoring cell shall maintain / creeks /estuaries / gro ter quality Gaps No Environmental Monitoring Cell	n data of all water bodies (river undwater /ponds / lakes / etc.) Action plan Environmental Monitoring cell shall be constituted involving all the stake holders by District administration. Inventorisation of the drains, canals, rivers, creeks, groundwater/pond/lakes need to be carried out by the concerned stake holders both at Rural and Urban area.	rs /) in	Minor irrigation Department + Groundwater authority + Cauvery Niravari NigamaL imited + Zilla Panchayat + KSPCB	31-3-2022
		groundwater /ponds / lakes / etc.) in District including its water quality. KSPCB is monitoring the Cauvery river water at 6 sampling points from Mullur to Barachukki every month under	Increase the Number of sampling points along river stretch	KSPCB shall increase in the number of sampling points along river stretch by identification of wastewater joining river.			

		Nation Water Quality Monitoring Programmes. Groundwater department is monitoring the Groundwater quality from its observation wells in the District.	Monitoring frequency yearly twice.	Groundwater authorites shall fix the frequency of monitoring of borewells as per the CPCB guidelines and furnish the reports to District administration.		
		There is no details available in the District w.r.t Lake water quality	Lakes monitoring is not carried out. Monitoring frequency is not fixed.	The owners (Ulb's/Grama /Taluk panchayath) of the lakes shall carry out the monitoring of lake water quality as per the frequency mentioned in CPCB guidelines and furnish the report to District administration once in 3 months.		
		ULBs is not identified the wastewater joining points into water bodies and drain sampling is not carried out.	Wastewater carrying drain identification.	ULB's shall ensure that the drains carrying wastewater shall not join the water bodies and measures need to be implemented, within 31-3-2022.		
2	Quality of water bodies in the District	Check availability of da periodic monitoring of SPCBs. It is also necess the form of hoardings At present the District	ata on water bodies. Creat of water bodies for speci sary to disseminate inform on river banks, official we as no District level monit	te a district level monitoring cell for fic parameters in association wit nation pertaining to water quality i bsites, etc. oring cell for periodic monitoring on n with SPCRs	Minor irrigation Department + Groundwater authority + Cauvery Niravari Nigama Limited + Zilla Panchyat + KSPCB + District administration	31-3-2022

Present status	Gaps	Action Plans	I
Karnataka State Pollution	Increase the Number of	KSPCB is	
Control Board as installed the	sampling points along	monitoring	
Continuous Real time water	river stretch	adequate number	
quality monitoring stations at		of sampling points	
Sattegala bridge across River		along river stretch	l
Cauvery. The water quality		by revel the water	
parameters are continuously		quality of the river.	l
recorded and available in			
KSPCB website			l
www.KSPCB.karnataka.gov.in.			
and monthly monitoring of			l
river water quality is carried			
out by KSPCB and the details			
are communicated to CPCB.			
KSPCB is monitoring the Cauvery			
river water at 6 sampling points			ł
from Mullur to Barachukki every			
month under Nation Water			
Quality Monitoring			l
Programmes.			
There is no details available in	Lakes monitoring is not		
the District w.r.t Lake water	carried out.	The owners of the	
quality	Monitoring frequency is	lakes shall carry	
	not fixed.	out the	
		monitoring of lake	1
		water quality as	l
		per the frequency	
		mentioned in	l
		CPCB guidelines	
		and furnish the	
		report to District	

		ULBs is not identified the wastewater joining points into water bodies and drain sampling is not carried out. Groundwater department is monitoring the Groundwater quality from its observation wells in the District.	Drain wastewater sampling. Monitoring frequency Once in two years.	administration once in 3 months. ULB's shall ensure Drain wastewater sampling for implementation of suitable treatment units at drain end points. Installation of Bar-meshes in the drains & regular cleaning & disposal of Solid Waste from them Groundwater authorities shall fix the frequency of monitoring of bore wells as per the CPCB guidelines and furnish the reports to District		
3	Hot spots of water contaminatio n	Check trends of water quality and water. Establish a system or sep action points for restoration of department to environment. KSPCB is monitoring the water q bridge identified as polluted riv implementation of same is in progr	d identify hot spot of surfa arate cell to monitor wate water quality in assoc uality of River stretch fror ver stretch and action p ess.	ace water and ground er quality. Implement iation with SPCBs and n Mullur to Sattegala lan is prepared and	Rural Water supply and sanitation Board + Groundwater authority+ Cauvery Niravari Nigama Limited +KSPCB	31-3-2022

