Ambient Air Quality and Noise Levels:

Deepawali Festival Monitoring Report 2015.





CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD
Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change
Website: www.cpcb.nic.in

February 2016

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FOREWORD

Noise and air pollution are hazards to the ambient environment and a cause of concern due to bursting of fire crackers during Deepawali. It is, therefore, necessary to conduct ambient noise and air quality monitoring during this festival to understand the level of pollution and correlate with the effectiveness of different abatement programs. Like every year, Central Pollution Control Board, State Pollution Control Boards and Pollution Control Committees carried out extensive ambient noise and air quality monitoring across the country during Deepawali festival on November 11, 2015.

This report is a compilation of ambient noise (248 locations) and ambient air quality (103 locations) data covering 22 states/UTs in the country and incorporates comparison with data of previous year. In general, as compared to last year there was decrease in Noise level at 44 locations in 2015, while increased Noise level was observed at most of other locations. Also, as compared to last year, NO₂, SO₂ and PM₁₀ levels were lesser in concentration at 27, 28 and 27 locations, respectively. So despite, mass awareness programs being taken up by respective SPCBs/PCCs, there was increase in the levels of pollution in the country during Deepawali days in 2015.

The exercise was supervised by Dr. D. Saha, Scientist 'E'. The efforts of Shri P. Krishnamurthy, Scientist 'C' towards coordination, data compilation is appreciated.

I hope that the SPCBs/PCCs and other concerned authorities will use this document to celebrate Deepawali festival in more environment friendly way?





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Central Pollution Control Board acknowledges the efforts of State Pollution Control Boards, Pollution Control Committees and other persons associated with this work for monitoring the noise and air pollution levels on Deepawali festival as per the protocol prescribed by CPCB. It would not have been possible to compile this report on ambient noise and ambient air quality without their sincere support and efforts.

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1. Introduction

India is a diverse country having the Himalayas in the North, desert in west, forests in the north east, plains in the south, rivers all over, beaches in the east and west and different festivals are celebrated and cherished by people in the north, south, east and west alike. Diwali or Deepawali is the biggest and brightest Hindu festival which is embraced throughout the country regardless of faith by all religious denominations of Jains, Buddhists, Sikhs and others. Deepawali is usually celebrated between mid-October to mid-November and it may last up to five days. Deepawali is popularly known as the "festival of lights" bringing joy to the young and old all alike.

There are numerous types of festivals in the world. Some of the festivals have religious origins, others involve seasonal change or have some cultural significance. In every month many festivals come and fill colours in our life. Every festival plays an important part in the life of different people from different communities of India.

Crackers hold a fascination for both young and old alike. Crackers of varied colors and sounds fill the skies heralding India's favorite festival, however—these crackers spoil our environment by causing noise and air pollution and also affect our health. The smoke of fireworks consists mainly of fine toxic dusts and chemicals that easily enter the lungs and causing harmful effects for those already sick as well as for the healthy. Therefore, law has been made to ban crackers that make a noise of more than 125 decibels at four meters distance from the point of bursting.

Adverse Effects of Bursting Crackers on Health

- Apart from the mild burns and accidents the children also breathe the toxic air and suffering from nasal irritation and throat congestion.
- The smoke also irritates the eyes causing tears and redness. Sometimes, the sound makes the ears go dumb and also cause deafness.
- Bursting crackers may increase blood pressure and aggravate heart disease. Nausea, headache and giddiness are common effects of bursting crackers.
- Lung infections such as coughing, sneezing. Respiratory disorders like asthma, wheezing often get severe during Deepawali festival. The pollution hazards such as the toxic smoke causes a lot of discomfort in breathing.
- The poisonous gas can also affect pregnant women adversely. It may also affect the mentally ill patients leading to depression, fear and stress.



The increasing ambient noise levels in public places from various sources, inter-alia, industrial activity, construction activity, fire crackers, sound producing instruments, generator sets, loud speakers, public address systems, music systems, vehicular horns and other mechanical devices have deleterious effects on human health and the psychological well being of the people; it is considered necessary to regulate and control noise producing and generating sources with the objective of maintaining the ambient standards in respect of noise. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (ii) of sub-section (2) of section 3, sub-section (1) and clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 6 and section 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) read with rule 5 of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules for the regulation and control of noise producing and generating sources, viz., The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000. The standards are given in Annexure—I.

Ambient Air Quality Standards

The primary aim of the ambient air quality standards is to provide a basis for protecting public health from adverse effects of air pollution and for eliminating, or reducing to a minimum, those contaminants of air that are known or likely to be hazardous to human health and well being.

Ideally, air quality standards should represent concentrations of chemical compounds in air that would not pose any health hazard to the human population. However, the realistic assessment of human health hazards necessitates a distinction between absolute safety and acceptable risk. To aim at achieving absolute safety, one would need a detailed knowledge of dose-response relationships in individuals in relation to all sources of exposure, the types of toxic effect elicited by specific pollutants or their mixtures and existing health status of human population. However, such comprehensive and conclusive data on environmental contaminants are not always available, certainly not for all types of pollutants. Very often, the relevant data are scarce and the quantitative relationship uncertain; scientific judgments and consensus, therefore, play an important role.

The ambient air quality objectives / standards are pre-requisite for developing program for effective management of ambient air quality and to reduce the damaging effects of air pollution. In exercise of the power conferred by Sub – section (2) (h) of section 16 of the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No. 14 of 1981) CPCB has formulated the ambient air quality standards for 12 parameters, which also describes time waited average, areas (land use) and methods of measurement in November 2009. For details, refer to Gazette Notification as placed at Annexure—II.



Brief about the monitoring

In order to assess the problem of rising air and noise pollution produced by firework during Deepawali festival, Central Pollution Control Board has conducted Ambient Noise and Air Quality Monitoring on Normal Day (November 05,2015) and Deepawali Day (November 11,2015) at Delhi, Lucknow, Kolkata, Bangaluru, Bhopal, Shillong and Vadodara. These monitoring was carried out at various places covering various zones (viz. Commercial, Residential & Silence). All SPCB's/PCCs were also requested to conduct the similar monitoring at their state HQs & cities.

2. Objectives

- To determine present Air Quality status and trends during Deepawali festival;
- To monitor the ambient noise levels for normal and Deepawali day from 18:00 Hrs to 24:00 Hrs at various locations in different cities;
- To determine the trends and variations of noise levels at various areas of the cities in different monitoring locations; and
- ❖ This year special awareness program and common print − awareness materials were also published throughout the country for a period of 15 consecutive days.





3. Methodology

Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

The ambient air quality monitoring was carried out for minimum 24 hours as per the NAMP format 06:00 Hours to 06:00 Hours. The national standard is prescribed for 24 hours. The complete protocol for Particulate Matter (Size less than $10\mu m$) or PM_{10} and gaseous pollutants (SO_2 & NO_2) as well methodology is given at **Annexure III, IV and V.**

Ambient Noise Level Monitoring

Noise measurements was carried out by using a Type 1 integrating sound level meter with free-field microphone which meets the accuracy of noise measurement as per IEC 804 (BS 6698) Grade I or ANSI Type I or equivalent IEC 61672-1(2002-05) Class-I to see the overall impact of bursting crackers on Ambient Air Environment.

Monitoring frequency/Sampling Frequency: Noise Monitoring was conducted from 18.00 Hrs to 24.00 Hrs continuously at each location with sampling frequency of 1 second.

Monitoring Parameters: Measurement of Leq, L₁₀, L₉₀, L₅₀, L_{max}, L_{min} and LAI at all locations during monitoring. Complete Noise monitoring protocol and data sheet is enclosed at **Annexure VI and VII**.

4. Monitoring of major cities and towns

4(a) Ambient Air Quality and Noise Monitoring by CPCB Head Office and Zonal Offices

The CPCB Head office and the Zonal Offices of CPCB also participated in this program since many years. The cities taken for monitoring by Zonal Offices of CPCB: are Agra, Lucknow, Kolkata, Shillong, Bhopal, Bangaluru and Vadodara the CPCB Head Office carried out the monitoring the city of Delhi. A complete data of ambient air quality & noise monitoring carried out in various locations during 2015 in Map-1. The data of preceding year (2011-2015) is given at Table – I & II. It was observed that there was decrease in ambient noise level as compared to 2011, while no significant variation in ambient air quality was observed as compared to 2011 to 2015.



Map 1: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Monitoring Data during Deepawali 2015 at Zonal Offices

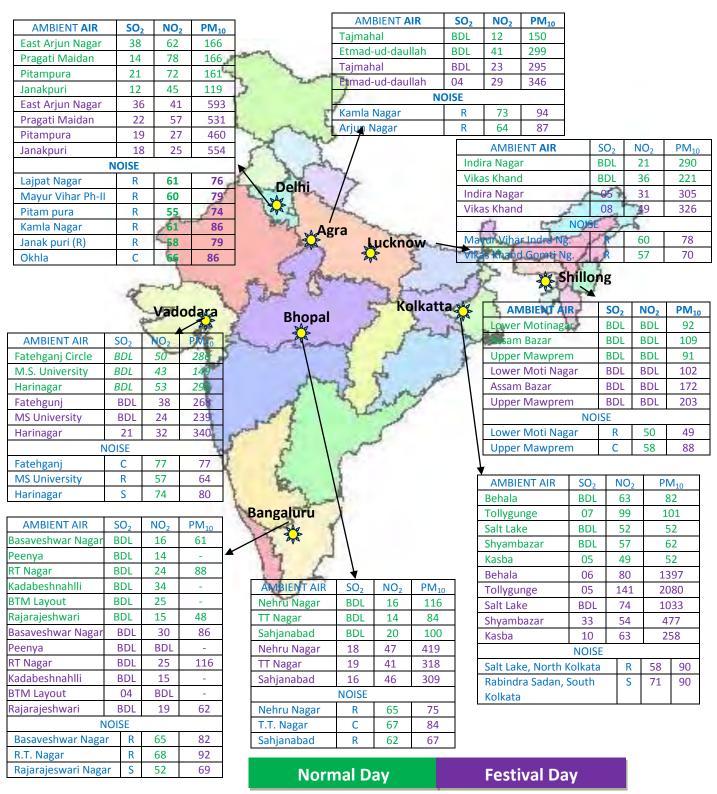




Table I: Ambient Air Quality Data During Deepawali festival in the major cities (last 5 years 2011-15)

S. No.	Cities with Locations		2011			2012			2013			2014		2015		
140.	Locations	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
BANG	ALORE	1				l						l		ı	l	
1	Kurbarahalli	BDL	18.0	82	BDL	24	147	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	M.S. Ramaiah Hospital	BDL	BDL	85	BDL	25	153	BDL	16	22	BDL	11.2	81	-	-	-
3	Nagarbhavi	05	06	40	BDL	16	103	BDL	BDL	60	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Rajaji Nagar	24	08	116	05	22	143	06	15.7	86	06	16	213	-	-	-
5	R.T.Nagar	BDL	25	94	BDL	40	149	-	-	-	BDL	23	103	BDL	25	116
6	Basaveshwar Nagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	30	86
7	Peenya	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	-
8	Kadabeshnahlli	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	15	-
9	BTM Layout	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	-
10	Rajarajeshwari	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	11	81	BDL	19	62
ВНОР	BHOPAL															
1	T T Nagar	14	51	411	7	40	291	12	47	212	09	33	208	19	41	318
2	Chhola Road	11	59	482	9	46	373	12	49	255	08	22	348	-	-	-
3	AG Colony	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	39	338	-	-	-
4	Nehru Nagar	09	50	433	10	48	389	13	50	350	-	-	-	18	47	419
5	Saketh Nagar	-	-	-	11	51	430	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sahjanabad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	46	309
DELHI		•				•						•			•	
1	B.S.Z. Marg (ITO)	28	56	416	13	85	795	11	52	>1000	08	82	442	-	-	-
2	Pitampura	22	27	428	17	58	776	18	31	952	10	67	756	19	27	460
3	Sirifort	25	30	635	19	67	760	10	29	875	-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Janakpuri	40	31	441	63	69	951	56	35	969	32	53	648	18	25	554
5	Nizamuddin	21	46	421	25	69	748	05	26	796	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Shahazada Bagh	35	45	438	13	64	820	40	87	>1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Shahdara	11	28	497	20	44	928	10	33	>1000	-	-	-	-	-	-
	East Arjun Nagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	41	593
	Pragati Maidan	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	08	82	442	22	57	531
LUCKI	Now	•		•			•		•	ı	1		•			ı
1	Nishatganj	29	31	320	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
2	Indira Nagar	-	-	-	05	53	498	10	88	617	7	69	476	05	31	305
3	Vikas Khand	20	43	337	05	49	563	07	71	616	5	57	332	08	49	326
	L	1	1		1	l	1	1	l	l l		l	1	1	l	l



Table – I (Cont.)

