

Central Pollution Control Board South Zone Office, Bengaluru-560079

Water Quality Monitoring Programme

CHECK LIST / INSPECTION REPORT

| 1. | Name & addro | ess o | f the State Board: | Karnataka State Pollution Control Board # 436/D, Opp. To Royal Inn Hotel KRS Road, Metagalli, Mysore – 570 016 |
|----|---------------------------------|-------|---|--|
| | (i) Head Offic | ce: | | Karnataka State Pollution Control Board Parisara Bhavan 5 th Floor, 49 Church Street Bengaluru – 560 001 |
| | (ii) Address o Office Lal | | Central/Regional: ory | Karnataka State Pollution Control Board # 436/D, Opp. To Royal Inn Hotel KRS Road, Metagalli, Mysore – 570 016 |
| 2. | Name & Desi Person | gnati | on of Contact: | Dr. P. Niranjan Regional Officer Mob. No.: 9448350868 Fax.: 0821 2519411 & email ID.: mys1@kspcb.gov.in |
| 3. | Number of Sta (Please provid | | s allocated GI tails in enclosed Annexur | EMS NWMP GAP |
| 4. | Sampling: | (i) | Name & Designation of Persons involved | (i) Sh. Siddaiah, Field Assistant (ii) Sh. Lakshmana, Field Assistant (iii) Ms. Bindu, Analyst (iv) Ms. Vinita, Analyst |
| | | (ii) | Sample container used: | White Polyethylene/Coloured Polyethylene/ Glass |

| | (i) Sampling Water Sa DO Mete Current M Float Ball (ii) Samples of | mpler [r [/leter [ls [| | | |
|----|--|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | (a) Mid stream / bank (b) Surface / Sub-Surface at Depth | | |
| | (iii) Bacteriol | ogical s | ample : | | |
| | | | Glass bottles 125 ml capacity Approx sample volume collected 75 ml Top covered with foil / paper / not covered | | |
| 5. | Field Measurement | : | | | |
| | (i) Velocity of Flow | : | Current Meter/Float Method/Chemical Method | | |
| | (ii) Temperature | : | a) Mercury Thermometer: 0-50 deg. cent/others | | |
| | | | b) Least Count of Thermometer: 1/1 Deg. Cent. | | |
| | (iii) Dissolved Oxygen | : | Dissolved Oxygen Meter / Winkler Method Preliminary fixation : In Field / In Lab Measurements Analysis: In Field / In Lab | | |
| 6. | Sample Preservation | : | a) Physico Chemical : (i) Ice Preserved: Yes/No Analysis Samples (ii) Chemically: Preserved Yes/No If yes, Chemical used H ₂ SO ₄ , HNO ₃ , HCL | | |
| | | | b) Bacteriological : Ice preserved : Yes/No Samples | | |
| 7. | Samples Transportation | : | In Ice Box / Without Ice Box | | |
| 8. | Post-Sampling Storage : | | Refrigerated till completion of Analysis Yes/No | | |
| 9. | Physico Chemical Analysis : | | Please provide details in Annexure (B) | | |
| | (i) Source of Distilled Water | : | Self Prepared / Purchased from Market Type of Distillation: Metal / Glass / Any other Unit Conductivity : 5 µmhos / cm | | |
| | (ii) Analytical Balance | : | Single Pan / Double Pan Digital / Weight Loading Performance : Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory | | |

| | | Readability : 0.001-500 g Satisfactory / Unsatisfactory | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 10. | Bacteriological Examination : | a) Technique : Multiple Tube / Membrane Filter | | | | |
| | | b) Media Used for: Presumptive Test Total Coliform Faecal Coliform Total Plate Count Faecal Streptococci c) Analytical Facilities Available: (Tick as √) | | | | |
| | | Inoculation Chamber : Laminar Flow | | | | |
| | | UV Tube Cotton Wool | | | | |
| | | Autoclave Incubator Water Bath | | | | |
| | | Inoculation Loop Burner / Sprit Lamp | | | | |
| | | Utensils for media preparation | | | | |
| | | LPG gas Colony counter | | | | |
| | | Rectify spirit | | | | |
| | d) | Sterilization adopted for (Tick as $$) | | | | |
| | | Sampling bottle Pipettes | | | | |
| | | Inoculation loop Culture Media | | | | |
| | | Dilution Water Culture Tube | | | | |
| | | Culture Plates with Media | | | | |
| | | With Media | | | | |
| | e) | Coliform Test (MPN test) | | | | |
| | | (i) Presumptive test performed Yes / No | | | | |
| | | (ii) Confirmative test performed Yes / No | | | | |
| | | (a) No. of Dilution adopted: upto 10^{-3} | | | | |
| | | (b) No. of Culture tube taken | | | | |
| | | for each dilution: 5 tube | | | | |
| | | (c) Culture tubes 44.5°C for faecal Coliform | | | | |
| | | Incubated at 37°C for total Coliform | | | | |
| | f) | Precautions taken during inoculation Yes / No | | | | |
| | | Manual / Computerized | | | | |

- 11. Analytical Result
- b) Data Reports Proper / Improper
- c) Data Submission Regular / Irregular
- d) Any Report prepared for Internal use (provide one copy each): No
- 12. In addition to compulsory parameters specify special parameters for each station and suggest change in frequency in Annexure 'C' wherever felt necessary.

a)

- 13. Enclose a map of the river showing location of sampling points and effluent outfalls (industrial and domestic) with distances.
- 14. At all the station (except impact station) ensure homogeneity of the river at the sampling location by checking conductivity (or chloride) over the cross section (avoiding stagnant water near the bank).(Provided information in Annexure 'D')
- 15. Name of stations inspected:

| S. No. | Station Code | Name of Station |
|--------|--------------|--|
| 1. | 3576 | Cauvery river (water intake point for Mysore city) |
| 2. | 3582 | Hebbal Lake |
| 3. | 3583 | Kukkarahalli Lake |
| 4. | 3584 | Dalavai Lake |
| 5. | 3585 | Yennehole Lake |
| 6. | 3586 | Lingambudhi Lake |
| 7. | 3587 | Shettykere Lake |
| 8. | 3588 | Karanji Lake |

Annexure 'A'

Central Pollution Control Board Location Details of Monitoring Stations

State Board Karnataka, Central / Regional Lab Mysore regional Office, KSPCB.

| | | | | | 14/ / | Δ. | | | |
|-----------|---------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Name of | Station | Latitude | Longitude | 25 km Radius | Water use | Approx. | Approx. | Mode of | Significance of |
| Stations | Code | | | catchment area | classification | distance from | approach time | Transportation/ | station/ Impact/ |
| GEMS / | | | | use | Drinking water/ | Lab to | to Sampling | approach | Baseline/ Trend |
| MINARS / | | | | | Bathing/ wild- | Sampling | Station from | Bicycle/ Auto/ | (Please Ref. |
| GAP | | | | | Life/ Irrigation | Station | Lab | Car/ Bus/ Train | Footnote) |
| Cauvery | 3576 | $N=12^{0}2$ | E= | Water supply | Drinking | 18 Km | 20 Min. | Car | Impact |
| River/MIN | | 1`03.6`` | 76 ⁰ 37 ³ 8 | intake point | water | | | | _ |
| ARS | | | .3" | of Mysore | | | | | |
| | | | | city | | | | | |
| Hebbal | 3582 | $N=12^{0}2$ | E= | | Irrigation | 2 Km | 4 Min. | Car | Baseline |
| Lake/NW | 5502 | 1 38.4 | 76 ⁰ 36 ³ 5 | | inguion | 2 1111 | 1 1/1111. | Cui | Dusenne |
| MP | | 1 30.4 | 22 | | | | | | |
| | 2502 | N. 10 ⁰ 0 | .6 | | *** | - - - - - | 1015 | <u> </u> | D 11 |
| Kukkaraha | 3583 | $N = 12^{0} 2$ | E= , | | Water is not | 7.6 Km | 18 Min. | Car | Baseline |
| lli | | 1 25.4 | 76 [°] 36 [°] 39 | | used for any | | | | |
| Lake/NW | | | .7 ["] | | purpose. It is | | | | |
| MP | | | | | a tourist | | | | |
| | | | | | place | | | | |
| Dalavai | 3584 | $N=12^{0}1$ | E= | | Irrigation | 15 Km | 32 Min. | Car | Impact |
| Lake/NW | | 4 [°] 59.9 ^{°°} | 76 ⁰ 39 [°] 30 | | 0 | - | | | I |
| MP | | | .8 | | | | | | |
| Yennehole | 3585 | $N=12^{0}1$ | .0 E= | | Irrigation | 15.7 Km | 28 min. (Via | Car | Impact |
| Lake/NW | 5565 | | $12-76^{0}38^{2}22$ | | Ingation | 13.7 K III | | Cal | impact |
| | | 2 31.9 | 10 38 22 | | | | ring road) | | |
| MP | | 0 | .8 | | | | | | |
| Lingambud | 3587 | $N=12^{0}1$ | E= | | Irrigation | 17.3 Km | 27 min. (Via | Car | Impact |
| hi | | 6 5.5 | 76 [°] 36 [°] 45 | | | | ring road) | | |
| Lake/NW | | | .4" | | | | _ | | |
| MP | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Shettykere | 3587 | $N=12^{0}1$ | E= | Irrigation | 16.9 Km | 35 min. | Car | Impact |
|------------|------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---------|--------------|-----|----------|
| Lake/NW | | 4 [`] 18.1 ["] | 76 ⁰ 39 [°] 39 | | | | | |
| MP | | | .5 [°] | | | | | |
| Karanji | 3588 | $N=12^{0}1$ | E= | Water is not | 12 Km | 22 min. (via | Car | Baseline |
| Lake/NW | | 8 [°] 6.3 ^{°°} | 76 ⁰ 40 [°] 18 | used for any | | ring road) | | |
| MP | | | .8 | purpose. It is | | | | |
| | | | | a tourist | | | | |
| | | | | place | | | | |