4	Protection of river/lake	As per the informatic ground water contar water quality is carrie Action plan should the Solid waste on river	on provided by Ground water auth nination in the District. As per the ed out by concerned stake holders. De prepared for control river side banks, for idol immersion etc.	ority there are no Hot spots of e prevailing norms the ground open defecation, dumping of	Minor irrigation department. LB's + Cauvery Niravari	31-3-2022
	water front	 The District h There is no d Temporary/a made during 	as already implemented ODF free umping of solid waste along the riv artificial ponds/mobile immersion Ganesha festival in the District.	scheme. ver banks. tanks arrangement are being	Nigama Limited + Zilla Panchayath	
5.	Inventory of sources of	Check whether inve water bodies in the	ntory of all sewage and waste District. Action plan to complete in	water discharge points into nventory.	Minor irrigation department. LB's + Cauvery Niravari	31-3-2022
	water	Present status	Gaps	Action plan	Nigama Limited + CEO Zilla	
	pollution	KSPCB has carried out inventorisation of drains carrying wastewater into river in Polluted river stretch from Mullur to Sattegala Bridge of Chamarajanagar District.	The identification of drains in the entire stretch of the river flowing in the District needs to be carried out.	 KSPCB shall ensure that Executive officers of each taluk and ULB's shall identify the drains and plug off the same to avoid the pollution of water bodies. Inventory of domestic sewage drains, Storm water drains discharging wastewater to water boides shall be carried out through Ulbs/Grama panchayath/Taluk panchayath 	Panchayath + KSPCB	
		Groundwater and Lakes/ponds pollution sources is not inventorised	Inventorisation of Groundwater and Lakes/ponds pollution sources.	Groundwater authority and Lakes authorities shall ensure that the inventorisation is carried out continuously in the District and to maintain		

		the records.		
6.	Oil spill disaster management (for coastal Districts)	Whether District oil spill crisis management group and District Oil Spill Disater Contingency Plan has been created? If not create District Oil spill crisis Management Group and District Oil Spill Disaster Contingency Plan for the District.	Not Applicable	Not Applicabl e
7.	Protection of flood plains	Check whether there is regulation for protection of flood plain encroachment? Action plan should be prepared for protection flood plain and prevention of encroachment.	District administration	31-3-2022
8.	Rejuvenation of	Already District disaster management plan has been prepared and same is available.Checkavailability of ground water and if required prepare action plan to rejuvenate ground water in selected areas. Action plan should be prepared for Rain	Groundwater authority	31-3-2022
	groundwater	water harvesting. Development of recharge structure programmeis carried out in the District by		

9	Complaints redressal	groundwater authority. Development of recharge s Check whether there is App/Online, is available?	tructure programr any complaint If not, a complai	ne is carried out in the District. redressing system based on Mol nt redressing system based on Mol	bile District Administration bile	31-3-2022
	system	App/Online should be avai	GAP Development of helpdesk and mobile app in the District	vel. Action Plan District administration shall ensure the development of mobile App for redressal of complaint by public .		
		state.PhoneinprogrammeiscarriedoutoutintheDistrictforreaddresspubliccomplaintscomplaintsoncein a month		For rural areas the helpline numbers needs to be notified.		

Domestic Sewage

a. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage

Details of Data Requirement	Present Status
No of Class-II towns and above	[Nos]: 2 Nos:
	City Municipal Council Chamarajanagar
	City Municipal Council Kollegala