AGRA																
1	Tajmahal	-	-	-	-	-	-	04	31	524	BDL	16	191	BDL	23	295
2	Etmad-ud-daullah	-	-	-	-	-	-	05	27	697	5	29	271	04	29	346
VADO	VADODARA															
1	Fatehgunj	08	22	222	BDL	34	210	BDL	25	160	BDL	49	337	BDL	38	268
2	M.S.University	09	09	167	04	28	179	BDL	21	97	BDL	20	226	BDL	24	239
3	Harinagar	11	18	233	12	33	249	14	21	189	12	27	265	21	32	340
KOLK	ATTA	l	I	I.	l							I				
1	Behala	04	32	401	24	47	>1000	14	36	650	04	34	852	06	80	>1000
2	Tollygunge	14	64	398	23	61	>1000	07	48	>1000	07	56	998	05	141	>1000
3	Kasba	24	38	453	30	60	514	46	53	>1000	60	50	>1000	10	63	258
4	Salt lake	30	40	991	15	51	>1000	21	43	>1000	37	43	>1000	BDL	74	>1000
5	Shyambazar	-	-	-	11	34	>1000	44	43	>1000	29	36	760	33	54	477
6	Canning	07	05	157	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	Cossipur	53	57	413	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SHILL	ONG		•									•				
1	Fire Brigade	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	117	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	Upper Mawprem	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	259	BDL	BDL	135	BDL	BDL	203
3	Lower Moti Nagar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	95	BDL	BDL	102
4	Assam Bazar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	132	BDL	BDL	172



Table - II: Noise Monitoring Data during Deepawali festival in the major cities (last 5 years 2011-15)

C N-	1			Avei	rage Noise Level in	n dB (A) Leq.	
S. No.	Location		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
BANGALO	RE						
1	R.T. Nagar	С	85	75	-	73	92
2	Rajaji Nagar	С	86	80	85	88	-
3	Raja Rajeshwari	R	74	68	79	69	69
	Nagar						
4	Nagarbhavi	R	1	-	80	-	-
5	Malleswaram	R	78	76	-	-	-
BHOPAL							
1	Nehru Nagar	R	80	89	103	-	75
2	TT Nagar	С	79	104	75	81	84
3	Chola Road	R	ı	-	-	89	67
4	AG Colony	R	1	-	-	81	-
DELHI							
1	AIIMS	S	76	76	81	80	-
2	Connaught Place	С	69	69	74	80	-
3	Mayur Vihar Ph-II	R	91	73	83	83	79
4	Kamla Nagar	R	81	80	81	80	86
5	Pitam Pura	R	75	75	73	71	74
6	East Arjun Nagar	С	74	74	72	-	-
7	Lajpat Nagar	R	81	81	79	-	76
8	ITO/Pragati Maidan	С	71	71	69	-	-
9	Dilshad Garden	R	80	78	80	-	-
10	Janakpuri	R	-	=	-	78	79
LUCKNOV	V						
1	Indira Nagar	R	-	81	85	79	78
2	Vikas Khand	R	-	66	66	56	70
AGRA							
1	Kamla Nagar	R	-	-	81	92	94
2	Arjun Nagar	R	-	-	-	-	87
VADODAI	RA						
1	Fatehgunj	С	76	81	76	77	77
2	M.S.University		66	65	72	74	64
	Campus	S					
3	Harinagar	R	88	82	78	73	80
KOLKATT	Α						
1	North Kolkata	R	96	78	74	71	90
2	South Kolkata	S	91	71	67	64	90
SHILLONG	i						
1	Lower Moti Nagar	R	ı	71	-	71	49
2	Upper Mawprem	С	1	88	86	84	88
3	Fire Brigade	R	-	-	72	-	-
4	Assam Bazar	С	-	-	-	86	-

Note: (-) indicates data not available.



4.(b) State-wise Ambient Air Quality and Noise Monitoring

With the view to maintain uniformity in monitoring across a country, the CPCB has prepared protocol for monitoring of ambient noise and circulated it to all SPCBs &PCCs in the country. Data of states and UTs made available to CPCB till Jan-31, 2016 are as under:

State-wise number of monitoring locations.										
S. No.	Name of the State	No. of Monitor	ring Locations							
	Name of the State	Noise Monitoring	AAQ Monitoring							
1	ANDAMAN & NICOBAR	05	01							
2	ANDHARA PRADESH	32	09							
3	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	-	02							
4	CHHATTISGARH	18	07							
5	DELHI	06	04							
6	DD & DNH	02	02							
7	GOA	04	05							
8	GUJARAT	03	01							
9	HARYANA	29	10							
10	HIMACHAL PRADESH	13	11							
11	KARNATAKA	03	06							
12	MADHYA PRADESH	09	04							
13	MEGHALAYA	02	03							
14	NAGALAND	03	01							
15	ODISHA	45	00							
16	PUDUCHERRY	01	02							
17	SIKKIM	03	-							
18	TAMIL NADU	23	10							
19	TELANGANA	12	10							
20	TRIPURA	25	04							
21	UTTAR PRADESH	08	06							
22	WEST BENGAL	02	05							
	Total	248	103							

To comply the order of Hon'ble Supreme-court of India, in the year 2001, Noise monitoring and ambient air carried out during Deepawali-2015 & compiled data collected from CPCB, SPCBs & UTs have been given in the following respective state and UTs area maps:



Fig 1: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Andaman & Nicobar



The Andaman and Nicobar one of the seven union territories of India, are a group of islands at the juncture of the Bay of Bengal and Andaman Sea. It comprises two island groups, the Andaman Islands and the Nicobar Islands. The territory's capital is the Andamanese town of Port Blair. The total land area of these islands is approximately 7,950 km² (3,070 sq mi). This tropical rain forest, despite its isolation from adjacent land masses, is surprisingly rich with a diversity of animal life.

In this UT, the monitoring was carried out by Andaman Nicobar Administration Pollution Control Committee, Port Blair.



Observation- In this UT, ambient air quality monitoring carried out only in Port Blair and noise monitoring carried out also in the same city at five locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level was 48 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** was 52 $\mu g/m^3$. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 45 and 63 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 50 and 67 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 62 Leq.dB(A) was reported at *Haddo* (C). A pictorial presentation of monitoring Location is depicted in the map.

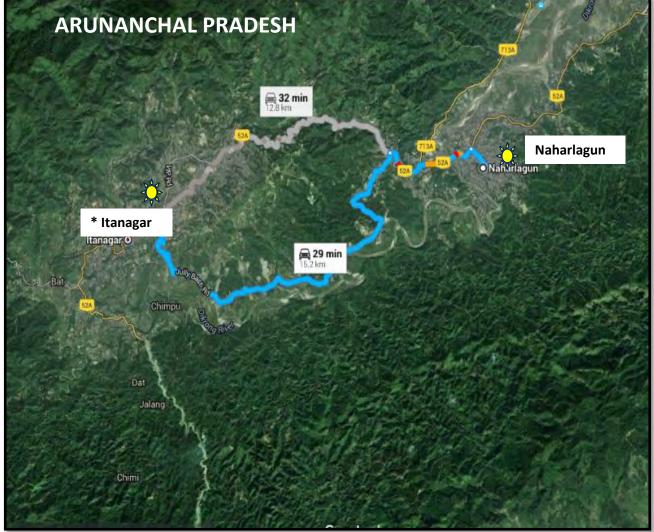
	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Andaman & Nicobar												
S.No	City			Norma	al Day			Deepawali Day					
			2014		2015				2014		2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Port Blair	29	37	32	15	09	48	36	30	33	31	17	52

Ambient Noise Data During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Andaman & Nicobar in Leq dB (A)												
S.No	City	Locations	Normal	Day	Deepav	vali Day						
			2014	2015	2014	2015						
1		Aberdeen Bazaar (C)	66	62	82	66						
2		G.B. Pant Hospital (S)	44	45	77	50						
3	Port Blair	Haddo (C)	62	61	82	67						
4	Diali	Dairy Farm (C)	63	63	60	66						
5		Shadipur (C)	54	57	72	59						
		Min.	44	45	60	50						
		Max.	66	63	82	67						
		Average	58	57	59	62						

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	$\mu g/m^3$			
Industrial area (I)	75	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Fig 2: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Arunachal Pradesh



^{*} Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

Arunachal Pradesh is one of the twenty-nine states of the Republic of India. Located in northeast India, it holds the most north-eastern position among the states in the north-east region of India. Arunachal Pradesh borders the states of Assam and Nagaland to the south, and shares international borders with Bhutan in the west, Burma in the east and China in the north. Itanagar is the capital of the state and their area is 83,743 km² (32,333 sq mi), Area rank is 15, and Population total 1,382,611, Rank 27th, Density 17/km² (43/sq mi).

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Arunachal Pradesh State Pollution Control Board, Naharlagun



Observations - In this State, only ambient air quality monitoring carried out in Naharlagun and Itanagar city.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} level ranged between 56 and 76 μ g/m³, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 75 and 86 μ g/m³. The maximum PM_{10} value of 86 μ g/m³ was reported at **Itanagar** on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring Location is depicted in the map.

Amb	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Arunachal Pradesh													
S.No	Locations			Norm	al Day			Deepawali Day						
			2014		2015			2014			2015			
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	
1	Itanagar	-	-	30	07	BDL	76	-	-	105	-	-	86	
2	Naharlagun	-	-	31	BDL	BDL	56	1	1	51	BDL	BDL	75	

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard				
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³				
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80			
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100			
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9			



Fig 3: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Andhra Pradesh



^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM10 concentration this year

Andhra Pradesh is a state bordering India's south eastern coast. Tropical forests, rivers, hills, and caves make it a popular ecotourism destination. Beaches line the Bay of Bengal, offering spots for swimming and surfing. Major cultural landmarks include Tirumala Venkateswara Temple, an ornate hilltop shrine to Hindu's Vishnu, in the southern part of the state. Area: 160,205 km², Population: 49.67 million (2011), Capitals: Vijayawada, Hyderabad.

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Andhra Pradesh Pollution Control Board, Hyderabad.

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations – In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in nine cities and noise monitoring carried out in nine cities at thirty two locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 32 and 141 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 76 and 220 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value of 220 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Guntur** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 52 and 88 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 66 and 106 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 106 Leq.dB(A) was reported at City **Kota Junction(C)** at **Viziyanagaram**, in on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

Am	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Andhra Pradesh													
S.No	Cities			Norn	nal Day	1		Deepawali Day						
			2014		2015			2014			2015			
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	
1	Viziyanagaram	1	-	-	20	22	65	-	-	-	30	41	147	
2	Visakha Patnam	-	-	-	17	24	32	-	-	-	30	39	113	
3	Kakinada	-	-	-	16	21	63	-	-	-	41	52	133	
4	Eluru	-	-	-	05	24	70	-	-	-	8	47	76	
5	Vijayawada	-	-	-	05	28	99	-	-	-	08	47	115	
6	Guntur	-	-	-	09	23	141	-	-	-	11	36	220	
7	Nellore	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	69	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	NM	
8	Tirupati	-	-	-	07	13	61	-	-	-	NM	NM	NM	
9	Kurnool	-	-	-	18	10	72	-	-	-	08	19	111	
	Min	-	-	-	05	10	32	-	-	-	08	19	76	
	Max	-	-	-	20	28	141	-	-	-	41	52	220	
	Average	•	-	-	12	21	<i>75</i>	-	-	-	19	40	131	

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	$\mu g/m^3$			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9		

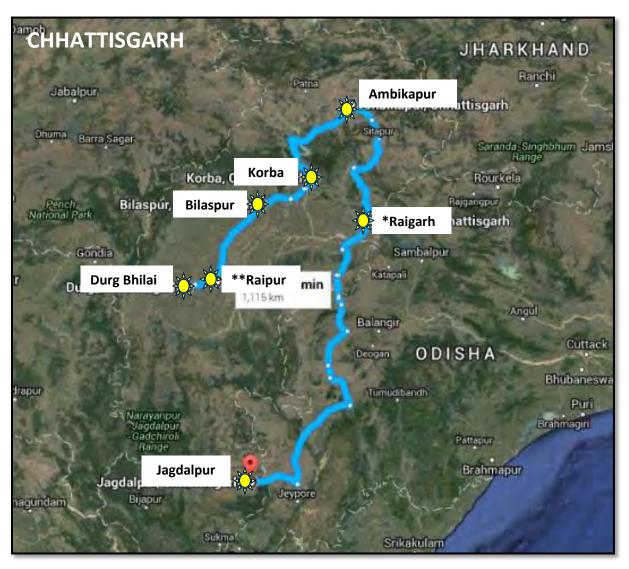


		loise Level at different locations ormal & Deepawali Day 2014 &			ıring	
S. No.	Cities	Locations	1	al Day	Deepaw	ali Dav
3. 140.	Cities	Locations	2014	2015	2014	2015
1		Pradeepnagar (C)	-	67	-	92
2	Viziyanagaram	Kota Junction(C)	-	82	-	106
3	70.	Mayruri Juction (NA)	-	79	-	103
4		Pandu Rangapuram (R)	-	63	-	81
5		King George Hospital (S)	-	63	-	74
6		Kurpam Market (C)	-	84	-	95
7	Vishakapatnam	Jagadambha Junction (C)	-	80	-	79
8		St. Anthoni School (S)	-	63	-	78
9		RTC Complex (C)	-	82	-	79
10		Ramanayyapeta (C)	-	67	-	87
11	Kakinada	Near Bhanugudi (C)	-	75	-	87
12		JNTU Campus (S)	-	56	-	75
13		Ashok Nagar,	-	52	-	80
14	Eluru	District Govt. Hospital	-	54	-	66
15		RR Pet	-	72	-	78
16		Autonagar (I)	-	73	-	84
17	Vijayawada	Benz Circle (C)	-	72	-	87
18		Venkateswara Street (R)	-	69	-	73
19		Laxminagar (R)	-	67	-	84
20	Guntur	Brundavan Gardens (S)	-	64	-	74
21		Brodipet (C)	-	72	-	84
22		Near Narthaki Theatre (C)	-	81	-	82
23	Nellore	Chandramouli Nagar(R)	-	66	-	80
24		NT Road (R)	-	65	-	NM
25		Gandhi (C)	-	78	-	NM
26	T :	Balaji Colony (C)	-	69	-	NM
27	Tirupati	Campus School (S)	-	76	-	NM
28		SV University (S)	-	79	-	NM
29		Municipal Office (C)	-	88	-	NM
30		Old Town (R)	-	69	-	78
31	Kurnool	Krishna Nagar (R)	-	71	-	81
32		Montessori School (C)	-	65	-	77
		Min.		52	-	66
		Мах.	-	88	-	106
		Average	-	71	-	82

A	Ambient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Fig 4: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Chhattisgarh State



^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM_{10} concentration this year

Chhattisgarh is a state in central India. It is the 10th largest state in India, with an area of 135,194 km². With a population of 25.5 million, Chhattisgarh is the 16th most-populated state of the nation. Area: 35,194 km², Founded: November 1, 2000, Population 25.55 million (2013), Capitals Bilaspur (Judiciary), Raipur.

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Chhattisgarh Environment Conservation Board, Raipur.