Footnote :

<u>Baseline</u> :- Determine the quality of water in its natural state i.e. these stations are located at a place where the water quality is not influenced by human activities.

<u>Impact</u> :- Assess the impact of activities by man upon the quality of the water & its suitability for required uses e.g. water intake point, bathing ghats etc.

<u>Trend</u>:- Keep under observation the sources and pathway of specified pollutants. These stations are used to assess the water quality and its trend over a period of time. (for trend stations homogeneity of the river is to be ensured at sampling location by checking conductivity across the cross-section).

Annexure 'B'

Central Pollution Control Board

PHYSICO – CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

| Sl. No. | Parameter | Method (Tick the method used as $$) | Instrument (make / model) | Comments on analytical procedure |
|------------|--------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| 1. | рН | i) Colorimetric | | |
| | | ii) pH strips | | |
| | | iii) pH meter | | |
| 2. | Conductivity | i) Conductivity | | |
| | | ii) Any other | | |
| 3. | Turbidity | i) NTU | | |
| | | ii) JTU | | |
| 4. | Calcium | i) Titrimetric | | |
| | | ii) Flame photometric | | |
| 5. | Sulphate | i) Gravimetric | | |
| | | ii) Turbidimetric | | |
| 6. | Sodium | i) Flame Emission Photometric | | |
| _ | | ii) A.A.S. | | |
| 7. | Phosphates | i) ANSA | | |
| | | ii) Vanadomolybdo | | |
| | | Phosphoric Acid | | |
| | | iii) Stannous Chloride | | |
| | | iv) Ascorbic Acid | | |
| | | v) Automated Ascorbic Acid | | |
| | | Reduction | | |
| 8. | Alkalinity | i) Titrimetric | | |
| | | ii) Electrometric | | |
| 9. | Chlorides | i) Argentometric | | |
| | | ii) Mercuric Nitrateiii) Phenometric | | |
| | | iv) Automated Ferricyanide | | |