No of Class-I towns and above	[Nos]: Nil					
No of Towns STPs installed	[Nos]:3 Nos.					
	ULB's			Existing STP Capacity		
	City Municipal Co	ouncil Chamaraja	inagar	9MLD	•	
	City Municipal Co	City Municipal Council Kollegala				
	Town Municipal Council, Gundlupet There are two STP's each capacity 2.1 ML and 1.5 MLD.					1 MLD
No of Towns needing STPs	[Nos]: 2 Nos					
	[]. =					
	ULB's R			Requires STP		
	Taluk Panchayath, Hanur No UG		No UGD and S	Io UGD and STP in the Taluk		
	Taluk Panchayath,	Yelandur	No UGD and S	STP in the Taluk	<	
No of ULBs having partial under ground Sewerage network	[Nos]: 3 Nos.					
	ULB's	Existing STP Capacity	% Existing	UGD area ered	Gap Analysis	
			7(%ר	30%	
	CMC	9MLD		J /0	5070	
	CMC Chamarajanagar	9MLD		J 78	5070	
	CMC Chamarajanagar CMC Kollegala	9MLD 9 MLD	75	5%	25%	
	CMC Chamarajanagar CMC Kollegala TMC Gundlupet	9MLD 9 MLD 2.1 MLD	75	5% 5%	25% 25%	

of towns not naving sewerage network	[Nos]: 2 No	S.					
	ULB's		Requires STP		7		
	Taluk Pan	chayath, Hanur	No UGD and ST	P in the Taluk			
	Taluk Panchayath, Yelandur No UGD and STP in the Taluk						
Total Quantity of Sewage generated in District From Class II cities and above	[MLD]: 13. ⁻	71 MLD					
		ULB's	Existing STP Capacity	Total Quantity of sewage generated in MLD			
		CMC Chamarajanagar	9MLD	7.54			
		CMC Kollegala	9 MLD	6.17			
Rivers(directly or indirectly) Quantity of untreated or partially	[MLD]: No presently c [MLD]: No	ischarging to canal and t Estimated. The untro	d which in turn joins C eated sewage effluen	t through missing links from	Kollegal C		
	[MLD]: Not	limit, is indirectly discharged to river. [MLD]: Not Estimated. The quantity of sewage flowing into lakes is not yet estimated.					
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes	The quanti	ty of sewage flowing ir	ito lakes is not yet est	imated.			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti	ty of sewage flowing ir	ito lakes is not yet est	imated.			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti	5 MLD.	ito lakes is not yet est Existing ST	imated. P Capacity			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char	5 MLD. ULB's	to lakes is not yet est Existing ST	imated. P Capacity LD			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char CMC Kolle	5 MLD. ULB's egal	ito lakes is not yet est Existing ST 9M 9 M	imated. P Capacity LD LD			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char CMC Kolle TMC Gun	5 MLD. ULB's arajanagar gal	to lakes is not yet est Existing ST 9M 9 M 2.1 M	imated. P Capacity LD LD /LD			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char CMC Kolle TMC Gund	by of sewage flowing in 5 MLD. ULB's marajanagar egal dlupet	to lakes is not yet est Existing ST 9M 9 M 2.1 M 1.5 M	imated. P Capacity LD LD MLD MLD			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char CMC Kolle TMC Gund TP Hanur	by of sewage flowing in 5 MLD. ULB's marajanagar egal dlupet	to lakes is not yet est Existing ST 9M 9 M 2.1 M 1.5 M Nil (No STP only Sept	imated. P Capacity LD LD ALD MLD MLD ic tank and Soak Pit)			
Quantity of sewage flowing into lakes Total available Treatment Capacity	The quanti [MLD]: 21.0 CMC Char CMC Kolle TMC Gund TP Hanur TP Yeland	by of sewage flowing in 5 MLD. ULB's marajanagar egal dlupet	to lakes is not yet est Existing ST 9M 9 M 2.1 M 1.5 M Nil (No STP only Sept Nil (No STP only Sept	imated. P Capacity LD LD MLD MLD ic tank and Soak Pit) ic tank and Soak Pit)			

b. Identification of gaps and action plan for treatment of domestic sewage:

SL. No	Action Points	on Points Gaps and Action Plan				Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan	
1	Sewage Treatment	Check whether existing additional treatment capa	for LB's + KUWS&DB - Karnataka Urbar Infrastructure	- 31-3-2023				
	(STPs)	ULB's	Quantity of wastewa ter generate d in MLD	Existing STP Capacity in MLD	Present Sewage in Flow rate in MLD	Gap Analysis	Development and Finance Corporation - Grama Panchyath- Taluk Panchyath.	I - -
		ty Municipal Council Chamarajan agar	7.54	9 MLD	5.0 MLD	Due to incomplete UGD network connected to STP there is a missing links bypassing the STP. Thus these missing links must be intercepted and diverted to existing STP for treatment and Disposal. The existing STP is adequate for existing sewage generation.		
		City Municipal Council, Kollegal	6.1	9MLD	4.5 MLD	Due to incomplete UGD network connected to STP there is a missing links bypassing the STP. Thus these missing links must be intercepted and diverted to existing STP for treatment and Disposal. The existing STP is		