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in seven cities and noise monitoring carried out in seven cities at eighteen locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 86 and 192 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 125 and 302 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 302 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Raigarh** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 43 and 72 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 53 and 103 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 103 Leq.dB(A) was reported at City Kotwali (R), in **Raipur** on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality	Data (µ	ıg/m³) C	Ouring N	ormal D	ay & Do	eepawal	i Day 20	14 & 2	015 in C	hhattisį	garh Sta	te
S.	Cities	Normal Day								Deepav	vali Day		
No		2014			2015			2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Durg Bhilai	10	17	93	10	17	93	17	22	127	19	23	125
2	Raipur	21	30	167	17	28	133	25	37	260	23	34	177
3	Bilaspur	08	19	73	10	17	93	12	27	242	19	23	125
4	Korba	15	18	88	13	19	86	23	25	194	22	28	188
5	Ambikapur	-	-	-	09	12	171	-	-	-	11	14	266
6	Raigarh	10	16	-	10	16	155	23	27	-	23	27	302
7	Jagdalpur	10	14	-	10	13	192	19	27	-	22	25	256
	Min	08	14	73	09	12	86	12	22	127	11	14	125
	Max	21	30	167	17	28	192	25	37	260	23	34	302
	Average	12	19	105	11	17	132	20	28	206	20	25	206

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	IB(A) Night Time Leq dB(A) μg/m³				
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	SO ₂	80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9		



Amb	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Chhattisgarh during Normal & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)										
S.	Cities Locations Normal Day Deepawali Day										
No.			2014	2015	2014	2015					
1	Durg Bhilai	JLN Hospital (S)	43	43	52	53					
2	Durg Billiai	City Kotwali, Durg (C)	67	67	76	76					
3		Near AllMS Hospital (M)	61	59	89	93					
4	Raipur	City Kotwali (R)	1	66	1	103					
5	Kaipui	Shankar Nagar (C)	62	68	90	99					
6		Collect orate (C)	64	69	94	94					
7		At Office building Vyapar	57	49	72	58					
	Bilaspur	Vihar(C)									
8		Traffic Police Thana, (R)	76	69	82	78					
9		Darri Jamnipali (R)	60	62	82	79					
10	Korba	Near Tehsil Office (R)	-	55	77	74					
11		T.P Nagar (C)	72	72	87	87					
12		RO Building, Nawapara(R)	ı	48	1	83					
13	Ambikapur	Garhi Chowk (C)	ı	69	1	90					
14		Raghunath District Hospital (S)	57	53	80	55					
15	Raigarh	RO CECB (R)	50	52	84	83					
16		Housing Board Colony (R)	55	59	91	68					
17	Jagdal Pur	Sanjay Market Chowk (C)	66	64	96	89					
18		Maharani Hospital Parisar (S)	-	55	1	67					
		Min.	43	43	52	53					
		Мах.	76	72	96	103					
		Average	61	60	82	<i>79</i>					

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone Day Time Leq dB(A) Night Time Leq dB(A) $\mu g/m^3$					
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



SHALIMAR BAGH **DELHI** Air Force Station Hindar ULEMAN WAZIRPUR VAMUNA VIHAR **Pitam Pura** AR HANGLE GARDEN ₽ 2 h 46 min 64.5 km **Kamla Nagar PASCHIM VIHAR *East Arjun Nagar KIRTI NAGAR PAHARGANJ DARIYA GAN KAUSHAMB IKASPURI ASHOKINADAR CONNAUGHT JANAKPURI Janak puri **Mayur Vihar** Military Area Delhi Cantonment Phase- II Pragati Maidan Bisha ANTONMENT CHANAKYAPURI PAVAMICOLONY SOUTH CAMPUS SECTOR 27 SPORT VIEW SECTORIUS **Lajpat Nagar** MEHRAM NAGAR TOR 23 VASANT VIHAR Okhla Indira Gandhi International Airport Lotus Temple 🕕 HAUZ KHAS AEROC/TY GREATER MAHIPALPUR KAILASH SECTOR 126 MALVIYA NAGAR SECTION

Fig 5 : Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Delhi

Delhi, the capital of India, is situated in northern India and stands on the west bank of Yamuna River bounded by Uttar Pardesh and on the north, west and south by Haryana. Delhi is spread over an area of 1483 sq. kilometers, 216 meters above sea level and has a population of around 14 million.

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Central Pollution Control Board, Delhi.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM_{10} concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations- In this UT, ambient air quality monitoring carried out at four locations and noise monitoring carried out at six locations.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} level ranged between 119 and 166 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 460 and 593 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 593 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **East Arjun Nagar** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged 55 and 66 Leq.dB(A), was reported at **okhla (C)** while same on the **festival day** ranged between 76 and 86 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 86 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Okhla**(C) on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Delhi												
S.No	Locations			Norm	al Day					Deepav	vali Day		
		2014				2015			2014			2015	
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM_{10}	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	East Arjun Nagar	-	-	-	38	62	166	NM	NM	NM	36	41	593
2	Pragati Maidan	05	85	129	14	78	166	80	82	442	22	57	531
3	Pitampura	04	45	115	21	72	161	10	67	756	19	27	460
4	Janakpuri	04	42	152	12	45	119	32	53	648	18	25	554
	Min	04	42	115	12	45	119	08	53	442	18	25	460
	Max	05	05 85 152 38 78 166 32 82 756 36 5						57	593			
	Average	04	57	132	21	64	153	17	67	615	24	38	535

Ar	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Delhi Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)										
S.	Locations	Norma	l Day	Deepaw	ali Day						
No.		2014	2015	2014	2015						
1	Lajpat Nagar (R)	NM	61	NM	76						
2	Mayur Vihar Ph-II (R)	69	60	83	79						
3	Pitam pura (R)	73	55	71	74						
4	Kamla Nagar (R)	59	61	80	86						
5	Janak puri (R)	63	58	78	79						
6	Okhla (C)	NM	66	NM	86						
	Min.	59	55	71	76						
	Мах.	73	66	83	86						
	Average	68	60	78	81						

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



DD & DNH Rohina Silver Sands Beach Resort av Water V **Nani Daman 59 min Varl Daman **AMDieti** Chharwada Jampore Beach 🖂 1 h 1 min Jampore 5 Chanod Jamburi Dungra Dadra Angam' Amli Sarlgam Manda * Silvassa € 51 min Daheli

Fig 6: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in DD & DNH

The second smallest union territory in India, Daman and Diu, is located near Gujarat in India. Daman lies on the Gujarat coast while Diu is an islet in the southern fringe of Kathiawar peninsula. It is bounded on its north and south by Bhagwan and the Kalem Rivers respectively, on its east by the Gujarat state and on its west by the Arabian Sea. Daman and Diu is a coastal union territory in India, once a part of the Portuguese empire neighboring Goa. Area: 102 km², Population: 242,911 (2011).

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Pollution Control Committee DD& DNH Daman.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this UT, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in Nani Daman and Silvassa city.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} ranged between 85 and 109 $\mu g/m^3$, **festival day** ranged between 126 and 138 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value of 138 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Silvassa** on the festival day.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in DD & DNH												
S.No	Locations		Normal Day Deepawali						vali Day				
			2014 2015 2014					2015					
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Nani Daman Taxi Stand	-	-	-	29	23	109	30	24	133	33	29	138
2	Silvassa Kilvani Chokdi Gram Panchayat	-	-	-	25	20	85	34	25	146	28	25	126

Amb	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in DD & DNH Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)											
S.No City Locations Normal Day Deepawali Day												
			2014	2015	2014	2015						
1		Nani Daman Taxi Stand (C)	-	67	74	76						
2	DD & DNH	Silvassa Kilvani Chokdi Gram Panchayat (S)	-	59	76	74						

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard				
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	q dB(A) μ g/m ³				
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80			
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100			
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9			



Revora **GOA** Morjim Ayee Mapus Satari Mapusa Aldona Bicholim Maem Calvim Sanquelim Baga Chorão Island Calangute Divar Island Candolim Velha Goa **Panjim** Surla Panjim, Pale Ganjem Dona Paula Mardol 🚘 2 h 37 min 97.3 km **Ponda** *Vasco** Nirankal Borim Verna Cansaulim Shiroda Majorda Raia Ban Marg Margao Guirdolim Curchorem

Fig 7: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Goa

Goa is a state in western India with coastlines stretching along the Arabian Sea. Its long history as a Portuguese colony prior to 1961 is evident in its preserved 16th-century churches and the area's tropical spice plantations. Goa is also known for its beaches, ranging from popular stretches at Baga and Palolem to laid-back fishing villages such as Agonda. Area: 3,702 km², Founded: May 29, 1987, Population: 1.817 million (2012), Capitals: Panaji (Executive Branch).

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Goa State Pollution Control Board, Panaji.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations- In this state, ambient air quality monitoring carried out at five cities and noise monitoring carried out at four cities.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} level ranged between 30 and 287 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 55 and 239 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 239 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Vasco** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 61 and 67 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 63 and 71 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 71 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Vasco** (C) on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Goa.													
S.No	No Cities Normal Day							Deepawali Day						
			2014			2015			2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	
1	Mapusa	-	-	-	09	BDL	35	-	-	-	12	09	87	
2	Panjim	-	-	-	BDL	18	38	-	-	-	BDL	24	55	
3	Vasco	-	-	-	05	12	287	-	-	-	BDL	40	239	
4	Margao	-	-	-	04	09	61	-	-	-	04	09	63	
5	Ponda	-	-	-	BDL	09	30	-	-	-	04	09	57	
	Min.	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	30	-	-	-	BDL	09	55	
	Мах.	-	-	-	09	18	287	-	-	-	12	40	239	
	Average	-	-	-	07	11	90	-	-	-	05	18	100	

Aml	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Goa Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)										
S.No	Cities	Zones	Norma	al Day	Deepawali Day						
			2014	2015	2014	2015					
1	Mapusa	Silence	-	62	-	NA					
2	Panajim	Commercial	-	61	-	63					
3	Vasco	Commercial	-	64	-	71					
4	Margao	Commercial	-	67	-	63					
		Min.	ı	61	-	63					
		Мах.	-	67	-	71					
		Average	-	64	-	66					

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9			



TARABAUG NEADA MAGAR KALYAN NAGARI NAGAR VAIS IN COURT BARRITMAGAR APAGAH MEHENAGAE WHAL RAGAR AUKAPUR HATHIKHANA WARASIYA HERVE XMINAGAR TRICA INVIGACE USEMNAGAR Vadodara OKUL NAGAR RACEURA MANDAI GREEFEED DANDIABAZAR SATETEMOTIANA : WIDHYA WIHAR AROTA WILLAST VASANT VIHAR KEVDARAUG ISOMERS SERVICES CONTACT TO THE PERMIT MOTI BAUG AND PRINCIPLE NAVAPURA DYADDINA BARK WEATERNESS. VIKASINAGARIZ SOUDAGARIGARK MADRAGO PARVATUNAGAR SAMA MUMMAHUDA ATTLADARA.

Fig 8: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Gujarat

The capital of Gujarat is Gandhinagar with Ahmedabad as the largest city. The population of Gujarat State is 50,671,017 (2001 census). Gujarat covers an area of 1, 96,024 sq km and shares its border with states of Rajasthan, Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra. The state has a literacy rate of 79.8 percent. Gujarat is the 7th largest state in India in terms of area. The 196,024 sq kms of area in the state is divided into 26 districts at present. The state of Gujarat had 17 districts when it was formed in the year 1960. All the northern districts of the Bombay, which was a state in its own till then, were a part of Gujarat after 1960.

In this state the monitoring was carried out by Central Pollution Control Board, West Zone office Vadodara.



Obserations- In this State, ambient air quality monitoring and noise monitoring carried out in Vadodara.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} was reported 244 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** 282 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 282 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Vadodara** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 57 and 77 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 64 and 80 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 80 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Harinagar (C)** in **Vadodara** on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

Am	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Vadodara												
S.No	City			Norm	al Day			Deepawali Day					
		2014			2015		2014			2015			
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Vadodara	BDL	31	120	BDL	47	244	12	35	276	21	31	282

	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Vadodara Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)									
S.No	City	Locations	Norma	al Day	Deepawali Day					
			2014	2015	2014	2015				
1		Fatehgunj Circle (C)	78	77	77	77				
2	Vadodara	M S University (R)	59	57	74	64				
3		Harinagar (C)	59	74	73	80				
		Min.	59	<i>57</i>	73	64				
		Max.	<i>78</i>	<i>77</i>	77	80				
		Average	65	69	<i>75</i>	74				

,	Ambient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



HARYANA Ludhiana Purola Moga **Panchkula** Mussoorie Paonta Sahib Ambala Patiala Dehradun Sangrur da Yamuna Nagar Rishikes Mansa Saharanpur Haridwar Lehragaga Roorkee Kaithal Karnal Najib sa Muzaffarnagar Bijnor Panipat, Hary Jind **Panipat** Hisar 01 Hansi , Hanya A 13 h 20 min Meerut 646 km Jamalpur **Sonipat** Bhiwani *Bahadurgar **Faridabad Gurgaon Han llandshahr Pilani aile wati **Ballabhgar** Buhana Dharu **Dharuhera** Jhunfhunu Ne Google Aligarh

Fig 9: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Haryana

Haryana is a North Indian state surrounding New Delhi on 3 sides. The Yamuna River runs along its eastern border with Uttar Pradesh. Shared with Punjab, the state capital Chandigarh is known for its modernist buildings and gridlike street plan designed by Le Corbusier. Its Zakir Hussain Rose Garden features 1,600 species, while its Rock Garden showcases sculptures made with recycled materials. Area: 44,212 km² Capital: Chandigarh Population: 25.35 million (2011).In this state the monitoring was carried out by Haryan State Pollution Control Board, Panchkula.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in ten cities and noise monitoring carried out in eleven cities at twenty nine locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 49 and 849 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 98 and 930 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 930 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Ballabhgarh** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 44 and 70 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 56 and 83 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 83 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Sec-14 & Indira Nagar (C)** in **Faridabad** on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