| 10. | Boron | i) Curcumin | |
|-----|---------|--|----------|
| | | ii) Carmine | |
| 11. | B.O.D. | i) Dilution Method Temp. of | |
| | | ii) Other – Winklers method incubator/ water bath 27 °C for 3 days | |
| 12. | C.O.D. | i) Open reflux | Reflux |
| | | ii) Closed reflux titrimetric | Time hr. |
| | | iii) Close reflux colorimetric | |
| 13. | Ammonia | i) Nesslerization (Direct) | |
| | | ii) Nesslerization (Distillation) | |
| | | iii) Distillation following | |
| | | titration | |
| | | iv) Ammonia selective | |
| | | electrode | |
| | | v) Phenate method | |
| | | vi) Other | |
| 14. | Nitrate | i) UV Spectrophotometer | |
| | | ii) Electrode | |
| | | iii) Cadmium reduction | |
| | | iv) Chromotropic Acid | |
| | | v) Davarda's alloy Reduction | |
| 15. | Nitrite | i) NED Dihydrochloride NA | |
| | | ii) Other | |
| 16. | T.K.N. | i) Macro-kjeldahl | |
| | | ii) Semi-micro-kjeldahl | |
| 17. | T.D.S. | i) Dried at 180 °C | |
| 18. | F.D.S. | i) Ignited at 550 °C | |

Give details of parameters being analysed (other than mentioned above): Fe, Cu, Zn, Ni, Pb, Mn,

Cd, Cr and Heavy metals.

Time in days for completion of analysis after sample collection: 15 days.

Annexure 'C'

Central Pollution Control Board

RECOMMENDATIONS FOR CHANGE OF FREQUENCY AND SPECIAL PARAMETERS

| Name of Station | Station Code | Specific parameters recommended if necessary (like – heavy metals (specific | Justification for recommendation of specific | Change of frequency recommended | | Justification for proposed change in frequency |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|---------------------------------|----------|--|
| | | metals) pesticides, cyanide, phenol etc. | parameters | Present | Proposed | |
| | | | | | | |
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Central Pollution Control Board

COMMENTS AND FOLLOW - UP

The following observations have been made during visit at **Karnataka** State Pollution Control Board, **Mysore Regional Office Laboratory** from **CPCB**, **South Zonal Office Bengaluru**.

| (i) | The sampling stations located : | Yes / No |
|------|---|----------|
| | appropriately | |
| (ii) | If shifting of any sampling location : is required provide following details | Yes / No |
| | (Attach separate sheet if space is not sufficient) | |

| Sl. No. | Name and code no. of old location | Name of alternate new location | Reasons for shifting |
|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | |

- (iii) Name of non-operational stations: Nil, all the stations are in operations and reason thereof
- (iv) Deficiencies in Monitoring Programme (sampling, transportation & analysis) observed (Attach sheet if space is not sufficient) and changes suggested (to be communicated to State Board with a copy to CPCB Head Office along with the dulyfilled check list)
 - 1. Samplings were done near the river bank and samples were taken on surface of river.
 - 2. Ice box was used for preserving the sample, but without ice in the container.
 - 3. Samplings were transported either by Car or Bus from sampling point to Laboratory for 90 km distance.
 - 4. For complete analysis of parameters, laboratory is taking 15 days time.
 - 5. The KSPCB regional Office Laboratory of KSPCB Mysore, is receiving 90 samples per month from different districts of Karnataka, which is causing delay in analysis and work load on analysts this may also leads to analytical error.

Signature of Inspection Team:

I.A. Kadar Sr. Technician Poornima B. M. Sc. B

Photo graphs showing NWMP stations located in Mysore district



Fig No. 1: Sampling at Hebbal Lake (SC – 3582) 3583),

Fig No. 2: Sampling at Kukkarahalli Lake (SC – this lake is a tourist place and this water is not

used for

any purpose.



Fig No. 3: Sampling at Karanji Lake (SC- 3588) the this lake is a tourist place and this water is not being used for any purpose. Fig No. 4: Sampling at Dalavai Lake (SC- 3584), treated sewage joins this lake and the water is used for irrigation purpose



Fig No. 5: Sampling at Shettykere Lake (SC-3587) 3585) This water is being used for irrigation purpose is

Fig No. 6: Sampling at Yennehole Lake (SCthe treated sewage joins this lake and the water being used for irrigation purpose



Fig No. 7: Sampling at Lingambudhi Lake (SC-3586), this lake has been severely polluted by immersing Ganesha idol dur