						adequate.		
		Town	3.03	2.1 MLD and	1.0 MLD	Due to incomplete		
		Municipal		1.5 MLD		UGD network		
		Council,				connected to STP		
		Gundlupet				there is a missing		
						links bypassing the		
						STP. Thus these		
						missing links must		
						be intercepted and		
						diverted to existing		
						STP for treatment		
						and Disposal. The		
						existing STP is		
						adequate.		
		Town	1.19	Houses are	Houses are	Need to provide		
		Panchayath		provided	provided	UGD system		
		, Hanur		with	with	connected to STP		
				Individual	Individual			
				Septic tank	Septic tank			
				and Soak	and Soak			
		_		pit.	pit.			
		Town	0.94	Houses are	Houses are	Need to provide		
		Panchayth,		provided	provided	UGD system		
		Yelandur		with	with	connected to STP		
				Individual				
				Septic tank	Septic tank			
				allu SOak	allu SOak			
	-	Total	10.0	pit.	ріт. 10 г			
	L	Total	18.8	21.6	10.5		J	
	Action Plan:							
	1. The existing	g STP is adequa	ite to treat the	e generated sewa	ge Tha ann hait		the stand	
	2. Due to inco	omipiete UGD	connection, m	lissing link exists.	ine completion	n of UGD work and conne	ection shall	
	be made.	n of DDD for	annolization :	aduding divorcia	of courses are	orated from household /	townshin /	
	3. Preparation	TI OF DPK TOP Ch		of all drains (an	i oi sewage gen	erated from nousehold /	township /	
	villages to se	ewer lines and	hrough	or all grains (ex	Louing arains	carrying industrial waste	ewater) for	
1	ensuring prop	anagoment in t	ho aroas what	ing STPS VIZ., TP	ork door not ov	eianuul. ict		
	A Contage Ma	anagement in t	ine areas wrier	e sewei age netw	ork upes not exi	151		
	4. Septage Ma	n of Web Come	& OCEENIC In	STDe			I	
	4. Septage Ma 5. Installation	n of Web Cams	& OCEEMS in	STPs	a & disposal of	Solid Waste from thom		
	4. Septage Mi 5. Installatior 6. Installation	n of Web Cams n of Bar-meshe	& OCEEMS in s in the drains	STPs & regular cleanin	g & disposal of s	Solid Waste from them		

2	Underground sewerage network	Check seweragenetworka utedthroughULBsai	ndprepareAction ndDepartment o	nplanforlayingo f UD.	ofseweragenet	workintown and cities. The	available projectmaybeexec	LB'S + KUWS&DB+ Urban Development	31-3-2022
		ULB's	Status of Sewerage Network	% Sewerage network provided	% Sewerage network yet to be complete d	Gap Analysis			
		City Municipal Council Chamarajanagar	Provided with UGD System	70%	30%	30% of the UGD work needs to be completed			
		City Municipal Council, Kollegal	with UGD System	/5%	25%	needs to be completed			
		Town Municipal Council, Gundlupet	Provided with UGD System	75%	25%	25% of the UGD work needs to be completed			
		Town Panchayath, Hanur	There is no UGD System implemente d	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Need to provide UGD system			
		Town Panchayth, Yelandur	There is no UGD System implemente d	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Need to provide UGD system			

2. Treatment of waste water in Rural areas flowing into the river by Bio-remediation/Phyto- remediation/Oxidation Pond etc	
 Tapping & diversion of the drains having high sewage load to STPs to be constructed on I&D model Establishment of Sewage Treatment Plants of adequate capacity 	