Am	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Haryana in Leq dB (A)												
S.No	Cities	Normal Day						Deepawali Day					
			2014			2015		2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Panchkula	-	-	-	12	25	89	-	-	-	15	25	145
2	Yamuna Nagar	-	-	-	10	17	132	-	-	-	17	26	166
3	Panipat	-	-	-	10	15	92	-	-	-	12	25	108
4	Sonipat	-	-	-	09	15	142	-	-	-	NA	NA	156
5	Faridabad	-	-	-	BDL	29	84	-	-	-	BDL	21	98
6	Ballabhgarh	-	-	-	10	26	849	-	-	-	19	29	930
7	Gurgaon	-	-	-	09	25	180	-	-	-	13	33	294
8	Dharuhera	-	-	-	12	27	121	-	-	-	13	34	142
9	Bahadurgarh	-	-	-	13	16	276	-	-	-	27	15	200
10	Hisar	-	-	-	09	11	49	-	-	-	38	20	122
	Min	-	-	-	09	11	49	-	-	-	12	15	98
	Max	-	-	-	13	29	849	-	-	-	38	34	930
	Avg.	-	-	-	10	21	201	-	-	-	19	25	236

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard				
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³				
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80			
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100			
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9			



Ambie	ent Noise Level at d	ifferent locations in Haryana during Nor Leq dB (A)	mal & De	epawali D	ay 2014 8	& 2015 in
S.No.	Cities	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepa	wali Day
			2014	2015	2014	2015
1		Raffles hospital Sec-14	-	64	-	70
2	Panchkula	Sect-11	-	65	-	81
3		Fountain Chowk	-	53	-	63
4	Yamuna Nagar	Nehru Chowk	-	54	-	63
5		Bus stop, Jagdhari	-	49	-	58
6	Panipat	NFL, Colony	-	52	-	71
7		Sec-14	-	46	-	62
8	Sonipat	Geeta Bhawan	-	44	-	62
9		Model Town	-	44	-	62
10		Sec-16A	-	67	-	84
11	Faridabad	Sec-15	-	68	-	85
12		Indira Complax	-	66	-	85
13	Dallahhaash	Sec-8,	-	52	-	79
14	Ballabhgarh	Chawla Colony	-	48	-	66
15		Jai Shree Chemical Patoudhi		51	-	66
16		Manesar	-	57	-	67
17	Gurgaon	North Mehroli	-	56	-	61
18		Bus Stand	-	54	-	59
19		Sec-4	-	52	-	56
20	- Dharuhera	Industrial area	-	70	-	79
21	Dharunera	Chungi Rewadi	-	69	-	75
22		Sec-16	-	70	-	76
23	Bahadurgarh	Sect-9	-	59	-	74
24		Purani Sabji Mandi	-	61	-	76
25	Hisar	Urban estate	-	57	-	76
26	пізаі	Sec-13	-	58	-	77
27		General Hospitl	-	58	-	69
28	Jind	SCO-21, Huda City Center	-	53	-	74
29		Urban Estate	-	60	-	80
		Min.	-	44	-	56
		Max.	-	70	-	85
		Average	-	57	-	71

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9		



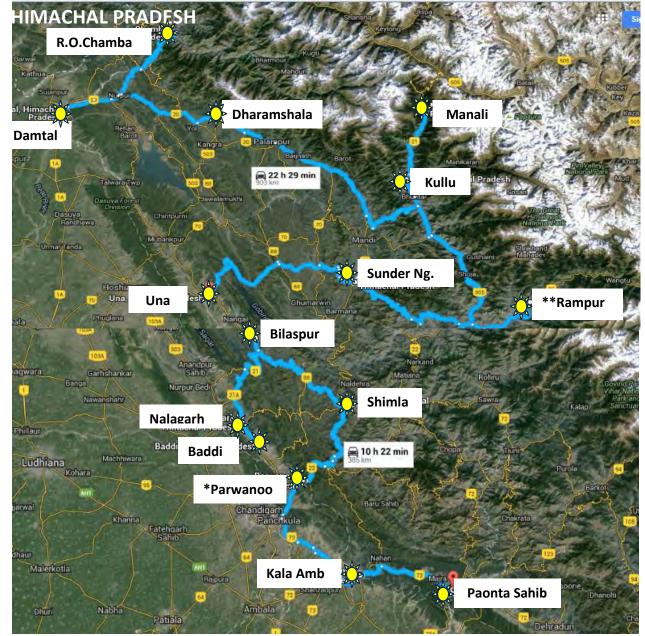


Fig 10: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Himachal Pradesh

Himachal Pradesh is bordered by Jammu and Kashmir on the north, Punjab on the west, Uttar Pradesh on the south and Uttaranchal on the east. The word "Himachal" means the abode of snow. Shimla is the capital of Himachal Pradesh and the total area of the state is 55,673 square km. The state is covered with immense natural beauty and is, undoubtedly, one of the most popular tourist destinations in the world. A majority of the area is mountainous with lofty ranges, deep valleys, swaying waterfalls and lush greenery. In this report the monitoring was carried out by Himachal State Pollution Control Board, New Shimla.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM_{10} concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in eleven cities and noise monitoring carried out in ten cities at thirteen locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 12 and 174 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 41 and 209 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 209 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Parvanoo** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 44 and 74 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 56and 83 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 83 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Recongpeo**, **Bhushar (C)** in **Rampur** on the festival day. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality	/ Data(μg/m³)	During I	Normal	Day De	epawali	Day 20:	14 & 20	15 in Hi	machal	Pradesh)
S.No	Cities	Normal Day						Deepawali Day					
			2014			2015		2014					
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Damtal	-	-	-	BDL	12	80	-	-	-	BDL	16	208
2	Dharmshala	BDL	BDL	19	BDL	08	41	16	23	45	BDL	08	41
3	Manali	BDL	13	36	BDL	05	12	06	26	75	BDL	80	60
4	Sunder Nagar	BDL	11	45	BDL	12	174	BDL	19	102	BDL	16	89
5	Una	-	-	86	-	-	81	-	-	98	-	-	96
6	Shimla	BDL	12	58	BDL	10	36	BDL	16	94	BDL	09	41
7	Nalagarh	-	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	106
8	Baddi	-	-	93	-	-	86	-	-	75	-	-	-
9	Parwanoo	BDL	14	23	BDL	09	41	BDL	20	134	BDL	39	209
10	Kala Amb	BDL	12	78	BDL	13	68	06	20	108	BDL	18	103
11	Paonta Sahib	BDL	12	138	BDL	13	58	80	28	162	05	17	117
	Min	BDL	11	19	BDL	05	12	06	16	45	05	08	41
	Max	BDL	14	138	BDL	13	174	16	28	162	05	39	209
	Average	BDL	12	64	BDL	10	70	09	22	99	05	16	107

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂ 80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



	Ambient No	oise Level at different locations in F	limachal	Pradesh	during								
	Normal & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A) S No Cities Locations Normal Day Deepawali Day												
S.No.	Cities Locations Normal Day Deepawali Da												
			2014	2015	2014	2015							
1	Chamba	RO Chamba (R)	55	44	55	56							
2	Dharmshala	Dharmshala on the top roof of building (C/R)	-	51	ı	68							
3	Kullu	Himuda complex beasa moar(C)	54	46	66	59							
4	Una	Rotary Chowk(R)	64	56	64	63							
5	Una	Rakkar Colony(R)	-	51	-	58							
6		Govt. Hospital (S)	-	55	-	61							
7	Pampur	Recongpeo, (C)	44	74	63	83							
8	Rampur	Bhushar (C)	51	74	64	83							
9	Bilaspur	Bilaspur (C/R)	48	51	72	76							
10	Shimla	Rigde (C)	49	46	67	60							
11	Baddi	DIC (R)	64	57	70	71							
12	Parwanoo	Sector IV (R)	61	50	69	66							
13	Paonta Sahib	Paonta Sahib (R)	48	47	58	58							
		Min.	44	44	55	56							
		Мах.	64	74	72	83							
		Average	41	54	65	66							

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³				
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	SO ₂	80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9		



KARNATAKA thirumenahalli Bangaluru VIDYARANYAPURA Chikkagubbii Kada Agrahara 104 Guddahalli Balyappanahalli Doddal Gubbi Bidrahall 🚘 2 h 48 min HEBBAL. MATHIKERE Peenya Doddabar *RT Nagar** KRISHNARAJAPURAN MAULESHWARAM HOODI SUNKADAKATTE **Basaveshwar Ngr** Bengaluru. VUAVANAGAR INDIRANAGAR f Technolog NAGARBHAVI Ullal Kadabeshnahlli BSK SRD STAGE BANASHANKAR PALM RETREAT **RR Nagar** 35 **BTM Layout** HSR LAYOUT CARMELARAM Chikkava oddabele

Fig 11: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Karnataka

Karnataka is one of the well-known states in South West India. Originally, it was known as State of Mysore but was renamed Karnataka in the year 1973. Karnataka is the 9th largest state in India by population. The area of the state is 191,976 square km. It is the 8th largest state in India by area. According to the 2011 census, the population of the state is 61, 130,704. Bangaluru is the largest city, and also the capital of this state. In this report the monitoring was carried out by Central Pollution Control Board, Bangaluru.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM_{10} concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in Bangaluru six locations and noise monitoring carried out in Bangaluru city at three locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 48 and 88 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 62 and 116 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 116 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **RT Nagar** on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 52 and 68 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 69 and 92 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 92 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **RT Nagar(R)** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Qua	ality Dat	ta (μg/n	າ³) Durin	g Norm	al Day	& Deepa	wali Da	y 2014 a	& 2015	in Bang	aluru	
S.No	Locations			Norma	al Day	Deepawali Day							
			2014			2015			2014		2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Basaveshwar Nagar	-	-	-	BDL	16	61	-	-	-	BDL	30	86
2	Peenya	-	-	-	BDL	14	-	-	-	-	BDL	BDL	-
3	RT Nagar	BDL	11	48	BDL	24	88	BDL	23	103	BDL	25	116
4	Kadabeshnahlli	-	-	-	BDL	34	-	-	-	-	BDL	15	-
5	BTM Layout	-	-	-	BDL	25	-	-	-	-	04	BDL	-
6	Rajarajeshwari	BDL	BDL	48	BDL	15	48	BDL	-	-	BDL	19	62
	Min	BDL	BDL	-	BDL	14	48	BDL	23	103	BDL	15	62
	Max	BDL	11	48	BDL	34	88	BDL	23	103	BDL	30	116
	Average	BDL	08	48	BDL	21	66	BDL	23	103	BDL	22	88

Amb	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Bangaluru during Normal & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)												
S.No.	No. City Locations Normal Day Deepawali Day												
			2014	2015	2014	2015							
1		Basaveshwar Nagar (R)	-	65	-	82							
2	Bangaluru	R.T. Nagar (R)	56	68	73	92							
3		Rajarajeswari Nagar (R)	50	52	69	69							
		Min.	50	52	69	69							
		Max.	56	68	73	92							
	Average 54 62 71 81												

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	75	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Madhya Pradesh Suthaliya Biaora Gar Narsinghgarh Telen Vidisha Mahidput Nagda, Mad Nagda Ghatiya Tarana Ratlam *Bhopal Maksi Dharad **Ujjain Ratibad Eklera Barnagar Dewas, M **Dewas** Orli 🚘 4 h 24 min Hatpipliya Hoshangabad Indore Ghatabillod Pithampur Itarsi Khategaon Kantaphod

Fig 12: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Madhya Pradesh

Madhya Pradesh is situated in the heart of India. Also known as 'MP', the state spreads across an area of 3,08,244 sq. km, making it the second largest state in India. Bhopal serves as the capital of Madhya Pradesh. Indore happens to be the largest city, while Jabalpur is the most important commercial center of the state. Madhya Pradesh is the sixth largest state in India by population.

In this State, the monitoring was carried out by Madhya Pradesh State Pollution Control Board.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM10 concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in four cities and noise monitoring carried out in four cities at 09 locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 54 and 108 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 90 and 349 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 349 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at Bhopal on the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 43 and 73 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 47 and 95 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 95 Leq.dB(A) was reported at Vikas Nagar (R), **Dewas** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality	y Data (μg/m³) l	During N	lormal [Day & D	eepawa	li Day 2	014 & 2	015 in N	/ladhya	Pradesh	1
S.No	Cities			Norm	al Day					Deepav	vali Day	,	
		2014			2015			2014			2015		
			NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Nagda	13	22	71	11	18	54	19	44	93	17	32	90
2	Ujjain	14	15	117	12	13	108	17	18	179	15	16	148
3	Dewas	14	19	86	16	22	90	23	26	152	31	35	206
4	Bhopal	04	21	94	BDL	17	100	09	31	298	18	45	349
	Min	04	15	71	11	13	54	17	18	93	15	16	90
	Max	14	22	117	16	22	108	23	44	298	31	45	349
	Average	11	19	92	13	18	88	17	30	181	20	32	198

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Ambi	ent Noise L	evel at different locations in Madh 2014 & 2015 in Le	-	Normal Da	y & Deepa	wali Day
S.No	Cities	Locations	Norma	al Day	Deepaw	ali Day
			2014	2015	2014	2015
1		Janseva Hospital, Birla gram (S)	42	43	44	47
2	Nagda	Grassim Staff Colony (R)	49	52	69	78
3	Ivagua	Maharastra Mandal Bhawan Transport (R)	-	60	-	77
4	Ujjain	Kshipra Vihar Colony	68	73	-	90
5	Danner	744, MIG Vikas Nagar (R)	64	64	92	95
6	Dewas	Gejra Gears (P) Ltd. (C)	73	67	90	92
7	Dhanal	Nehru Nagar (R)	-	65	-	75
8	Bhopal	T.T. Nagar (C)	68	67	81	84
9		Sahjanabad (R)	-	62	-	67
		Min.	42	43	44	45
		Max.	73	73	92	95
		Average	61	61	<i>7</i> 5	78

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³				
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9		



MEGHAL UMSOHSUN DEMSEIN-IONG KHYNDAILAD *Upper Mawprem ** Spread Eagle Falls 🚳 POLICE BAZAR **Shillong** NONGRIMMAW TEWDUH NONGKYNRIH MAWBAH ROSALINA POHKSEH 28 min Assam Bazar, Lower Moti Nagar, Shillong **Shillong**

Fig 13: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Meghalaya

The total area of Meghalaya is approximately 22,429 square kilometres. The total population you can associate with the state is 29,64,889 (2011). It is true that the most important aspect that you can relate to the state is its rivers. The major rivers you can find in the Garo hills are Kalu, Ringgi, Daring, Sanda and Simsang. Shillong is the capital of Meghalaya.

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Central Pollution Control Board, Shillong.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in three locations and noise monitoring carried out in two locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 91 and 109 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 102 and 203 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 203 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Upper Mawprem** the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 50 and 58 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 49 and 88 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 88 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Upper Mawprem** (C) on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air C	uality D	ata (µg,	/m³) Dur	ing Nor	mal Day	& Deep	awali D	ay 2014	& 2015	in Shillo	ng	
S.No	Locations			Norm	al Day					Deepav	vali Day		
			2014			2015			2014			2015	
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Upper Mawprem	BDL	BDL	63	BDL	BDL	91	BDL	BDL	135	BDL	BDL	203
2	Lower Motinagar	BDL	BDL	38	BDL	BDL	92	BDL	BDL	95	BDL	BDL	102
3	Assam Bazar	BDL	BDL	68	BDL	BDL	109	BDL	BDL	132	BDL	BDL	172
	Min	BDL	BDL	38	BDL	BDL	91	BDL	BDL	95	BDL	BDL	102
	Max	Max BDL BDL 68 BDL BDL 109 BDL BDL 135 BDL BDL 203											
	Average	BDL	BDL	56	BDL	BDL	97	BDL	BDL	121	BDL	BDL	159

Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Shillong during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)										
S.No	City	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepawali Day					
			2014	2015	2014	2015				
1	Chillona	Lower Motinagar	66	50	71	49				
2	Shillong	Upper Mawprem	55	58	86	88				

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Nagaland

Vipon Zani
Nagarjan

Dimapur
Rangapahar

Tak

Fig 14: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Nagaland

Nagaland is one of India's smallest states, with a total area of 16,579 sq km (6400 sq mi). The Naga Hills run through this small state, here is a wide variety of plant and animal life. Nagaland has a monsoon climate with generally high humidity; rainfall averages between 1800 to 2500 mm (70 to 100 inches) a year. And the population is 1,978,502.

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Nagaland Pollution Control Board, Dimapur.



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in Dimapur and noise monitoring carried out in Dimapur in three Locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level 79 μ g/m³, while same on the **festival day** it was 250 μ g/m³. The maximum PM_{10} value 250 μ g/m³ was reported at **Dimapur** the festival day. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 51 and 62 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 63 and 78 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 78 Leq.dB(A) was reported at *City Tower (R)*, on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Nagaland												
S.	City		Normal Day Deepawali Day										
No		2014				2015			2014		2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Dimapur	-	-	-	BDL	14	79	-	-	-	BDL	15	250

Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Nagaland during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)									
S.No	City	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepav	vali Day			
			2014	2015	2014	2015			
1	Dimapur	Bank Colony (R)	-	54	-	71			
2		City Tower (R)	-	62	-	78			
3		District Hospital (S)	-	51	-	63			
		Min.	-	51	-	63			
		Max.	-	62	-	78			
		Average	-	57	-	71			

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Rourkela Odisha Carabal Rajgangpur Sundargarh **Jharsugud** Krishnachandrapur Keonjhar Balasore mbalpur, Odisi **Sambalpur Harichandanpur-Telkoi Reserve Forest Kalinga Nagar Angul Jajpur Puranakatak ☐ 19 h 45 min 1,017 km Phulbani Satkosia Cuttak na 75300 **Pradeeep** Paradeep, Od **Bhubaneswar** Balliguda Saharabedi Tumudibandh Bhawanipatna na 752001 Puri Surada Brahmagiri ara Karlapat Wild Life Sanctuary Kulagada patna **Brahampur** Rayagada

Fig 15: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Odisha

Odisha (formerly Orissa), an eastern Indian state on the Bay of Bengal, is known for its tribal cultures and its many ancient Hindu temples. The capital, Bhubaneswar, is home to hundreds of temples, notably the Nagara-style Mukteswar. Total area of the state: 155,820 km², Capital: Bhubaneswar, Population: 43.73 million (census 2014)

In this report the monitoring was carried out by State Pollution Control Board Odisha, Bhubaneswar.

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, only noise monitoring carried out in twelve cities at forty five locations.

The **normal day**, The **normal day** noise level ranged between 43 and 82 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 58 and 100 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 100 Leq.dB(A) was reported at Ainthapalli (R), **Sambalpur** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

Amb	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Odisha during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)									
S.No	Cities	Locations		al Day	Deepawali Day					
			2014	2015	2014	2015				
1		Amalpada (R)	_	53	-	60				
2	A	Bazar Chhak (C)	_	67	-	71				
3	Angul	District HQ (S)	_	57	-	62				
4		Hakimpada (I)	-	49	-	67				
5		Sahadevkhunta (R)	_	58	-	65				
6	D-1	Motiganj (C)	-	68	-	82				
7	Balasore	District HQ (I)	-	53	-	59				
8		Balasore Industrial Estate (I)	-	63	-	68				
9		Brahmanagar (R)	-	56	-	64				
10		Girija Market Square (C)	-	79	-	80				
11	Behrampur	MKCG Medical College Hospital	-	57	-	61				
		Campus (S)								
12		Ankuli (I)	-	63	-	79				
13		Lingaraj (R)	_	64	-	79				
14		Nayapalli (R)	-	63	-	72				
15	Bhubaneswar	Sahid Nagar (C)	-	68	-	73				
16		Capital Hospital (S)	-	56	-	60				
17		Rasulgarh (I)	_	71	-	73				
18		Suryavihar Link (R)	_	67	-	64				
19	Cutto al.	Badambadi (C)	_	72	-	75				
20	Cuttack	SCB Medical College & Hospital (S)	-	61	-	68				
21		Khapuria (I)	-	65	-	66				
22		Near Puuna Basti (R)	-	64	-	84				
23	11	Near jhanda Chowk (C)	-	68	-	82				
24	Jharsuguda	District HQ Hospital (S)	-	52	-	58				
25		Near Bombey Chowk (I)	-	75	-	77				
26		Umapada (R)	_	53	-	60				
27	Valings	Gopabandhu Chhak (C)	_	72	-	79				
28	Kalinganagar	CHC Hospital (S)	-	52	-	60				
29		Industrial Complex (I)	-	63	-	72				

A	Ambient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂ 80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5 BDL: N		



		Average	-	64	-	71
		Мах.	-	82		100
		Min.	-	43	-	58
45		Dist HQ Hospital (S)	-	43	-	58
44	Sambalpur	Goal Bazar Chowk (C)	-	77	-	82
43		Ainthapalli (R)	-	68	-	100
42	1	RSPL Sail (I)	-	81	-	82
41	Rourkela	IGH, Steel Township(S)	-	55	-	58
40	1	Bisra Chowk (C)	-	82	-	83
39		Sec- 4 (R)	-	63	-	64
38	1	District HQ Hospital (S)	-	62	-	66
37	Puri	Gundicha Temple(C)	-	68	-	72
36		Kumutisahi, Old Sadar lane (R)	-	66	-	71
35		District HQ hospital (S)	-	62	-	67
34	Paradeep	Building Jagatsinghpur Town (C)	-	73	-	90
33		Police Colony Jagatsing pur (R)	-	55	-	78
32		Govt. Hospital (S)	-	61	-	61
31	Keonjhar	Punjabi Chowk (C)	-	69	-	72
30		Baniapat Chowk (R)	-	68	-	68

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂ 80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9			



Mandavai **PUDUCHERRY** Thirukoilure Rauthanallur Muthiapet **Anna Nagar** Sankarapuram Panruti Cudualore Kallakurichi-Chinnasalem 3 h 11 min Sethiyathope Tittagudi Perambalur Pompuhar Thuralyur Ariyalur Mayiladuthurai Paluvur Devanancheri-Kumbakonam Musiri Samayapuram herry *Karaikal

Fig 16: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Puducherry

The total area of the union territory is 479 square kilometers and it comprises four small unconnected districts - Puducherry, Karaikal, Yanam and Mahe. Mahe lies in the Arabian Sea while the other three districts lie in the Bay of Bengal. The largest sections are Puducherry and Karaikal which are enclaves of Tamil Nadu. Mahe and Yanam are enclaves of Kerala and Andhra Pradesh respectively. Puducherry district comprise an area of 293 square kilometers, Karaikal 160 square kilometer, Yanam 30 square kilometers and Mahe 9 square kilometers. This place lies close to the sea, which is why the climate here is warm and humid. The summer season experiences a rise in temperature that rises up to 38 degrees. In the winter, the temperature is pleasant. And there population is 1,247,953.

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Puducherry State Pollution Control Committee, Puducherry.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations- In this UT, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in two locations and noise monitoring carried out in only one location.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} level ranged between 36 and 45 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 72 and 100 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 100 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Karaikal** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level was 67 and **festival day** was 78 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Muthiapet (R)**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Puducherry													
S.No	Cities	Normal Day				Deepawali Day								
			2014		2015				2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	
1	Anna Nagar	07	BDL	21	11	08	45	18	12	116	08	10	72	
2	Kovilpattu, karaikal	13	14	28	13	11	36	28	20	69	25	13	100	

Amb	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Puducherry during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)									
S.No	City	Location	Norm	al Day	Deepawali Day					
			2014	2015	2014	2015				
1	Poducherry	Muthiapet (R)	68	67	82	78				

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard			
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂ 80			
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80		
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100		
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5 BDL: N			



SIKKIM Banjhakri Fall 😑 Sicheygaon Gangtok, Sikkim Gang Chandmari UPPER SICHE TATHANGCHEN VISHAL GAON

Fig 17: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Sikkim

Sikkim is a Northeastern state of India and its capital is Gangtok. It is also the largest city in the state. Situated on the Shivalik hills, it is found at the height of about 5,500 feet on the southeast of the state Gangtok. The weather condition of the state is mainly divided into 5 seasons, Spring, Summer, Autumn, Monsoon, Winter.

In this report the monitoring was carried out by State Pollution Control Board, Deorali.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, Noise monitoring carried out at three locations at Gangtok cities.

The **normal day** noise level ranged between 38 and 56 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 36 and 59 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value of 59 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Mahatama Gandhi Marg (C)** in **Gangtok** on the **festival day.** A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

Ambie	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Sikkim during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)											
S.No	City	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepawali Day							
			2014	2015	2014	2015						
1		Gangtok (R)	-	45	-	48						
2	Gangtok	Mahatama Gandhi Marg (C)	-	56	1	59						
3		White Hall Complex (C)	-	38	1	36						
		Min.	-	38	ı	36						
		Max.	-	56	-	59						
		Average	-	46	-	48						

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	70 SO ₂		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



TAMIL NADU Chennai amil Nadu Bengaluru • **Vellore** Kanchipuram Hosur Mahabalipuram Mysuru Tiruvannamalai Cuddalore PUDUCHERRY herry *Salem 22 h 25 min Chidambaram 1,249 km Trippur Coimbatore Kumbakonam alli, **Trichv Thrissur **Dindigul** mil Madurai Alappuzha KERALA Rameswaram Vavuniya amil Tirunelveli hiruvananthapuram Мар Google

Fig 18: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Tamil Nadu

Tamil Nadu is the most urbanized state in India. The key industries of the state are heavy engineering and manufacturing-based companies and textiles. The average annual rainfalls in Tamil Nadu range between 25 and 75 inches (635 and 1,905 mm) a year. Tamil Nadu covers total land area of 130,058 km2 and is divided into 32 districts and the population is 72,147,030 (Census 2011).

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board, Chennai.

^{**}Indicates location of Maximum PM10 concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in ten cities and noise monitoring carried out at 23 locations in ten cities.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 19 and 83 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 80 and 155 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 155 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Salem** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 57 and 76 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 65 and 90 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 90 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Thillai Nagar (R)** in **Trichy** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Qua	ality Dat	a (μg/m	າ³) Durin	g Norm	al Day 8	& Deepa	wali Da	y 2014 8	& 2015 iı	n Tamil	Nadu	
S.No	Cities	Normal Day						Deepawali Day					
			2014			2015		2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Chennai	11	12	62	9	18	47	20	19	193	11	20	106
2	Vellore	10	20	57	9	15	56	14	25	117	12	19	80
3	Cuddalore	08	19	45	9	12	47	10	29	76	11	26	94
4	Salem	10	24	39	8	30	48	12	34	160	11	35	155
5	Trippur	13	27	53	12	25	83	16	36	134	21	28	153
6	Coimbatore	BDL	23	30	23	35	67	04	23	93	64	76	104
7	Trichy	15	19	70	11	15	58	22	25	107	18	22	96
8	Dindigul	11	14	45	8	11	79	14	22	86	11	15	108
9	Madurai	13	29	52	13	46	19	15	22	93	22	16	123
10	Tirunelveli	20	38	72	23	35	67	29	55	45	64	76	104
	Min	08	12	30	08	11	19	04	19	45	11	15	80
	Max	20	38	72	23	46	83	29	55	193	64	76	155
	Average	12	23	53	13	24	<i>57</i>	16	29	110	25	33	112

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



S.No.	Cities	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepawali Day		
			2014	2015	2014	2015	
1		Triplicane (R)	70	66	86	84	
2		Besant Nagar (R)	61	76	78	87	
3	Chennai	Nungambakkam (R)	64	71	87	82	
4		Sowcarpt (M)	79	64	84	79	
5		T. Nagar (C)	75	75	81	82	
6		Gandhi Nagar (R)	66	62	83	85	
7	Vellore	Sainathapuram	62	59	88	88	
8	Cuddalore	Imperial Road (C)	75	76	76	77	
9	6.1	Sri Saradha Balamandhir (R)	51	60	81	68	
10	Salem	Silva Tower, Meyyanur Main Road(R)	61	63	74	78	
11		Kumaran Complex (C)	61	65	65	65	
12	Trippur	Rayapuram- (R)	68	70	79	71	
13		Ponniyarajapuram (R)	67	59	82	80	
14	Coimbatore	Saibaba Kovil Signal CBE- 43 (C)	72	69	68	68	
15	Trichy	Thillai Nagar (R)	67	57	84	90	
16	Diadiant	Nagal Pudhur(R)	-	66	-	77	
17	Dindigul	Jeyaraj Bhavan (M)	-	67	-	74	
18		Thirunagar (R)	59	62	84	84	
19	Madurai	K. Pudur (S)	-	69	82	77	
20		Madurai Corporation South (M)	70	72	87	73	
21		Tirunelveli Town (R)	82	61	74	85	
22	Tirunelveli	Samathanapuram (C)	64	58	88	83	
23		Pettai Nearer to nursing home (S)	67	60	90	85	
•		Min.	51	57	65	65	
		Max.	82	76	90	90	
		Average	67	66	81	79	