Industrial waste water management

a. Current Status related to Industrial Waste water Management

Number of Red, Orange, Green and White industries in the District	As per the F-Reg maintained in the Regional office –Chamarajanagar, KSPCB as on 31-03-2021 the list of number of operating industries is as below:
	[Nos. of Red industries]: 4 (out off 4 Nos. of red industry , No of 17 category industries is 1No.)
	[Nos. of Orange industries]: 28
	[Nos. of Green industries]:57
	[Nos. of White industries]:2
No of Industries discharging waste water	[Nos]: 23 Nos
Total Quantity of industrial waste water generated	[MLD]:1.88 MLD
Quantity of treated industrial waste water	[MLD]: Nil.
discharged in to Nalas/ Rivers	None of the industries are permitted to discharge either treated industrial wastewater into water bodies like Nalas /Rivers by KSPCB
Common Effluent Treatment Facilities	[Nos]: Nil.
	There are no CETP's in the Chamarajanagar District.
No of Industries meeting Standards	[Nos]: 23 Nos
No of Industries not meeting discharge	[Nos]: Nil
Standards	As per the CPCB inspection policy the industries were inspected and sampling is carried out. If the samples are not confirming, the Show cause notice is served.

b. Identification of gaps and action plan for industrial waste water:

SL.No	Action	Gaps and Action Plan	Responsible	Timeline for
	Points		agency	completion of action
				plan

1 Compliance to discharge	Identify gaps w.r.t industries not meeting the standards. Necessary initiated through SPCBs against the industries not meeting the standards.	action	be	КРСВ	Already it is implemented by
norms by	Current Status	Gap			KSPCB as it is a
Industries		Analysis			continuous process
	 Regional office Chamarajanagar, KSPCB is inspecting the industries as per the CPCB inspection policy. As per the CPCB frequency the sampling and monitoring of effluent and stack emissions are carried out by KSPCB Based on the Lab Analyst Analysis report the non-confirming industries is served with Show cause notices as per the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and Air(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1981 to make compliance and implementation is in progress for compliance. If Non-compliance still continued Closure directions are issued as per the provisions of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 and Air(1974 and Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974. 	Nil			and KSPCB will be acting as per the provisions of Water and Air Act for the compliance of discharge norms.

	Complaint redressal system	Check if there is any complaint If not, a complaint redressing sy at district level.	redressing system base vstem based on Mobile	ed on Mobile App/Online, isavailable? App/Online portal may be prepared	KSPCB + District administratio	District is already having a means of Complaint redressal	
		Current Status	Gap Analysis	Action Plan	n	system . Not	
2		Presently, KSPCB has established online Integrated Command Centre at Head office to receive complaints from publics throughout the state and same is accessible through both mobile app and through online. and some are directly received at Regional office.	Nil	Not Applicable			
		All District level public complaints is addressed through Phone in Programme conducted by District administration	Nil	Not Applicable			

Mining Management Plan

a. Current Status related to Mining Activity Management

Details of Data Requirement	Existing Mining operations
Type of Mining Activity	Sand mining- 1.
	Name of mines –Mullur Village
	There are no other mineral mines in the District.
	Other[specify]:black granite: quarrying lease -09 patta land-49,; Building stone: Quarry lease- 26, Patta land- 7
No of licensed Mining	[Nos]: 92 :
operations in the District	Sand mining- 1.
	Black granite: Quarrying lease -09 , Patta land-49;
	Building stone: Quarry lease-26, Patta land-7
% Area covered under	1.21 %
mininginthe District	(Sand mining- 0.048 Sq.Km;
	Black granite: Quarry lease-0.1507 Sq.Km; Patta Land- 0.701 Sq.Kms;
	Building stone: Quarry lease + Patta land-0.305 Sq.Km)
Area of Sand Mining	[SqKm]: 0.048 Sq.Km
Area of sand Mining	[Riverbed]: River bed mining is carried out in the District as per Rules (sand mining rules) [Estuary]: Not Applicable [Non - river deposit]:Not Applicable