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



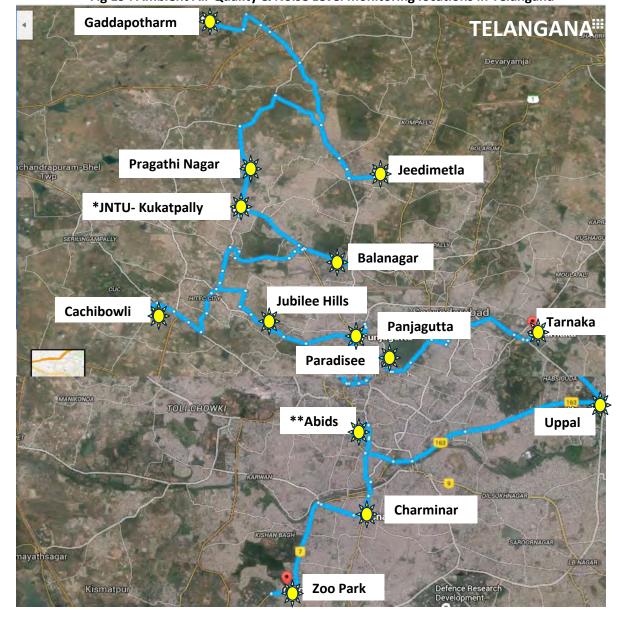


Fig 19: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Telangana

Telangana became the 29th state of India on 2 June 2014. It was previously a part of the state that was earlier known as Andhra Pradesh. Before India became independent it was included in the state of Hyderabad, which comprised two divisions, namely, Warangal and Medak. At that time the region was governed by the Nizams. The region has been in news recently as the focal point of a tussle between the erstwhile state of Andhra Pradesh and the national administration - while the Union Government has agreed to the creation of the new state, Andhra Pradesh has opposed it on grounds of territorial integrity. In this report the monitoring was carried out by Telangana State Pollution Control Board, Hyderabad.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in ten cities and noise monitoring carried out at twelve cities.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 53 and 222 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 164 and 412 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 412 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **JNTU-Kukatpally** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 52 and 80 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 61 and 88 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 88 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Abids (NA)** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Qua	ality Da	ta (μg/n	n³) Duri	ng Norn	nal Day	& Deepa	awali Da	y 2014	& 2015	in Telan	gana	
S.No	Cities	Normal Day						Deepawali Day					
		2014			2015			2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Jeedimetla	ı	-	-	BDL	16	106	-	-	-	BDL	20	215
2	JNTU-Kukatpally	1	-	-	05	13	222	-	-	-	13	35	412
3	Balanagar	-	-	-	BDL	27	183	-	-	-	BDL	36	259
4	Jubile Hills	-	-	-	05	16	58	-	-	-	05	26	171
5	Panjagutta	1	-	-	BDL	44	184	-	-	-	14	56	323
6	Paradise	-	-	-	BDL	14	59	-	-	-	BDL	15	171
7	Uppal	-	-	-	BDL	18	53	-	-	-	BDL	36	164
8	Abids	-	-	-	BDL	18	83	-	-	-	BDL	19	243
9	Charminar	-	-	-	BDL	24	120	-	-	-	BDL	36	259
10	Zoopark	-	-	-	08	45	103	-	-	-	15	59	206
	Min	-	-	-	05	13	53	-	-	-	05	15	164
	Max	-	-	-	08	45	222	-	-	-	15	59	412
	Average	-	-	-	06	24	117	-	-	-	12	34	242

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



An	nbient Noise Level at differ Day & Deepawali I			_	ng Normal	
S.	Locations		nal Day	Deepawali Day		
No.		2014	2015	2014	2015	
1	Gaddapotharm (NA)	-	52	-	66	
2	Jeedimetla (NA)	-	64	-	69	
3	Pragathi Nagar (NA)		58		81	
4	JNTU - Kukatpally (NA)	-	69	-	74	
5	Gachibowli (NA)	-	53	-	61	
6	Jubilee Hills (NA)	-	59	-	74	
7	Panjgutta (NA)	-	80	-	84	
8	Paradise (NA)	-	79	-	77	
9	Tarnaka (NA)	-	56	-	75	
10	Uppal (NA)	-	69	-	87	
11	Abids (NA)	-	77	-	88	
12	Zoopark (NA)	-	52	-	67	
	Min.	-	52	-	61	
	Max.	-	80	-	88	
•	Average	-	64	-	<i>75</i>	

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m ³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



**Dharmanaga
**Dha

Fig 20: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Tripura

Tripura is one of the Northeastern seven sister states in India. In fact, it is the 3rd smallest state of India and covers an area of 10,486 square km. The state is surrounded by Bangladesh on its north, west and south. On its eastern side, it is surrounded by the state of Mizoram and Assam. Agartala is the capital of this state. As per the 2011 census, the population of the state is 36,73,032. It constitutes around 0.3% of the total population of the country.

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Tripura State Pollution Control Board, Agartala.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM₁₀ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations- In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in eleven cities and noise monitoring carried out at 28 locations in eleven cities.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 61 and 92 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 53 and 152 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 152 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Agartal** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 46 and 77 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 51 and 89 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 89 Leq.dB(A) was reported at Hospital Area (**S**) in **Dharmanagar** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

S.No	Cities	Normal Day								Deepav	vali Day	,	
		2014				2015		2014			2015		
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Dharma Nagar	-	-	-	37	35	64	-	-	-	39	37	62
2	Ambassa, Dhalai	-	-	-	36	34	77	-	-	-	38	36	86
3	Agartal	-	-	-	34	32	92	-	-	-	37	34	152
4	Udaipur	-	-	-	32	30	61	-	-	-	34	32	53
	Min	-	-	-	32	30	61	1			34	32	53
	Max	-	-	_	37	35	92	-	-	-	39	37	152
	Average	_	_	_	35	33	74	-	_	_	37	35	88

A	mbient Noise Standards		AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m ³		
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂	80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Ambiei	Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Tripura during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 15 in Leq dB (A)								
S. No.	Cities	Locations	Norma	al Day	Deepawali Day				
			2014	2015	2014	2015			
1		Railway Stataion (C)	53	53	72	69			
2		Dharmanagar circuit house (R)	49	48	60	52			
3	Dharmangar	SDM and judges quarter (R)	61	64	71	74			
4		Hospital Area (S)	54	55	57	89			
5		D.N. Vidyamandir (S)	58	59	66	76			
6		Kulai District Hospital (C)	49	50	54	51			
7	Ambassa	Bhawaliya Basti (R)	49	53	59	55			
8	Ambassa	Dalubari Gate (S)	62	62	75	63			
9		Ambassa Bazar (S)	64	62	73	72			
10	Ashram chowmuhani (C)		68	68	72	87			
11		Capital complex (R)	60	67	57	59			
12		Circuit House (R)		69	69	76			
13		Indranagar (R)	58	66	63	76			
14		G.B Hospital (S)	55	67	67	68			
15	Accetala	M.B.B. Collage (S)	45	63	59	64			
16	Agartala	Battala (C)	72	73	72	78			
17		Astabal(C)	60	64	65	75			
18		Duraga Chowmuhani (C)	66	70	76	81			
19		Netaji Chowmuhani (C)	66	77	75	88			
20		A. D. Nagar (R)	51	52	68	74			
21		I.G.M Hospital (S)	49	51	61	66			
22		Brahmabari (C)	62	59	76	68			
23	Udaipur	Bridge Chowmuhani (R)	65	54	71	65			
24	Ouaipur	West Bank of Amar Sagar (R)	57	49	64	62			
25		Hospital Area (S)	55	46	59	58			
		Min.	51	46	54	51			
		Max.	82	77	76	89			
		Average	67	67	60	70			

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂ 80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5 BDL: NC		



Agra

Fig 21: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in Uttar Pradesh

Uttar Pradesh has a total area of 2,40,928 sq km and is situated in the Northern part of India, sharing international borders with Nepal. The Himalayas are located in the North part of the state and the plains cover most of the state. UP can be separated into three different hypsographical regions. The first one is the Himalayan region in the north. It has an extremely rugged and varied terrain. The topography varies to elevation ranging from 300m to 5000m. The second is the Gangetic Plain in the centre. It has highly fertile alluvial soils and a flat landscape which is dotted by numerous lakes, rivers, etc. The third are the Vindhya Hills and Plateau in the south. It has a hard rock strata and a diverse topography of plains, hills, valleys and plateau. Water is limited in this region. And the population is 199,812,341 (census 2011).

In this report the monitoring was carried out by Uttar Pradesh State Pollution Control Board.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum PM10 concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in six cities and noise monitoring carried out at 8 locations in six cities.

The **normal day,** PM_{10} level ranged between 65 and 256 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 102 and 321 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value 321 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **agra** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 57 and 73 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 64 and 94 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 94 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Kamla Nagar (R)** in **Agra** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring location is depicted in the map.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Uttar Pradesh												
S.No	Cities			Norm	al Day					Deepav	vali Day		
			2014			2015			2014			2015	
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Agra	11	20	153	BDL	27	225	25	33	465	04	26	321
2	Faizabad	-	-	-	-	-	118	-	-	-	-	-	178
3	Jhansi	-	-	64	-	-	65	-	-	24	-	-	181
4	Luckow	05	29	139	BDL	29	256	16	56	412	07	40	316
5	Gorkh pur	18	30	81	19	30	86	22	35	95	22	36	102
6	Sonebhadra	BDL	28	165	18	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	147
	Min	05	20	64	18	27	65	16	33	24	04	26	102
	Max	18	30	165	19	30	256	25	56	465	22	40	321
	Average	06	18	100	19	29	150	21	41	249	11	34	208

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³			
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂ 80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S) 50 40		40	BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9	



Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Uttar Pradesh during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)								
S.No.	Cities	Locations	Norm	al Day	Deepawali Day			
			2014	2015	2014	2015		
1	Agra	Arjun Nagar (R)	1	64	ı	87		
2		Kamla Nagar (R)	72	73	92	94		
3	Faizabad	Office Building (C)	-	70	-	80		
4	Jhansi	Shivaji Nagar(R)	67	57	79	64		
5	Luckow	Mayur Vihar, Indira Nagar(R)	55	60	79	78		
6	LUCKOW	Vikas Khand, Gomti Nagar (R)	53	57	56	70		
7	Gorkh Pur	Avas vikas Colony (R)	61	62	89	85		
8	Sonebhadra	Anpara colony (R)	-	57	-	67		
		Min.	55	57	56	64		
		Max.	72	73	92	94		
		Average	39	63	79	78		

A	mbient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard		
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	Night Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	<i>7</i> 5	70	SO ₂ 80		
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80	
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100	
Silence Zone (S)	50	40	BDL: SO2: < 5 BDL: NO2		



WEST BENGAL Shyam Bazar **Salt Lake ARA BAZAR Kolkata 🗪 2 h 10 min **Rabindra Sadan GARDEN REACH PICNIC GARDEN Kasba Behala *Tollygunge MUKUNDAFUR SANTOSHPUR

Fig 22: Ambient Air Quality & Noise Level monitoring locations in West Bengal

West Bengal is a state which is located in eastern India. The state extends from Bay of Bengal in the south to the Himalayan mountain ranges in the north. The capital of the state of West Bengal is Kolkata and it is the biggest city of the state as well. The state covers a total area of 34,267.3 sq miles or 88,752 km2. And the population is 91,347,736 (Census 2011).

In this report the monitoring was carried out by West Bengal State Pollution Control Board, Kolkata.

^{*}Indicates location of Maximum ${\rm PM}_{10}\,$ concentration this year

^{**} Indicates location of Maximum Noise Level this year



Observations - In this State, ambient air quality monitoring carried out in five cities and noise monitoring carried out at 02 locations.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 52 and 101 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 258 and >1000 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value >1000 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Tollygunge** on the **festival day**. The **normal day** noise level ranged between 58 and 71 Leq.dB(A), while same on the **festival day** ranged between 90 Leq.dB(A). The maximum noise level value 90 Leq.dB(A) was reported at **Salt Lake (R)** & **Rabindara Sadan (S)** on the **festival day**. A pictorial presentation of monitoring data is depicted.

	Ambient Air Quality Data (μg/m³) During Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Kolkata												
S.No	Locations			Norm	al Day			Deepawali Day					
		2014			2015		2014			2015			
		SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀
1	Shyambazar	BDL	16	47	BDL	57	62	29	36	760	33	54	477
2	Salt Lake	BDL	17	126	BDL	52	52	37	43	1000	BDL	74	>1000
3	Behala	BDL	08	40	BDL	63	82	04	34	852	06	80	>1000
4	Tollygunge	BDL	21	51	07	99	101	07	56	998	05	141	>1000
5	Kasba	BDL	16	29	05	49	52	60	50	1000	10	63	258
	Min	BDL	08	29	05	49	52	04	34	760	05	54	258
	Max	BDL	21	126	07	99	101	60	56	1000	33	141	>1000
	Average	BDL	16	59	06	64	70	27	44	922	14	82	>1000

Ambient Noise Level at different locations in Kolkata during Normal Day & Deepawali Day 2014 & 2015 in Leq dB (A)								
S.No.	Locations	Normal Day Deepawali Day						
		2014	2015	2014	2015			
1	Salt Lake (R)	61	58	71	90			
2	Rabindra Sadan(S)	61	71	64	90			

A	Ambient Noise Standards	AAQM Parameters	Standard	
Category of Area / Zone	Day Time Leq dB(A)	μg/m³		
Industrial area (I)	75	70	SO ₂ 80	
Commercial area (C)	65	55	NO ₂	80
Residential area (R)	55	45	PM ₁₀	100
Silence Zone (S) 50 40			BDL: SO2: < 5	BDL: NO2: < 9



5. Overall Observations

Ambient air quality monitoring

The most significant observation in 2015, was that there was decrease in Ambient Air Quality concentration Levels as compared to last year Deepawali day with respect to PM_{10} , SO_2 and NO_2 at 27, 28 and 27 locations, respectively. Table-3, describes details of these identified locations.