	b. Identification	of gaps and action plan						
SL.No	Action Points	Gaps and Action Plar	l				Responsible agency	Timeline for completion of action plan
1.	Monitoring of Mining activity	A district level task team may be identified to identify in wither respect to environmental compliance District is engaged in only Sand mining activity across the Riv is carried out in stone quarrying sites for extraction of black the lease area. The permission is granted by licensing author Current Status District level task force committee is already constitut	ver bed. granite ity i.e. N ed in	Apart from and bui Mines and Gap Analysi Nil	and to mon om this activ Iding stone r d Geology De Actio is plan	itor status ity blasting naterials in epartment. n	Mines and Geology Department	Not Applicable as District has already having District Level Task force Team.
		the District and same in force.						
2.	inventory of illegal mining if any mining	Actionplantoidentifyillegalsandandotherminingactivityinti patrolling and enforcement. District Level task Force ma mining activity No such illegal mining activities identified in the District.	y be co	ict thi Instituted	rougn sui d for control	of illegal	Mines and Geology Department	Not Applicable as District has already having District Level Task force
		Current Status		Gap Analysi	Actio is plan	n		Team.
		District level task force committee is already constitut the District and same in force.	ed in	Nil	Nil			
3.	Environment compliance by Mining industry	Action plan for periodic verification of compliance to environment SPCBs/PCC, MoEF & CC department of mines etc. SPCBs/P Involved in this activity.	ronmei CC ma	ntal con y be	ditions stip	ulated by	Mines and Geology Department	Not Applicable
		Current Status	G Ana	iap alysis	Action plan			
		Dept. of Mines and Geology is regularly monitoring the Environmental conditions compliance status as per the EC granted.District level task force committee is already constituted in the District and reviewing the compliance.	Not Appl	icable	Not Applicable			

Noise Pollution Management plan

a. Current Status related to Noise Pollution Management

Details of Data Requirement	Measurable Outcome
No. of noise measuring devices available with various agencies in District	[Name of agency]: Regional Office - Chamarajanagar, Karnataka State Pollution Control Board.
	 [No of analyzers available]: Presently KSPCB is having 2Nos. of Noise Monitoring devices. 1. Quest Technologies-Sound pro SE/DL 2. S12 (SLM/Noise Dosimeter)

b. Identification of gaps and action plan:

SL.	Action points		Gaps and ActionPlan		Responsible	Timeline for
No.					Agency	completion
						of action
						plan
1.	Availability of	Need to check whether concer	ned agencies that are l	JLBs, SHOs, Traffic police and		
	Sound/Noise Level	SPCB/PCC have noise level me	ters. District administr	ation may ensure through an	Concerned ULB's +	
	Meters.	actionplanthatconcernedagenci	iesandenvironmentalce	llunderdistrictadministration	SHO's + Deputy	31-03-2022
		have adequate number of porta	able noise level meters.		Superintendent of	
			1		Police + Traffic Police	
		Current Status	Gap Analysis	Action plan	+ District	
		In the District concerned	Other than KSPCB no	All ULBs, SHOs, Traffic	administration +	
		agencies that are ULBs,	other agencies is	police shall procure the	KSPCB	
		SHOs, Traffic police has no	having Portable	Portable noise level		
		noise measuring devices at	Noise meter.	meters.		
		present.				
		KSPCB is presently having -2				
		Nos of Noise level meters				

2.	Ambient Noise Level monitoring.	ULBs shall ensure that am residential, sensitive zones. noise level monitoring stat stations may be installed by	 r District t Administration h KSPCB + ULB's 	31-12-2023 +		
		Current Status	Gap Analysis	Action plan		
		ULB's and KSPCB as not installed Fixed Ambient Noise level Monitoring Stations in the District.	District has no Fixed Ambient Noise level Monitoring Stations.	ULB's and KSPCB may install or retrofit the Fixed Ambient Noise level Monitoring Stations with the existing CAAQM.		
3.	Sign boards in	District administration may	ensure that adequate nu	mber of sign boards installed a	t Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	Noise zones	sensitive zones in towns	e			
		Current Status	Ly. Gan Analysis	Action plan		
		Police Department has	Nil	Not Applicable.		
		installed adequate number of sign Boards in each silent zone of respective ULB's				
4.	Complaint redressing system	Action plan may envisage noise pollution. Such applica in the	implementing a public of a transmission may be used by SHC	complaint redressal system fo Ds,Traffic police ULBs and SPCB	r Not Applicable s	Not Applicable
District:		La Martin	and the second s			
--	--------------------	--------------------	--			
Current Status	Gap Analysis	Action plan				
 Complaint at present is received from public either directly to KSPCB or register in police station. 	Not Applicable.	Not Applicable.				
 KSPCB has initiated an Integrated Command Control Centre in Head office Bangalore as an Complaint redressing system for whole state by online or mobile app. 						
3. In District administration complaints are also received through Phone in Programme						

Deputy Commissioner

Chamarajanagar District, Chamarajanagar Deputy Commissioner Chamarajanagar Dist Chamarajanagar

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