Table - III: Decrease in, SO₂, NO₂ PM₁₀ concentration in 2015 at different locations.

	Cities show decrease in parameters concentration							
State		Parameters						
	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM ₁₀					
Andaman & Nicobar	Port Blair	Port Blair						
Arunachal Pradesh			Itanagar					
	Raipur	Raipur	Durg Bhilai					
Chhattianach Ctata	Korba	Bilaspur	Raipur					
Chhattisgarh State		Jagdalpur	Bilaspur					
			Korba					
	Janakpuri	Pragati Maidan	Pitampura					
Delhi		Pitampura	Janakpuri					
		Janakpuri						
DD & DNH	Silvassa Kilvani Chokdi Gram		Silvassa Kilvani Chokdi Gram					
Gujarat		Vadodara						
•	Dharmshala	Dharmshala	Dharmshala					
	Manali	Manali	Manali					
	Sunder Nagar	Sunder Nagar	Sunder Nagar					
Himachal Pradesh	Shimla	Shimla	Shimla					
	Parwanoo	Parwanoo	Parwanoo					
	Kala Amb	Kala Amb	Kala Amb					
	Paonta Sahib	Paonta Sahib	Paonta Sahib					
	Nagda	Nagda	Nagda					
Madhya Pradesh	Ujjain	Ujjain	Ujjain					
5 1 1	Anna Nagar	Anna Nagar	Anna Nagar					
Poducherry	Kovilpattu, karaikal	Kovilpattu, karaikal						
	Chennai	Vellore	Chennai					
	Vellore	Cuddalore	Vellore					
	Cuddalore	Trippur	Salem					
Tamil Nadu	Salem	Trichy	Trippur					
	Trippur	Dindigul	Trichy					
	Trichy	Madurai						
	Dindigul							
Uttar Pradesh	Agra	Agra	Agra					
	Luckow	Luckow	Luckow					
West Bengal	Kasba		Shyambazar					
	Salt Lake		Kasba					
-	Tollygunge							
Total	28	27	27					



The **normal day**, NO₂ level ranged between 09 and 99 μ g/m³, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 09 and 141 μ g/m³. The maximum NO₂ value of 141 μ g/m³ was reported at Tollygunge, **in Kolkata, West Bengal** on the **festival day**.

The **normal day**, PM_{10} level ranged between 12 and 849 $\mu g/m^3$, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 41 and > 1000 $\mu g/m^3$. The maximum PM_{10} value of > 1000 $\mu g/m^3$ was reported at **Salt Lake**, Behala, Tollygunge in **Kolkatta**, **West Bengal** on the **festival day**.

The normal day, SO_2 level ranged between 04 and 38 μ g/m³, while same on the **festival day** ranged between 04 and 64 μ g/m³. The maximum SO_2 value of 64 μ g/m³ was reported at Coimbatore, **Tamil Nadu** on the **festival day**.



Manual noise monitoring

With respect to Noise levels on the festival day, there was decrease in noise levels at 44 locations as compared to 2014. The details of these locations are described at Table-IV.

Table - IV: Decrease in Noise level in 2015 at different locations.

	State-wise	number of Monitoring Locations		
Name of the State	City	Locations	Deepa	awali Day
Name of the State	City	Locations	2014	2015
		Aberdeen Bazaar (C)	82	66
Andaman &	Port Blair	G.B. Pant Hospital (S)	77	50
Nicobar	POIT BIAII	Haddo (C)	82	67
		Shadipur (C)	72	59
	Bilaspur	At Office building Vyapar Vihar(C)	72	58
	ыазриі	Traffic Police Thana, (R)	82	78
	Korba	Darri Jamnipali (R)	82	79
Chhatisgarh	KOIDa	Near Tehsil Office (R)	77	74
Cilliatisyaili	Ambikapur	Raghunath District Hospital (S)	80	55
	Jagdal Pur	Sanjay Market Chowk (C)	96	89
	Raigarh	Housing Board Colony (R)	91	68
		RO CECB (R)	84	83
Delhi	New Delhi	Mayur Vihar Ph-II (R)	83	79
DD	DD & DNH	Silvassa Kilvani Chokdi Gram (S)	76	74
Gujarat	Vadodara	M S University (R)	74	64
Himachal	Kullu	Himuda complex beasa moar(C)	66	59
Pardesh	Una	Rotary Chowk(R)	64	63
	Shimla	Rigde (C)	67	60
	Parwanoo	Sector IV (R)	69	66
Meghalaya	Shillong	Lower Motinagar	71	49
Puducheery	Poducherry	Muthiapet (R)	82	78



Table -IV (Cont.)

		Triplicane (R)	86	84			
	Chennai	Nungambakkam (R)	87	82			
		Sowcarpt (M)	84	79			
	Salem	Sri Saradha Balamandhir (R)	81	68			
Tamil Nadu	Trippur	Rayapuram- (R)	79	71			
Tallill Hada	Coimbatore	Ponniyarajapuram (R)	82	80			
	Madurai	K. Pudur (S)	82	77			
	iviauurai	Madurai Corporation South (M)	87	68 71 80			
	Tirunelveli	Samathanapuram (C)	88	83			
	manerven	Pettai Nearer to nursing home (S)	90	85			
	Dharmangar	Railway Stataion (C)	72	69			
	Dilaililaligai	Dharmanagar circuit house (R)	60	52			
	Ambassa	Kulai District Hospital (C)	54	51			
		Bhawaliya Basti (R)	59	55			
Tuinuna		Dalubari Gate (S)	75	63			
Tripura		Ambassa Bazar (S)	73	72			
	Udaipur	Brahmabari (C)	76	68			
		Bridge Chowmuhani (R)	71	65			
		West Bank of Amar Sagar (R)	64	62			
		Hospital Area (S)	59	58			
	Jhansi	Shivaji Nagar(R)	79	64			
Uttar Pardesh	Lucknow	Mayur Vihar, Indira Nagar(R		78			
	Gorakh Pur	Avas vikas Colony (R)	89	85			



AMBIENT AIR & NOISE LEVELS DURING DEEPAWALI FESTIVAL 2015

6. Recommendations:

- 1. The Noise standards for fire-crackers were notified by MoEF under the Environment (Protection) (Second Amendment) Rules, 1999 vide G.S.R.682(E), dated the 5th October, 1999 and inserted as serial no. 89 of Schedule I of the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986. Subsequently these Rules were amended by the Environment (Protection) Second Amendment Rules, 2006 vide G.S.R. 640(E), dated the 16th October, 2006, under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 guidelines should be followed by the manufacturer and the Department of Explosives to implement the following standards
 - (i) The manufacture, sale or use of fire-crackers generating noise level exceeding 125 dB(AI) or 145 dB(C)pk at 4 meters distance from the point of bursting should be prohibited.
 - (ii) For individual fire-cracker constituting the series (joined fire-crackers), the above mentioned limit be reduced by 5 log10(N) dB, where N = number of crackers joined together.
- The State Government shall take measures for abatement of air pollution including noise emanating from various zones during Deepawali festival and ensure that the existing level do not exceed the Ambient Air Quality Standards and Ambient Noise Standards.
- 3. All concerned agencies like Electronic, print media, Central & State Governments, Central & State Pollution Control Boards or Pollution Control Committees, Educational institutions & NGOs should create awareness among students & public at large to avoid bursting of fire-crackers to reduce air pollution & noise during festival of Deepawali.
- 4. The order of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India, dated September 27, 2001, prohibiting the use of fireworks between 10.00 p.m. and 06.00 a.m. should be strictly enforced.
- 5. Enforcement of legal action on un-authorised manufacturing, processing and selling of fireworks should be strictly ensured.
- Designed places for burning of fire-crackers/fireworks may be identified by the local authority, so that fire-crackers could be played at community level and not at individual houses.
- 7. Recognition for fire-crackers noise under criteria of cruelty to animals should be incorporated under relevant acts and rules.

The Noise Pollution (Regulation and Control) Rules, 2000 SCHEDULE

(see rule 3(1) and 4(1))
Ambient Air Quality Standards in respect of Noise

Area Code	Category of Area / Zone	Limits in	dB(A) Leq*
		Day Time	Night Time
Α	Industrial area	75	70
В	Commercial area	65	55
С	Residential area	55	45
D	Silence Zone	50	40

Note:

- (a) Day time shall mean from 6.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m.
- (b) Night time shall mean from 10.00 p.m. to 6.00 a.m.
- (c) Silence zone is an area comprising not less than 100 meters around hospitals, educational institutions, courts, religious places or any other area which is declared as such by the competent authority.
- (d) Mixed categories of areas may be declared as one of the four above mentioned categories by the competent authority.
- * dB(A) Leq denotes the time weighted average of the level of sound in decibels on scale A which is relatable to human hearing.

A "decibel" is a unit in which noise is measured.

"A", in dB (A) Leq, denotes the frequency weighting in the measurement of noise and corresponds to frequency response characteristics of the human ear.

Leq: It is an energy mean of the noise level over a specified period

CENTRAL POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS New Delhi the 18th November 2009

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) (h) of section 16 of the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (Act No. 14 of 1981), and in supersession of the notification No(s). S.O.384(E), dated 11th April 1994 and S.O.935(E), dated 14th October 1998, the Central Pollution Control Board hereby notify the National Ambient Air Quality Standards with immediate effect.

Pollutant	Time Weighted	Concentratio	n in Ambient	Methods of Measurement
	Average	А	ir	
		Industrial,	Ecologically	
		Residential,	Sensitive	
		Rural and	Area	
		other Areas	(Notified by	
			Central	
			Government)	
Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂),	Annual *	50	20	- Improved West and Gaeke
μg/m³	24 Hours **	80	80	Method
				- Ultraviolet Fluorescence
Nitrogen dioxide	Annual *	40	30	- Jacob & Hochheiser
(NO ₂), μg/m ³	24 Hours **	80	80	modified (NaOH-NaAsO₂)
				Method
				- Gas Phase
				Chemiluminescence
Particulate Matter	Annual *	60	60	- Gravimetric
(Size less than 10μm)	24 Hours **	100	100	- TEOM
or PM ₁₀ , μ g/m ³				- Beta attenuation
Particulate Matter	Annual *	40	40	- Gravimetric
(Size less than 2.5µm)	24 Hours **	60	60	- EOM
or PM _{2.5} , μg/m ³				- Beta attenuation
Ozone (O₃), μg/m³	8 Hours *	100	100	- UV Photometric
	1 Hour **	180	180	- Chemiluminescence
				- Chemical Method
Lead (Pb), μg/m³	Annual *	0.50	0.50	- AAS/ICP Method after
	24 Hours **	1.0	1.0	sampling on EPM 2000 or
				equivalent filter paper
				- ED-XRF using Teflon filter

Carbon Monoxide (CO),	8 Hours **	02	02	- Non dispersive Infrared
mg/m ³	1 Hour **	04	04	(NDIR)
				Spectroscopy
Ammonia (NH ₃), μg/m ³	Annual *	100	100	- Chemiluminescence
	24 Hours **	400	400	- Indophenol blue method
Benzene (C ₆ H ₆), μg/m ³	Annual *	05	05	 Gas Chromatography (GC) based continuous analyzer Adsorption and desorption followed by GC analysis
Benzo(a)Pyrene (BaP) Particulate phase only, ng/m³	Annual *	01	01	- Solvent extraction followed by HPLC/GC analysis
Arsenic (As), ng/m ³	Annual *	06	06	- AAS/ICP Method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper
Nickel (Ni), ng/m ³	Annual *	20	20	- AAS/ICP Method after sampling on EPM 2000 or equivalent filter paper

- * Annual Arithmetic mean of minimum 104 measurements in a year at a particular site taken twice a week 24 hourly at uniform intervals.
- ** 24 hourly or 8 hourly or 1 hourly monitored values, as applicable, shall be complied with 98% of the time in a year. 2% of the time, they may exceed the limits but not on two consecutive days of monitoring.

NOTE

Whenever and wherever monitoring results on two consecutive days of monitoring exceed the limits specified above for the respective category, it shall be considered adequate reason to institute regular or continuous monitoring and further investigations.

Protocol for Ambient Air Quality Monitoring

The ambient air quality monitoring is to be carried out for minimum 24 hours as the national standard prescribed is for 24 hours.

The sampling should be carried out for Particulate Matter (Size less than $10\mu m$) or PM_{10} as well as gaseous pollutants ($SO_2 \& NO_2$) as per the NAMP format 06.00 Hours to 06.00 Hours

The sampling for gaseous should be done in four hourly duration and particulate matter in eight hourly duration.

Methods of measurement

Particulate Matter (Size less: Gravimetric method; Sampling using PM₁₀ High

than 10 μm) or PM $_{10}$ Volume Sampler and Glass microfibre filter

Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) : Improved West and Gaeke Method

Nitrogen dioxide(NO₂) : Modified Jacob & Hochheiser (NaOH-NaAsO₂)

Method

The monitoring data sheets are attached as **Annexure – IV & V.**

AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING

DATA SHEET FOR PARTICULATE MATTER (Size less than 10 $\mu m)~$ or PM_{10}

Station:	Date:	
Shift		
Monitoring Duration		
Filter Paper No.		
Hourly Flow Rate (m³/minute)		
Average Flow Rate (m³/minute)		
Total Operation Time (Minutes)		
Initial Weight of Filter Paper (gms.)		
Final Weight of Filter Paper (gms.)		
Dust Contents (gms.)		
Total Volume of Air Sampled (m ³)		
Concentration (μg/m³)		
24 Hourly Average PM ₁₀ (μg/m³):		
Remarks:		
Name & Signature of Official on Duty:		
Analyzed by:		

DATA SHEET FOR GASEOUS POLLUTANTS (AMBIENT AIR QUALITY MONITORING)

									Graph	Factor	SO ₂	
Station:					Date:				Graph	Factor	NO ₂	
Shift		Ist S	Shift			IInd S	Shift		IIIrd Shift			
	06:00	06:00AM-		10:00AM-		02:00PM-		00PM-	10:00PM-		02:0	DOAM-
Monitoring Period	10:00AM		02:00 PM		06:00PM		10:	00PM	02:00AM			MA00
Parameter	SO ₂	NO ₂	SO ₂	NO ₂	SO ₂	NO ₂	SO ₂	NO ₂	SO ₂	NO ₂	SO ₂	NO ₂
Hourly Flow Rate (Ipm)												
Average Flow Rate (Ipm)												
Total Operation Time (Minutes)												
Initial Volume of Sample (ml)							1					
Final Volume of Sample (ml)												
Volume Taken For Analysis (ml)												
Total Volume of Air Sampled (lit.)												
Absorbance (Blank)												
Absorbance (Sample)												
Concentration (µg/m3)												
24 Hourly Average SO ₂ (μg/m ³):					24 Hourl	y Average	NO ₂ (μg	/m³):				
Remarks:												
Name & Signature of Official on duty												
Analyzed by:												

Protocol for Ambient Noise Monitoring on

<u>Deepawali Day</u>

1.0 Purpose of Monitoring

This protocol presents the method for Ambient Noise monitoring during Deepawali Festival. The objective is to see the impact of bursting crackers on Environment and whether ambient noise level is within prescribed noise level standard limit.

2.0 Monitoring Locations/Site Selection:

- Site in a city shall be selected such that each category (Residential, Commercial and Silence Zones) should be covered.
- Instrument should be placed considering following points:
 - Instrument must be away from fascades
 - Instrument must be away from obstacles
 - Microphone must be placed 1.2 -1.5 m above the ground level
 - In dry conditions with a wind speed of less than 5 m/s
 - > Isolate the instrument from strong vibration and shock
- Close to any domestic premises, Hotel, Hostel, Hospital, Educational institution etc. do not keep the noise level meter and the measurement.

3.0 Monitoring Equipments

Noise measurements will be made with a Type 1 integrating sound level meter with free-field microphone which meets the Accuracy of noise measurement as per IEC 804 (BS 6698) Grade I or ANSI Type I or equivalent IEC 61672-1(2002-05) Class-I.

- **4.0 Monitoring frequency:** Noise Monitoring on Deepawali Day is to be carried out from 18.00 Hrs to 24.00 Hrs continuously at each location.
- **5.0 Sampling Frequency/rate:** Duration is of 6 hours from 18.00 Hrs to 24.00 Hrs with 1 sec sampling period.
- **Monitoring Parameters:** Leq, L10, L90, L50, Lmax, Lmin, LAI (with 1sec sampling period at all locations).

7.0 Criteria for monitoring:

The following criteria will be observed when undertaking the noise monitoring:

- a) During Deepawali sound comes from more than one direction, it is important to choose a microphone and mounting which gives the best possible Omni directional characteristics;
- b) The noise measurement equipment will be supervised continuously during the monitoring period and notes will be made of the date, time and prevailing weather conditions;

- c) Immediately prior to and following each noise measurement session the accuracy of the noise level meter shall be checked using an acoustic calibrator generating a known sound pressure level at a known frequency. Make sure that the instrument is properly calibrated. The sound level meter and calibrator will hold a current calibration certificate traceable to national standards;
- d) Noise measurements should not be made in fog and rain;
- e) A wind shield will be used at all times to prevent interference with sound levels;
- f) As far as is practicable, the pause facility on the noise measurement equipment will be used to exclude extraneous noise (e.g. low flying aircraft and road traffic passing in front of the microphone) so that the results recorded are representative of the site noise or if possible for road traffic/other source background noise can be eliminated from final reading by using the following formula:

$$L_{pressure} = 10.log \left[10^{(Lp/10)} - 10^{(LpBackground/10)}\right]$$

8.0 The following details will be recorded:

- i) The date, time, location and duration of the measurement;
- ii) All predominant noise sources will be noted, which may include extraneous noise such as road traffic, aero-planes and other activity;
- iii) Weather conditions will be recorded including wind speed and approximate direction, cloud cover, rain and ground frost;

9.0 Noise Monitoring Records

The particulars of the measurements recorded by the noise level meter shall be furnished in the monitoring data sheet, which is attached at **Annexure VII.**

Data sheet for Ambient Noise Monitoring on Deepawali Day

Location	Location:				Date:			
					Noise	Level Meter		
Make		:						
Model	l	:						
Serial	No.	:						
			Ca	alibratio	n Resu	It of Noise Leve	l Me	ter
Calibra	ation			94 dB a	at 1000	Hz	114	4 dB at 1000 Hz
Initial								
Final								
Sampl	S. Time duration					1		
S. No.	Ti	Time duration				File No.		L equivalent dB(A)
	S. Time duration		rs					
	19:00 Hrs. to	20:0)O Hr	rs .				
	Calibration 94			`S				
	21:00 Hrs. to	22:0	00 Hr	rs .				
	22:00 Hrs. to	23:0)O Hr	·s				
	23:00 Hrs. to	24:0	00 Hr	·S				
	1			A	verage	L equivalent dE	3(A)	
				Bet	ween (:	18:00 to 24:00 H	Hrs)	
			Naı	me & sig	gnature	of Official on D	uty	

 L_{max} Between (18:00 to 24:00 Hrs) and L_{min} Between (18:00 to 24:00 Hrs).



Press Release

Monitoring of Ambient Air & Noise Monitoring conducted by CPCB: 2015

Deepawali Monitoring:

This year, the CPCB has attempted to coordinate monitoring of ambient noise levels at more than 200 locations and ambient air quality at about 170 locations across the country. The compiled data shall be published as CPCB does every year.

In Delhi, Ambient Noise was monitored at 16 locations and Ambient Air Quality at 09 locations. The monitoring was carried out on November 05, 2015 to compare the data of Deepawali day.

Observations:

1. The Noise Level Monitoring (Manual Instrumental Method):

	Table-I : Ambient Noise Le		t various locati dB(A)	ons in Delhi or	n Nov. 05 & 11	, 2015 in Leq
S.No.	Monitoring Location	Norm	al Day	Deepa	Standard	
		2014	2015	2014	2015	
1	Lajpat Nagar (R)	64	61↓	NM	76	
2	Mayur Vihar Ph-II(R)	69	60↓	83	79↓	
3	Pitam pura (R)	53	55个	71	74个	55
4	Kamla Nagar (R)	59	61↑	80	86个	
5	Janak puri (R)	63	58↓	78	79个	
6	Okhla (C)	NM	66	NM	86	65



- In general, there was increase in ambient noise level due to bursting of crackers. The Noise level at Mayur Vihar Phase-II & Kamla Nagar reported 86 Leq dB(A).
- 2. The Noise Level Monitoring (On-line Instrumental Method):

Table II: Online Ambient Noise Level data on November 05 & 11, 2015 (Leq dB(A)

	ile II. Ollille Alliblett Noise Level dat		.2015	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	.2015	
S.No.	Monitoring Stations	Day	Night	Day	Night	
		Time	Time	Time	Time	
1	Parivesh Bhawan	67	57	67	68	
2	ISBT, Anand Vihar	68	63	69	70	
3	IBHAS, Dilshad Garden	53	48	65	67	
4	Pragati Maidan / ITO	74	68	73	70	
5	NSIT, Dwarka	56	52	63	62	
6	Mandir Marg	60	46	60	60	
7	R.K. Puram	63	52	67	65	
8	Civil Lines	62	60	64	66	
9	DCE, Bawana	77	80	66	71	
10	Punjabi Bagh	60	55	66	71	

• There was increase in Noise level at Night time at all locations except Delhi Technological University at Bawana.



3. The Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (Manual Instrumental Method followed by chemical method):

Table III :	Table III : Profile of Pollutants in different locations in Delhi on November 05 & 11, 2015 (Conc. in μg/m3).														
Monitoring		05.11.2	2015			09.11.2015				11.11.2	2015				
location	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO ₂			
East Arjun	96	166	38	62	220	327	30	67	474	593	36	41			
Nagar															
Pragati	NM	166	14	78	NM	327	13	79	NM	531	22	57			
Maidan															
Pitampura	117	161	21	72	197	334	21	77	435	460	19	27			
Janakpuri	84	119	12	45	194	403	9	49	459	554	18	25			
Standards	60	100	80	80	60	100	80	80	60	100	80	80			

- The concentrations of SO_2 & NO_2 were within the prescribed standard limit at all locations.
- The concentration of particulate matter ($PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}) exceeded the prescribed limit irrespective of locations.



Central Pollution Control Board, Delhi Deepawali Monitoring Report:2015

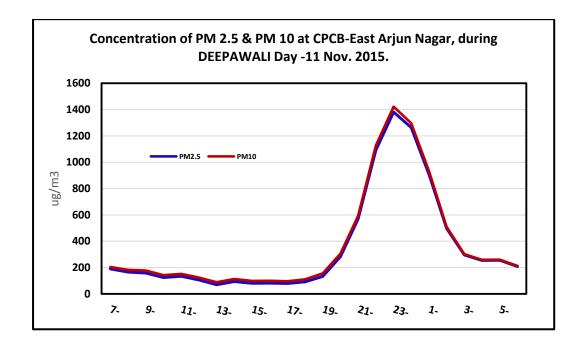
4. The Ambient Air Quality Monitoring (On-line Instrumental Method):

		Table IV: A		Profile (Online				
Monitoring	Dates		Pollutants (Conc. in µg/m	³)[Note:* pa	arameter not	monitored]	
Location		PM _{2.5}	SO ₂	NO ₂	СО	Ozone	Ammonia	Benzene
	05.11.2015	78.2	4.9	63.0	223.3	*	36.8	*
	06.11.2015	136.2	8.3	72.3	177.4	*	31.9	*
IHBAS	07.11.2015	226.4	7.6	72.7	324.4	*	46.4	*
Dilshad	08.11.2015	143.2	9.2	62.8	317.1	*	38.7	*
Garden	09.11.2015	136.2	7.4	77.3	934.1	*	41.3	*
	10.11.2015	159.9	7.7	72.0	1022.2	*	33.7	*
	11.11.2015	192.0	9.1	64.1	735.9	*	33.4	*
	05.11.2015	108.1	2.5	60.2	333.4	5.3	*	0.3
	06.11.2015	117.8	5.6	70.3	795.5	35.0	*	0.8
DMC	07.11.2015	143.8	5.8	89.3	585.5	40.4	*	0.6
DMS Shadipur	08.11.2015	107.8	7.3	60.0	506.6	34.6	*	0.5
Silaulpul	09.11.2015	118.7	12.3	78.7	1945.1	20.8	*	4.1
	10.11.2015	138.7	9.3	85.1	516.8	39.4	*	3.8
	11.11.2015	121.1	25.2	48.7	993.4	38.5	*	4.7
	05.11.2015	191.4	8.7	26.7	980.1	13.5	*	1.1
	06.11.2015	176.0	20.7	37.3	1166.7	7.2	*	1.5
NCIT	07.11.2015	262.9	16.4	63.2	778.7	7.1	*	1.0
NSIT Dwarka	08.11.2015	105.3	10.2	79.8	844.8	20.5	*	1.1
Dwarka	09.11.2015	132.1	6.6	79.8	756.9	33.7	*	4.0
	10.11.2015	101.3	10.8	50.9	831.3	20.8	*	4.1
	11.11.2015	99.0	29.9	32.8	697.6	16.1	*	0.8
	05.11.2015	*	45.0	32.4	*	27.0	*	3.3
	06.11.2015	*	8.5	33.1	*	51.5	*	7.2
Fast Autom	07.11.2015	*	23.6	35.5	*	63.0	*	4.7
East Arjun	08.11.2015	*	40.0	30.9	*	46.0	*	3.5
Nagar	09.11.2015	*	21.9	41.3	*	47.0	*	11.4
	10.11.2015		23.8	36.4	*	66.7	*	7.8
	11.11.2015		53.7	25.9		66.4	*	4.4
	05.11.2015	*	10.0	44.0	*	29.0	11.0	*
	06.11.2015	*	11.0	70.0	*	19.0	21.0	*
Dua mati	07.11.2015	*	12.0	53.0	*	20.0	13.0	*
Pragati Maidan	08.11.2015	*	31.0	61.0	*	29.0	20.0	*
ivialuari	09.11.2015	*	54.0	89.0	*	32.0	42.0	*
	10.11.2015	*	27.0	75.0	*	25.0	25.0	*
	11.11.2015	*	18.0	40.0	*	25.0	11.0	*

- The concentrations of SO_2 & NO_2 were within the prescribed standard at all locations on the festival day.
- ullet The concentration of particulate matter (PM_{2.5}) exceeded the prescribed limit irrespective of locations.



- No other increase was observed in other parameter.
- The following graph shows the incremental rise and fall of particulate matter profile ($PM_{2.5}$ and PM_{10}) during the celebration of festival.



5. The Meteorological Quality Monitoring (On-line Instrumental Method):

Date	WS m/Sec.	WD	Temp	erature	(°C)		RH (%)		Mixi	ng Heigh	nt (m)	Pre	essure (n	nb)
	m/sec.		Min.	Max.	Avg.	Min.	Max.	Avg.	Avg.	Day Avg.	Night Avg.	Min.	Max.	Avg
05.11.2015	2.2		19	25.6	21	57	84	75	445	528	363	985	988	986
06.11.2015	1.8	NW	19.2	29.4	23.9	42	81	62	585	939	232	984	988	987
07.11.2015	1.8	N	19.7	27.1	23.4	45	83	63	571	887	254	986	990	988
08.11.2015	1.9	NE,N	20.4	27.3	22.9	45	71	60	584	997	171	988	992	989
09.11.2015	1.4	NE	20.7	28.5	24.2	38	70	56	529	967	91	986	992	988
10.11.2015	1.9	NW,N	20.9	28.8	24.7	39	67	53	491	751	231	985	990	987
11.11.2015	3.4	NW,W	20	28.3	23.7	33	60	47	590	855	324	986	990	988



The data reveals that there was a significant shift in wind direction (from W & NW) on the festival day, which resulted less humidity profile (moving around 42%) besides increase in wind speed from 1.9 m/sec to 3.4 m/sec attributed to dispersion of pollutants. Normal atmospheric pressure of 988mb coupled with increased atmospheric mixing height to the level of 855 meter has resulted easy dispersion of air pollutants.

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